



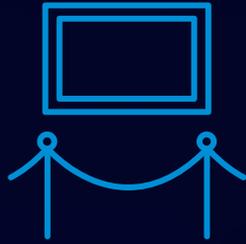
An Chartlann Náisiúnta  
National Archives

# Director's Report 2024



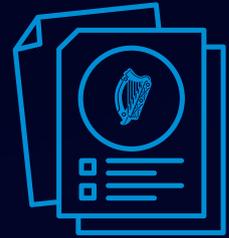
# 2024 in numbers

61,000



Visitors to our 'Society & State – Ireland Through Its Records' exhibition at Dublin Castle

12,000



Files transferred from Government Departments

5,613



Researchers used the Reading Room and consulted 21,964 archival records

26,191



Individual record descriptions were added to the online catalogue, enabling people to explore more of our rich collections from home



Top 5 countries of origin for visitors to our website: Ireland, the UK, the USA, Australia and Canada

3.8M



Total number of visitors to [www.nationalarchives.ie](http://www.nationalarchives.ie) including 356,81 new visitors

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Cover image: surface cleaning  
an architectural elevation

# 1

# Director's Welcome

On the night of 18 April 1926, the population of the new Irish Free State/Saorstát Éireann sat down in homes across the 26 counties to fill out their census forms. This was a defining moment for the new government and for the people of Ireland. It was the first census of the Irish Free State and provided the government of the day with a statistical picture of Ireland and its people. This population information enabled the government to begin planning for its citizens in the decades ahead.

Now 100 years later, work at the National Archives has commenced to enable the release of these census returns in April 2026. 2024 saw this project build significant momentum. For the first time, all elements of this project are being managed in-house by the National Archives, unlike previous censuses. In April 2026, Census 1926 will be accessed through the NAI website via a user-friendly online platform which will be developed to sit alongside the 1901 and 1911 census returns. The sheer scale of this project has dominated much of our focus in 2024 and will continue until the launch date.

One of the most striking features of Census 1926 that we have learned in processing the returns is in relation to the different institutions in existence in 1926. From prisons to industrial schools, from Mother and Baby Homes to laundries, the census allows us to track the children and adults living in these institutions in 1926. Unlike previous censuses, many of the returns include the names and details of the occupants. This will greatly support our work in preparing the records for the National Centre for Research and Remembrance (NCRR).



National Archives Director Orlaith McBride and former Minister for Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media Catherine Martin view a selection of records on display in our 'Society & State - Ireland Through Its Records' exhibition in Dublin Castle

The Centre will stand as a site of conscience and will be a national memorial to honour equally all those who were resident in Mother and Baby Homes, industrial schools, reformatories, Magdalen Laundries and related institutions. The Centre will be located on the site of the former Magdalen Laundry in Seán McDermott Street in Dublin's city centre and will comprise:

- A research centre and repository of records related to institutional trauma in the 20th century which will form part of the National Archives
- A museum and exhibition space, the development of which will be led by the National Museum of Ireland
- A place for reflection and remembrance

The records in scope range from those relating to residential institutions including county homes, Mother and Baby Homes, industrial schools, orphanages and Magdalene Laundries, as well as local authorities, adoption societies and records from official inquiries and Commissions of Investigation.

The archive within the Centre will include historical records from Government Departments and those currently held by bodies such as the Adoption Authority of Ireland, Tusla Child and Family Agency and the Health Service Executive (HSE) as they relate to institutional trauma.

The development of the Centre is being overseen by a Steering Group with a number of sub-groups, including the Archives Sub-Group led by the National Archives and a Legal and Legislative Sub-Group which is examining the policy and legal issues relating to the transfer and access to the records.

Work has commenced on reviewing the National Archives Act, 1986 in the context of expected developments around the Centre, as part of the work of the Legal and Legislative Sub-Group. A review of the Act has been needed for many years and I hope that the work of the Legal and Legislative Sub-Group can attend to the long-standing amendments required to enable the National Archives to meet its obligations in terms of operating a new archive as part of the National Centre as well as more generally delivering on its statutory functions.

‘It ensures that records which support an understanding of people’s identities and the institutional systems that shaped their life experiences are preserved so that future access to them is not rendered impossible’

Minister for Children, Disability, Equality, Integration and Youth Roderic O’Gorman.

In October 2024, the then-Minister for Children, Disability, Equality, Integration and Youth Roderic O’Gorman introduced a new piece of legislation, the Maternity Protection, Employment Equality and Preservation of Certain Records Act. This legislation is aimed at preserving privately-held administrative and other historic records linked to various institutions. The legislation covers relevant records relating to Magdalen Laundries, Mother and Baby and county home institutions, industrial schools, orphanages, adoption agencies and boarding-out arrangements, as well as the bodies that ran or oversaw these institutions and placement arrangements. It is now an offence for holders of relevant records to destroy, mutilate, falsify, fail to maintain or to export them from the State.

Part 3 of the Act allows the Director to engage with potential private holders and request a statement of the relevant records they hold. ‘It ensures that records which support an understanding of people’s identities and the institutional systems that shaped their life experiences are preserved so that future access to them is not rendered impossible’, the Minister stated. The measures do not apply to survivors or affected persons or their families who hold records relating to themselves and their own institutional experiences.

