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ш 双 旫 S CENSUS OF IRELAND, 1911.



FAMILY RETURN.-FORM A repared in pursuance of the dot 10 Edu. FIL, and 1 Geo. F. 105- E.

Louth ardee Parish. Townson. City. Barough.

South Louth Urban District. ardel andel loish St

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.

No. on Form B. 24

Name of Printer games malone

HEADS OF FAMILIES are requested to insert the particulars specified on the other side, in compliance with the Census (Ireland) Act, 1910, 10 Edw. VII., and 1 Geo. V., c. 11.

If a House be let or sub-let to Separate Families, or to Lodgers (not Boarders), each HEAD OF A FAMILY OR LODGER must make a return for his portion of the house upon a

SEPARATE FORM.

Hotel and Lodging-house Keepers, and Stewards of Clubs, are to give a Return of all Persons who arrive at their Establishments on Monday, the 3rd of April, and who had not been Enumerated elsewhere.

Enumerated elsewhere.

This Paper will be CALLED ron on Monday, April 3rd, or as soon after as possible, between the hours of half-past eight in the forenoon and six in the afternoon, by the appointed Enumerator, and it is desirable that the required particulars be written in the proper columns by the Morning of that Day, in order that his progress may not be delayed. The Enumerator will assist such Persons as may not be able to fill the Form themselves.

No question shall be put by the Enumerator for the purpose of obtaining information other than the information required by the Forms and instructions issued under the authority of

The facts will be published in General Abstracts only, and crict care will be taken that the Returns are not used for the ratification of curiosity, or for any other object than that of indering the Census as complete as possible. If any person imployed in taking the Census communicates without lawful attority any information acquired in the course of his imployment, he is liable to punishment under the Official secrets. Act 1880

is Act, 1889.
ention is directed to the Extracts from the Census Act and on this Form; and also to the Directions at head of

WILLIAM J. THOMPSON, EDWARD O'FARRELL, DANIEL S. DOYLE,

Approved,
J. B. DOUGHERTY,
Dublin Costle

I O C I U CO C I

FOR FILLING UP THE COLUMN HEADED "RANK, PROFESSION, OR OCCUPATION."

A person following more Distinct Occupations than one, should insert each of them in the order of their importance.

- 1. The Titles of PEERS and other PERSONS OF RANK to be inserted as well as any important office they may hold.
- 2. MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT, MAGISTRATES, ALDERMEN, and other important public Officers, to state their profession or occupation, if any, after their official rank or title.
- 3. All persons serving in the ARMY AND NAVY to state their rank, and the branch of the service to which they belong. Officers to state whether on the Active or the Retired List; Pensioners from the Army and Navy to state the service to which they belong.
- 4. All persons in the CIVIL SERVICE to state their rank, and the department or branch to which they belong; those retired or superannuated to be distinguished.
- 5. MINISTERS OF RELIGION.—Clergymen of every religious denomination are requested to describe themselves according to their clerical rank or position, and to state distinctly the Religious Body to which they belong.
- 6. LEGAL PROFESSION,—Barristers to state whether they are in actual practice. The designation Solicitor to be confined to those whose names are actually on the Roll. Clerks in Solicitors' offices should state whether they are Solicitor's Managing, Articled or General Clerk. Officers of any Court to state the name of the Office, and the name of
- 7. Members of the MEDICAL PROFESSION to state whether they practise as Physician, Surgeon, Dentist, Oculist, General Practitioner, Apothecary, Medical Assistant, &c., or are "not practising." They should also state the University or other Society of which they are Graduates, Fellows, or Licentiates.
- 8. PROFESSORS, TEACHERS, PUBLIC WRITERS, AUTHORS, and SCIENTIFIC MEN, to state the particular branch of Science or Literature which they follow: Artists, the art which they cultivate. Graduates should enter their degrees in this column.
- 9. STUDENTS of Theology, Law, or Medicine, and Undersof any University, to be so returned.
- SCHOLARS.—Children or young persons attending a School or receiving regular instruction at home to be returned as Schoolars.
- 11. FARMERS.—This term is to be applied only to the occupiers of land. Sons or Daughters employed at home or on the farm may be returned—"Farmer's Son," "Farmer's Daughter." Persons employed on the farm and sleeping in the Farmer's house should be described as Farm
- 12. AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS, SHEPHERDS, and others employed on Farms, but not living in the Farmer's house, should be described as Agricultural Labourers, Shepherds, &c.
- 13. PERSONS ENGAGED IN COMMERCE as Merchanta, Brokers, Agents, &c., to state in all cases the particular branch of Commerce in which they are engaged, or the commodity in which they chiefly deal.—Ecomples: "Com Merchant," "Member of ———Stock Exchange," "Tea Agent."