We undertook significant work on records relevant to the Centre that we hold, re-cataloguing them to enable more efficient access. We continued to work with Government Departments with records relevant to the Centre. However, there remains a reluctance to transfer records to the National Archives due to data protection concerns.

We also began our outreach work with a series of information sessions across the country with survivors and affected people, together with colleagues in the Survivor Advocates Office, the National Museum, the OPW and the Department of Children, Disability, Equality, Integration and Youth (DCEDIY). These were important moments to meet with survivors and affected people and hear first-hand their personal stories and experiences. We will continue this work in 2025.

And finally, 2024 marked the commencement of the capital re-development of our archive repository. Works began on-site on this multi-million-euro project in May 2024. This ambitious project will transform the National Archives into a modern, state-of-the-art, secure and environmentally-controlled repository complying with internationally accepted archival storage standards, providing an increase of two-thirds in our total storage capacity. ‘This is a significant project and will ensure that the National Archives can meet its evolving needs in a sustainable and future-proofed manner’ said the then-Minister for Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media Catherine Martin.

Listing some of our rich record collections



Digitising on the high-volume scanner



‘This is a significant project and will ensure that the National Archives can meet its evolving needs in a sustainable and future-proofed manner’

Minister for Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht,  
Sport and Media Catherine Martin.

Our repository has been full since 2013. The overflow is stored in commercial off-site storage. To mitigate this cost, we accept less than half of the annual transfer of 30-year-old records and mainly those which have a significant public interest, such as documents relating to government decisions and 20-year Anglo-Irish matters. This intake is approximately 5,000 boxes out of an estimated 12,000 annual boxes, resulting in a backlog in departments which is also increasing each year. The new archive repository will enable backlogs currently identified in Government Departments and bodies to transfer to the National Archives.

Last year also saw us progress the process of developing a digital repository to enable the transfer of millions of born-digital records from Government Departments and scheduled bodies. This will be a project of significant scale and complexity and can only be achieved by working with the Department of Public Expenditure and Reform and the Office of the Chief Information Officer. However, before the technical infrastructure is developed to enable the transfer of digital records, there is an urgent need for centralised records management regulations to ensure that only digital records worthy of permanent preservation are retained by departments for transfer to the National Archives.

In the absence of this, there is an over-holding of millions of digital records across government. Section 19 (3) of the National Archives Act, 1986 outlines a process for regulations to enable strategic records management across government. However, this is a role for the Department of Public Expenditure and Reform and not the National Archives. We would urge leadership in this regard and are ready to support this process by developing guidance on records management for Government Departments which we hope would be endorsed by the Department of Public Expenditure and Reform.

Documents on display at our 'Society & State - Ireland Through Its Records' exhibition in Dublin Castle



 **61,000**

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**61,000 visitors to our 'Society & State – Ireland Through Its Records' exhibition in Dublin Castle (April–September 2024)**

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**6,827**

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**6,827 visitors to our 'Society & State – Ireland Through Its Records' exhibition at the National Ploughing Championships (17–19 September 2024)**

 **100**

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**100 documents put on display in the exhibition**

Our exhibition 'Society & State – Ireland Through Its Records' which opened in April 2024 in Dublin Castle and subsequently travelled to the National Ploughing Championships, took Census 1926 as a starting point and charted the development of modern Ireland through the official records held in the National Archives. The exhibition chronicled the journey of the new State from the 1920s to the modern day. Despite the economic challenges faced by the country following independence, a programme of modernisation began, from the provision of social housing to the introduction of water and sewerage schemes.

From the electrification of rural Ireland to the expansion of a public transport network, the physical infrastructure of the country was improved over the decades. Policies for the promotion of the Irish language were introduced, symbols of Ireland such as the Irish harp and the 'punt' were produced and public morality was shaped by the increasingly central role played by the Catholic Church in the affairs of State.

We are proud of the work and projects we delivered in 2024. Once again, they demonstrate the importance of the National Archives as an institution charged with protecting the 60 million records of the State and creating dynamic and innovative ways whereby people can engage with these records now and into the future.



**Orlaith McBride**  
Director  
July 2025



Assessing the condition of a  
volume of the 1926 Census

# 2

# Who we are and what we do



We are Ireland's national institution of memory and preserve the State's records



We collect, manage and provide access to the public record of Ireland and ensure its availability as a resource for all our citizens, now and into the future

# 60M

We hold over 60 million records which document many aspects of life in Ireland both pre and post independence and include the records of the modern Irish State since its foundation



We are a national cultural institution of the Department of Culture, Communications and Sport

# 3 Collect

The role of the Archives Management Unit is to accession and catalogue archives acquired by the National Archives from Departments of State and other bodies in accordance with Section 8 of the National Act, 1986. Archives are also received by donation from private individuals, organisations and institutions. The Archives Management Unit concentrates on receiving transfers of records by Departments of State and other bodies subject to National Archives legislation.

## Transfer of records by Departments of State including the courts

Due to our ongoing capital works to address our long-standing shortage of accommodation for archives, we have not been able to accept the full range of departmental records due for transfer. In 2024, the start of the Archives Repository Project meant that some transfers from the Departments of Foreign Affairs, Justice and Finance will have to be postponed until 2025.

Under the 1986 Act and the National Archives (Amendment) Act, 2018, 40 transfers of records were received from 11 Departments of State and scheduled bodies. Records dating to before the foundation of the State were received during 2024 including Civil Service Census files and school circulars from the Department of Education.

Records continue to be transferred under the 2018 Amendment Act which permits the release of Anglo-Irish records at 20 years old, specifically 'Anglo Irish records relating to the peace process and Northern Ireland, including Departmental records relating to the Good Friday Agreement'.<sup>1</sup> With the continued co-operation of the relevant departments, namely Taoiseach, Foreign Affairs and Justice and the Office of the Attorney General, records from 1999 to 2003 were transferred in 2023 and were released to the public in January 2024. A full list of records transferred as of 31 December 2024 is outlined in Appendix A.

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1. Four new Statutory Instruments were prepared to allow the transfer of 2004 records for release in January 2025: S.I. No. 702/2024 - National Archives Act, 1986 (Section 8(1A)) (Transfer of Departmental Records) Order 2024; S.I. No. 703/2024 - National Archives Act, 1986 (Section 8(1A)) (Transfer of Departmental Records) Order 2024; S.I. No. 704/2024 - National Archives Act, 1986 (Section 8(1A)) (Transfer of Departmental Records) Order 2024 and S.I. No. 709/2024 - National Archives Act, 1986 (Section 8(1A)) (Transfer of Departmental Records) Order 2024

Magnifying details on a drawing





Auditing and storage of the 1926 Census

### Transfer of records by scheduled bodies

We remain unable to accession large quantities of records due for transfer from many of the 64 scheduled bodies, while testamentary records can only be acquired from the district probate registries pending completion of the Archives Repository Project. However, five transfers were received from three scheduled bodies as per Appendix A, Table 2.

We hold court records dating from the 1590s to 1993, the majority of which are publicly accessible. The Court Records Section conducts audits, upgrades existing finding aids and creates new finding aids for searching in the online catalogue to create more efficient ways for the public to access these important records. Details of the latest years of accessions from the courts are available in Appendix A, Table 2.

### Court/testamentary records

- **Circuit Court**  
5,251 descriptions completed: 1,243 records re-housed and available to order in the Reading Room
- **Chief Crown Solicitor**  
1,491 descriptions completed: cataloguing ongoing
- **Testamentary**  
7,660 testamentary records checked: 1,337 records re-housed and available to order in the Reading Room

### FILES TRANSFERRED

# 12,000

12,000 files transferred from Government Departments



## National Centre for Research and Remembrance (NCRR)

Work is ongoing in relation to records that will be available in the National Archives as part of the National Centre for Research and Remembrance. The records in scope range from those relating to residential institutions including county homes, Mother and Baby Homes, industrial schools, orphanages and Magdalene Laundries, as well as local authorities, adoption societies and records from official inquiries and Commissions of Investigation. The archive within the Centre will include historical records from Government Departments and those currently held by bodies such as the Adoption Authority of Ireland, Tusla Child and Family Agency and the HSE as they relate to institutional trauma.



As part of our work, we have been on-site in various Government Departments reviewing historical records relevant to the Centre. On-site work in the Department of Health and the Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth (DCEDIY) was interrupted in late 2023 following concerns raised by those departments as to the legal basis for facilitating access by our staff to departmental records prior to their transfer to the National Archives. Legal advice was sought from the Office of the Attorney General and it was established that powers vested in the Director of the National Archives under section 4 of the 1986 Act permit National Archives officers to work on records prior to transfer, once those records are over 30 years old and fall within the terms of the Act.



Architectural visualisations of the National Centre for Research and Remembrance on Seán McDermott Street

While work re-started in DCEDIY in March 2024, the Department of Health has not engaged further in this process and resources and staff within the National Archives were reallocated to internal work to ensure that momentum on the Centre continued. The lack of engagement by a number of key departments is disappointing given our attempts to support these departments in complying with their obligations to transfer records over 30 years old.

Many of the records in question date from the early years of the foundation of the State and are substantially older than 30 years. Concerns around personal data are not relevant in many files which relate to the systemic operation of institutions across a range of areas and the role of the State in facilitating private organisations to act on its behalf. These records will allow survivors and their families access to an evidence-based analysis of why thousands of individuals were institutionalised in Ireland throughout the 20th century.

## Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth (DCEDIY)

We continued to work with this Department in 2024, providing 100 person days' work by our archivists who catalogued and prepared records for transfer. The majority of these were legacy files transferred from the Department of Health. They document their oversight functions regarding the boarding-out of children and the operation of Mother and Baby institutions and county homes. These records date from the foundation of the State to more recent times. During the cataloguing process, the archivists identified a number of highly significant records in need of immediate conservation intervention.