COMMERCIAL CLERE, COMMERCIAL TRAVELLER, SHOPMAN-always to add in what branch of business.

- 14. In TRADES, MANUFACTURES, or other Business.
 Masters should, in all cases, be distinguished.—Example: "Carpenter—
- 15. WORKERS in MANUFACTURES, and generally in the Mechanical Arts, should distinctly state the particular BRANCH OF WORK, and the MATERIAL, if they are not implied in the names, as in Brassfounder, Iron-moulder. Where the trade is much sub-divided, both TRADE and BRANCH are to be returned thus—"Watchmaker—Finisher";
- 16. MINERS should state the description of Mine in which they work.—Examples: "Coal Miner," "Lead Miner," "Copper Miner," &c. The term Miner should never be used alone.
- 17. ENGINEERS.—Civil Engineers, and Mining Engineers, to be so described. Workmen employed in works or factories are to be distinctly described.—Examples: "Engine Smith at Factory," "Engine Fitter at Works." Engine Drivers, Stokers, and Firemen to be described in connection with the manufactory, railway, steam-vessel, &c., in which they are employed.—Examples: "Railway Engine Driver," "Stoker in Linear Factory." "Engineer" alone is not to be used.
- 18. ARTISANS and MECHANICS should invariably state the particular branch of mechanical art or business in which they are employed.
- 19. WEAVER. "Silk," "Wool," "Worsted," "Cotton," &c., should always be written before this general term, so as to express distinctly the material which he weaves; thus, "Cotton Weaver."
- 20. DOMESTIC SERVANTS should be described according to the nature of their service, adding in all cases "Domestic Servant."—

 Examples: "Coschman—Domestic Servant," "Gardener—Domestic Servant," "Cook—Domestic Servant."
- 21. LABOURERS, PORTERS, to be described according to the nature of their employment. Examples: "Rallway Porter," "Bricklayer's Labourer," "Labourer in Iron Works," "General Labourer,"—see also Instruction No. 12. The term Labourer should never be used
- 22. Persons ordinarily engaged in some industry, but OUT OF EMPLOYMENT at the time of the Census, should be so described; as "Bricklayer, unemployed"; "Carpenter, unemployed."
- 23. PERSONS FOLLOWING NO PROFESSION, TRADE, OR CALLING, and holding no public office, but deriving their incomes chiefly from fand, houses, dividends, interest of money, annuities, &c., should describe themselves accordingly. The indefinite terms Gentleman, Esquire, are not to be used. Persons who have RETIMED FROM BUSINESS to be entered thus—"Rotired Farmer," "Retired Grocer."
- 24 WOMEN AND CHILDREN.—The occupation of those who are regularly employed from home, or who follow any business at home, is to be distinctly recorded, but no entry should be made in the case of those solely engaged in domestic duties at home. See also Instruction No. 10.

EGTE.—For Examples of the mode of filling up this Return see Pattern Tables on another part of this Form.

Extracts from the Gensus (Ireland) Act, 1910, 10 Edw. VII., and 1 Geo. V., cap. 11.