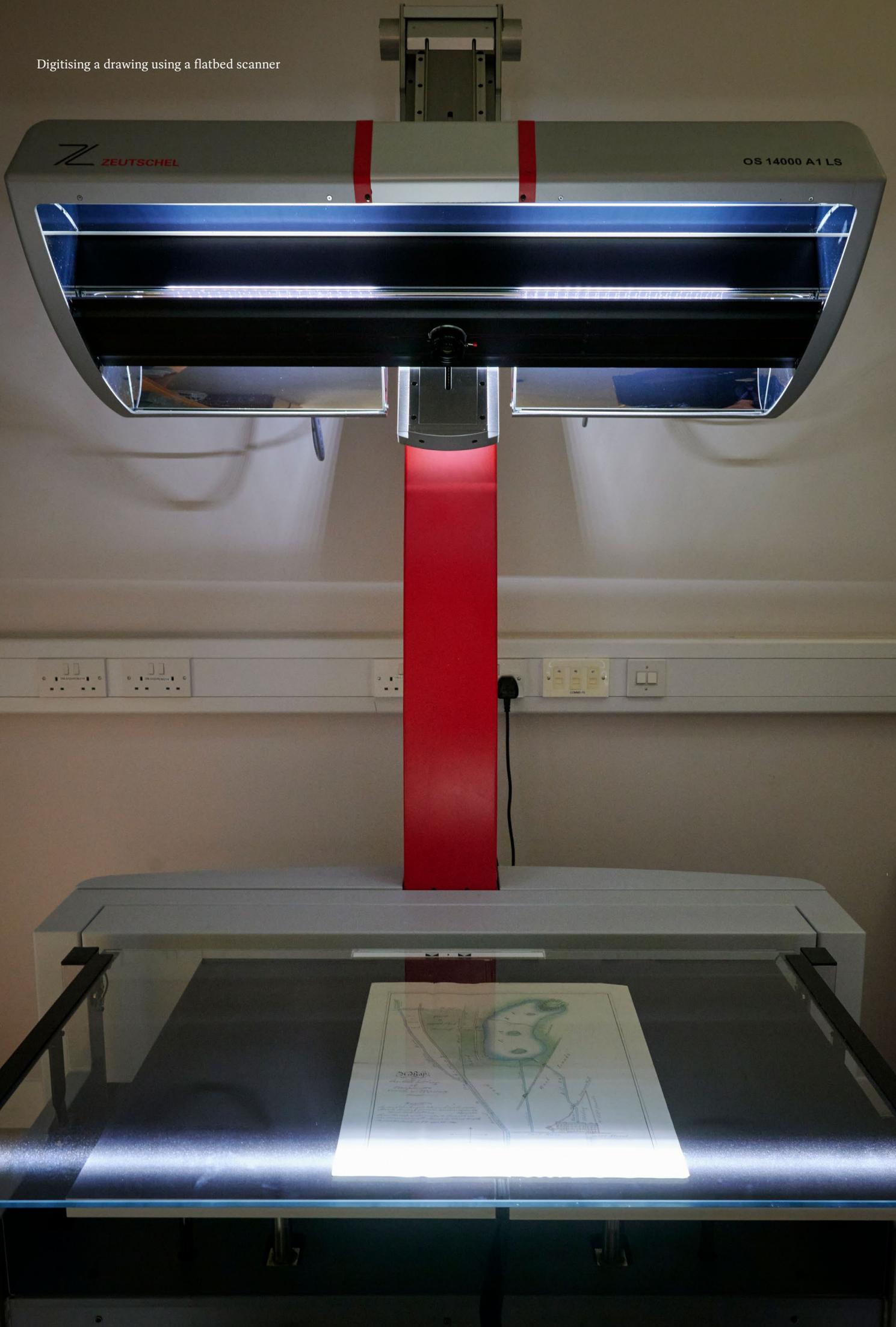
## Department of Education

The on-site project in the Residential Institutions Redress Unit (RIRU) of the Department of Education continued in 2024. Based in Athlone, the RIRU has responsibility for the records of the Industrial and Reformatory Schools. One of our archivists worked on-site in Athlone approximately one day per week for a year. The project was fully supported by the Department which provided suitable project space and support staff while we provided archival equipment and training. The project was completed in mid 2024 and all the records of the RIRU were boxed and prepared for transfer to the National Archives.

A final report was drafted for the Department to allay concerns about data protection by designating record series that could transfer immediately due to age or those without any data protection implications. The report also sets out records that we would categorise as very low risk, as well as more recent case files that will require withholding until changes in National Archives legislation are brought forward.

To date, no transfers have been received from the Department. The significance of these records cannot be underestimated as they provide crucial evidence of the operation of these institutions and the role of the State in both financing and oversight of the industrial school system. The records provide an understanding of the wider systemic deficiencies and historical context as to why and how such institutions operated as part of the State's infrastructure. We are routinely contacted by individuals seeking access to these records.

Digitising a drawing using a flatbed scanner



Digitising a volume using an overhead scanner



## Department of Justice

We made a scoping visit to the Department of Justice's off-site storage facility in May 2024 and developed a project plan. One of our archivists allocated to work on-site in the Department one day weekly starting in July, works with the Department's team to catalogue and prepare for transfer legacy departmental files dating from the foundation of the State. These include records relating to borstals and the incarceration of children, reformatory, industrial schools and asylums.

## Survivor Engagement: Dublin (October) and Cork/Galway (November)

We participated in survivor and affected persons engagement events held in Dublin in October and Cork and Galway in November. These provided a very significant opportunity for us to update those directly affected and their families of work done to date. Feedback from these events was largely positive and constructive but any continued failure to demonstrate clear progress in the transfer and accessibility of records will undermine trust in the process. A clear message from all events was the importance of access by individuals to their own records and obstacles placed in their way.

## Community Open Day: Seán McDermott Street

We also participated in a community open day in Seán McDermott Street in July. Hosted by Dublin City Council as part of its engagement with the local community, this event was well attended, with very positive feedback on the Centre from locals.

## NCRRA Archives Sub-Group

During 2024, the NCRRA Archives Sub-Group which we chair, met on three occasions. The role of the Group is to provide strategic direction and guidance to the Steering Committee on issues relating to the archival development of the Centre. The Group membership includes representatives from the Departments of Education, Finance, Justice and Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth, Tusla, the Adoption Authority of Ireland, the HSE and local authority archives services. Work on the implementation of the project plan continued in 2024 and included work with Government Departments and engagement with the HSE on the development of procedures around legacy mental health records.

## NCRRC legal and legislative issues

A Legal and Legislative Sub-Group was established in 2023 feeding into the overall National Centre for Research and Remembrance Steering Group. The National Archives, the Attorney General's Office and key departments are represented on the group. The Sub-Group's role is to provide:

- i. Overarching policies and principles which should govern management of and access to the repository
- ii. Lawful basis for the retention of each class or category of records
- iii. Lawful basis for access to records by data subjects
- iv. Lawful basis for access to records by researchers

As part of its work in 2024, the group engaged the services of a legal counsel to assess issues identified by members of the Sub-Group in the management and provision of access to records. The National Archives met with the legal counsel and provided feedback on operational issues arising within the current legal framework, particularly deficiencies with the 1986 Act that will need to be urgently addressed. These issues are currently being worked through at a policy level with the anticipation that legislative changes will be required to manage access to certain records in the Centre.

## Maternity Health, Employment Equality and Preservation of Certain Records Act, 2024

In 2024, the Minister for Children, Disability, Equality, Integration and Youth introduced the Maternity Health, Employment Equality and Preservation of Certain Records Act, 2024. Part 3 of the legislation which relates to the preservation of certain records took effect in November 2024. The legislation grants new powers to the Director of the National Archives to compel relevant persons, institutions and information sources in possession of relevant records as defined in the legislation to provide the National Archives with a statement of these records.

It also places an obligation on these parties to ensure the preservation of such records and makes it an offence to destroy, alter or remove records from the State's jurisdiction. Following commencement of the legislation, the Director wrote to all religious congregations in December 2024, requesting that they provide a statement to the National Archives of relevant records in their possession within three months.



# 4

# Preserve

## Archive Repository Project

Following completion of a tender process by the OPW, the re-development of the Bishop Street warehouse got underway in May 2024. Within the existing walls of the warehouse, a new two-storey repository that meets the most up-to-date archival standards is being constructed. On completion, it will house 190,000+ boxes of archival records. The first phase of the project which was completed during 2024 was the groundworks. This included a large amount of piling which will allow the repository to develop additional storeys on top of the initial two floors when required.

The construction is being undertaken by Duggan Brothers Contractors Limited under the supervision of Sean Harrington Architects and the OPW, in consultation with the National Archives.

## PRESERVE

# 1,453

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**1,453 archive boxes shelved  
in our Bishop Street and Four  
Courts repositories**





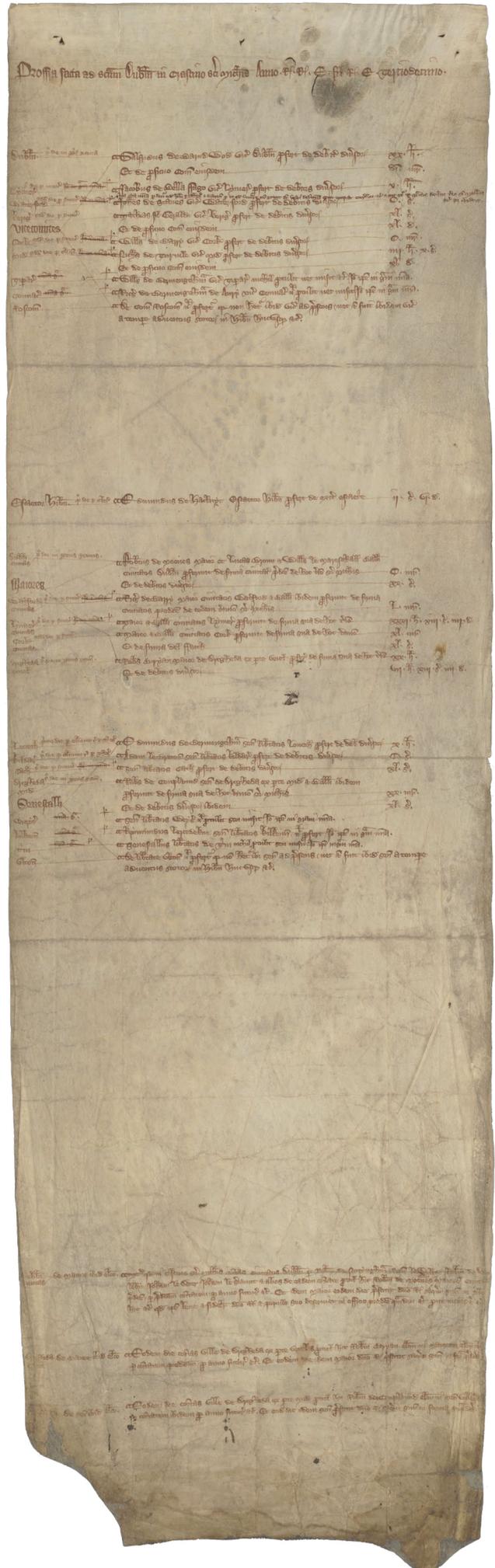
## Conservation

The Conservation Unit supports core activities essential to the long-term preservation of the holdings of the National Archives. The work of the Unit aims to strike a balance between ensuring the preservation of the records and the provision of physical and digital access. All conservation treatments are governed by a policy of minimum intervention and in accordance with a strict professional code of conduct.

The focus for 2024 was the conservation of Census 1926 in preparation for digitisation and transcription. By the end of the year, the conservators and the contract conservators successfully conserved a total of 1,382 census books across 14 counties from Carlow to Limerick, representing 55% of the total 2,496 census books with 381,000 household returns conserved. The conservation of the census is due to be completed in June 2025. As part of a programme to address legacy issues, several census books from 1901 were disbound and treated and mould-damaged 1911 census forms were conserved in preparation for digital scanning.

The Conservation Unit plays a vital role in providing ongoing training to colleagues and Government Departments in the correct handling and use of archives to ensure potential damage is kept to a minimum. This includes instruction on the use of archival-quality storage material and correct methods for the storage of archives. Alongside this, the Unit responds to concerns raised in the Reading Room, completes rehousing requests and treats a wide range of collections prior to imaging, assisting with handling as required. The conservators are also responsible for mounting collection items for display and sent on loan.

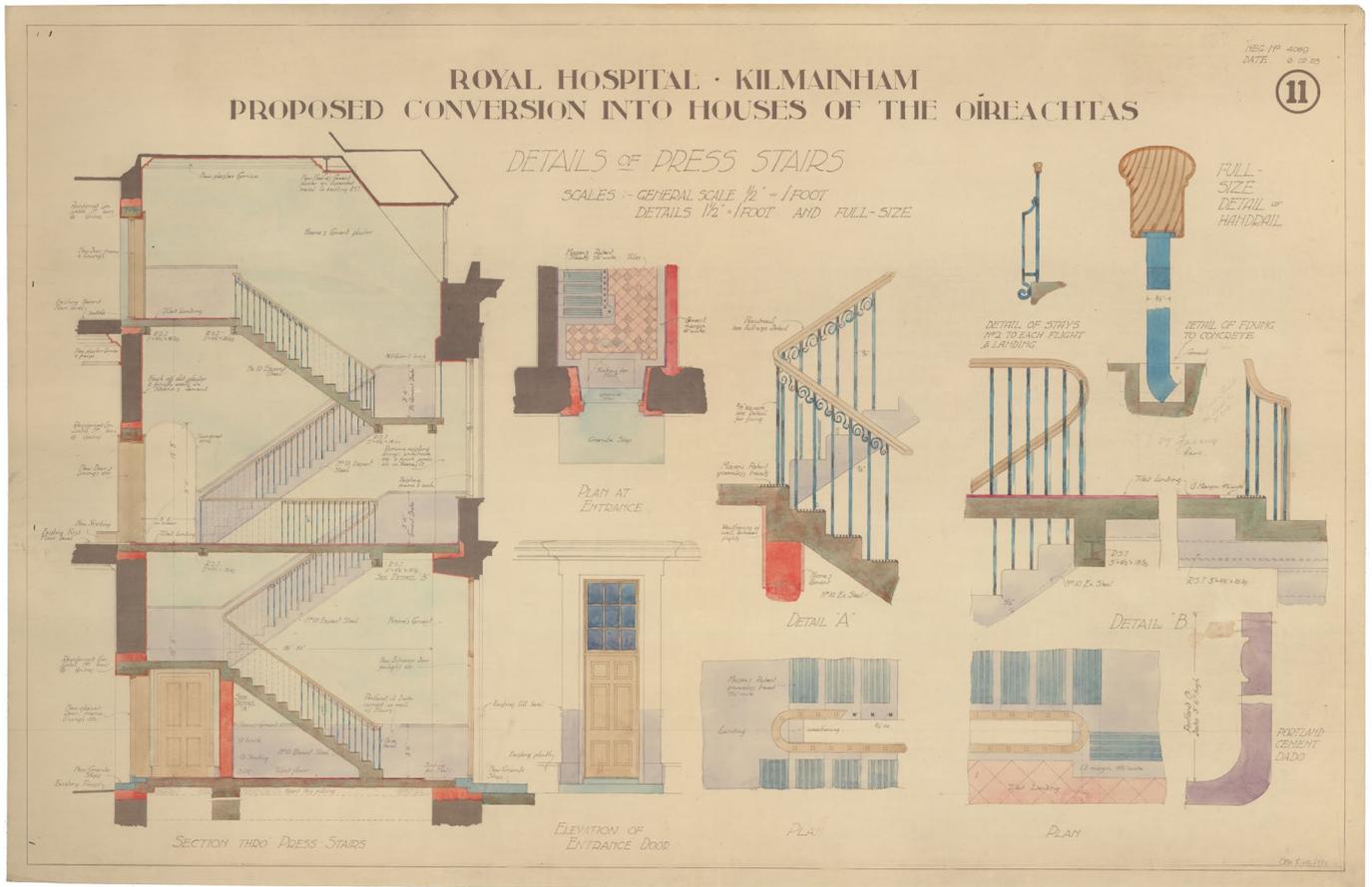
In 2024, we purchased a new environmental monitoring system with sensors strategically installed across the Bishop Street and Four Courts sites that log temperature and humidity. The sensors transmit readings back to a base station using radio telemetry. The data is stored in the cloud so it can be accessed remotely by staff who can monitor and track collection storage conditions and respond as required.



Other developments during 2024 included the establishment of a dedicated disaster response store to house protective clothing and salvage equipment together with training for staff in disaster preparedness and practical salvage techniques.

In 2024, an Exchequer Memoranda Roll (National Archives, EX 1/2) dating from the thirteenth regnal year of King Edward II (1319–1320) was conserved. This is one of oldest manuscripts to survive the destruction of the Public Record Office of Ireland in 1922. Our reprographics team digitised the 53 parchment membranes for preservation and access. Working with the Virtual Record Treasury (VRTI) project, the manuscript was transcribed and translated and is available on the VRTI portal at <https://virtualtreasury.ie>.

During the autumn of 2024, we hosted a recent conservation graduate for an eight-week placement which was funded by the VRTI and focused on the conservation of 1922 salvaged material. The badly damaged fragment from a plea roll (National Archives, KB 1/4) dated 1406 was collected from Queen Mary University London (QMUL) following X-ray microtomography by Dr David Mills. The Senior Conservator leading the project presented three public lectures on the conservation of material from the salvaged collections.



Proposed conversion of the Royal Hospital Kilmainham into the Houses of the Oireachtas, National Archives, OPW/5HC/3/11/11

## Loans

The management of four loans was completed in 2024 as follows:

- Four large framed architectural plans (OPW 5/HC/3/11) were returned from loan to 'Self-Determination: A Global Perspective' at the Irish Museum of Modern Art (28 October 2023–21 April 2024)
- The Belfast Good Friday Agreement (2009/132/75) was exhibited at Le Chéile 100 with George Mitchell and Bertie Ahern attending the event held at the US ambassador's residence (11 June)
- The first six pages for August 1922 from Michael Collins' diary were lent to the Michael Collins House Museum in Clonakilty for the month of August; the diary pages were accompanied by a recent donation to the National Archives of draft telegrams written by Collins on 15 August 1922
- The annual review of the National Archives' long-term loan (PRISONS 1/10/6) to Kilmainham Gaol was completed in October



Selection of documents on display in our 'Society & State - Ireland Through Its Records' exhibition in Dublin Castle

## Exhibitions

'Society & State - Ireland Through Its Records'  
(17 April-8 September)

Over 100 items selected for this exhibition were conserved prior to digitisation. Sets of surrogates were then prepared, mounted and installed for display at the Coach House in Dublin Castle and then the National Ploughing Championships in County Laois in September 2024.

# 5 Manage

One of our core functions is to acquire records from Government Departments and make these available to the public to consult for free in our Reading Room. To that end and within limited statutory powers and resources, in 2024 we provided guidance to Government Departments and public bodies on the management of their records, including those subject to the Act and those currently out of scope. Early intervention in the lifecycle of records facilitates an archiving-by-design<sup>2</sup> approach to recordkeeping and helps to ensure the consistent management of public records, allocation of resources, planning of storage and intervention costs over time.

The absence of records management regulations in the civil service continues to pose serious risk to the preservation of public records. Concerns about obligations under the 1986 Act and data protection legislation persisted during 2024, resulting in a large number of queries to the National Archives. Without obligatory standards for the management of official government records and data, the public record will continue to be at risk of loss and the State liable for failure to protect the interests of stakeholders and citizens.

In 2024, we published an online retention schedule for general administrative classes of records found across all departments and civil service agencies. While this is being widely referred to and is leading to greater consistency in identifying records for permanent preservation, the absence of any statutory powers means the retention schedule can be used as guidance only as we have no authority to compel compliance. In order to develop a functional approach to records management across the civil service, there must be consistency in retention procedures. To maximise impact and efficiency, disposal authorisations should be implemented in tandem with an agreed retention schedule.

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2. 'Archiving by Design' is a principle of European Information Governance developed under the European Commission, advocating a collaborative approach by information and data specialists to define and future-proof information systems and records series before they are created



## Disposals

Section 7 of the National Archives Act, 1986 permits the Director to grant authorisation for the disposal of records that do not warrant retention as archives. In 2024, 87 disposal certificates were issued by the Director resulting in the controlled destruction of 52+ million digital files and 750,000 paper files that did not warrant permanent preservation as archives and where their business or legal function had ceased.

The majority of these related to processing activities and records where information was duplicated in other sources. Records surveys were undertaken in nine departments, two agencies and one non-scheduled body. In all cases, disposal authorisation was subject to a number of conditions resulting in continued savings to the Exchequer and increased compliance with obligations under other statutes, including the Data Protection Act, 2018.

## Chief Secretary's Office Registered Papers (CSORP)

The project to catalogue the Registered Papers series from the Office of the Chief Secretary for Ireland began in 2008 and with continued funding from the Francis J Crowley Bequest, a contract archivist began in July 2024 to process and catalogue the records for 1835. A total of 1,277 individual descriptions for 2,039 documents was completed (CSO/RP/1835/1-1397) while records for 1918 were catalogued as part of a separate listing project for the years 1917-1924. Work also continued on the Outrage Reports for 1833 and 163 individual descriptions for 6,581 documents were completed (CSO/RP/OR/1833/251-362).

For the first time ever, all identification and location information on our collections has been systematically recorded in a structured and accessible electronic format.

### Collection-level audit project

Throughout 2024, the Archives and Government Services Division worked on a collection-level audit to facilitate and support strategic planning in relation to our holdings and their finding aids.

The aims of the project were to:

- Establish the extent of our collections across all National Archives sites and storage facilities
- Identify, classify and quantify the amount of collections that are uncatalogued or poorly listed
- Identify collections requiring re-housing

The survey has already resulted in the completion of a large body of preservation and re-housing work by staff. By the end of 2024, detailed location information for all our holdings across four sites had been updated and improved. For the first time ever, all identification and location information on our collections has been systematically recorded in a structured and accessible electronic format.

### DISPOSALS

1

1 collection-level audit project

87

87 disposal certificates issued by the Director

52M

52+ million digital files safely disposed of

750,000

750,000 paper files safely disposed of

The data gathered through the pilot project will be used to develop criteria for the next stage of the process, the software and hardware requirements for a digital preservation system for the National Archives in alignment with developments across the civil service. The next stage of the process cannot be led by the National Archives alone and will require support and input from the Department of Public Expenditure and Reform and the OGCIO.

## Digital Management

### Digital Preservation Pilot Project

We have no current capacity to preserve born-digital records and continue to lag far behind our European counterparts in the area of digital preservation. This issue has been highlighted for many years but has become more urgent recently with the introduction of the 20-year rule and expected developments to preserve the records of some government commissions as part of the National Centre for Research and Remembrance.

To address this, in 2024, we held meetings with our European peers (Swiss Federal Archives, the UK National Archives, the Lithuanian National Archives and National Records of Scotland) to assess their current infrastructure and to learn from their experiences. We developed a pilot project and proof of concept to determine infrastructural requirements including our current and future ICT capacity as well as analysis of current digital preservation solutions. Consultants from UK-based BIP were commissioned to provide coordination and strategic direction to the pilot project.

We also engaged with the Office of the Government Chief Information Officer (OGCIO) to provide a sandbox storage facility for testing various systems. This enabled insight into the level of support required from internal ICT and highlighted limitations in the current infrastructure that will need to be resolved for the project to progress to an implementation phase. This sandbox was necessary as our ICT infrastructure sits within our parent department and cannot be expected to meet our statutory requirements to preserve born-digital records across the whole of the civil service and all scheduled bodies.

The software testing phase of the pilot project was to develop a specific set of requirements for a digital preservation system. We identified four digital preservation vendors representative of the types of products on the market and approached them to arrange pilot testing of the various solutions, as well as testing external links to the system within the OGCIO sandbox.

The data gathered through the pilot project will be used to develop criteria for the next stage of the process, the software and hardware requirements for a digital preservation system for the National Archives in alignment with developments across the civil service. The next stage of the process cannot be led by the National Archives alone and will require support and input from the Department of Public Expenditure and Reform and the OGCIO.

## Independent Review Group – Defence Forces

In 2024, we worked with the Independent Review Group – Defence Forces to ensure the safeguarding of records considered worthy of permanent preservation as archives. This included liaising with the Chair of the IRG-DF and representatives from the Department of Defence and the OGCIO about the long-term requirements for the preservation of such records. This resulted in an official request from the Department of Defence for the transfer of these records to the National Archives in accordance with section 8(7) of the 1986 Act which allows for the transfer of records less than 30 years old for preservation and/or administration purposes. These records remain closed to researchers until they are 30 years old and become subject to potential release under section 8(4).

The records were stored outside the Department of Defence infrastructure on an OGCIO server and will remain there until they can be transferred to a digital preservation system. Given the sensitive nature of these records, it was determined that direct transfer to the National Archives was most appropriate. This is the first time that section 8(7) of the 1986 Act has been invoked and further emphasises the urgency of developing a digital repository to ensure active management of born-digital records. Once finalised, this will be the first transfer of such born-digital material to the National Archives.

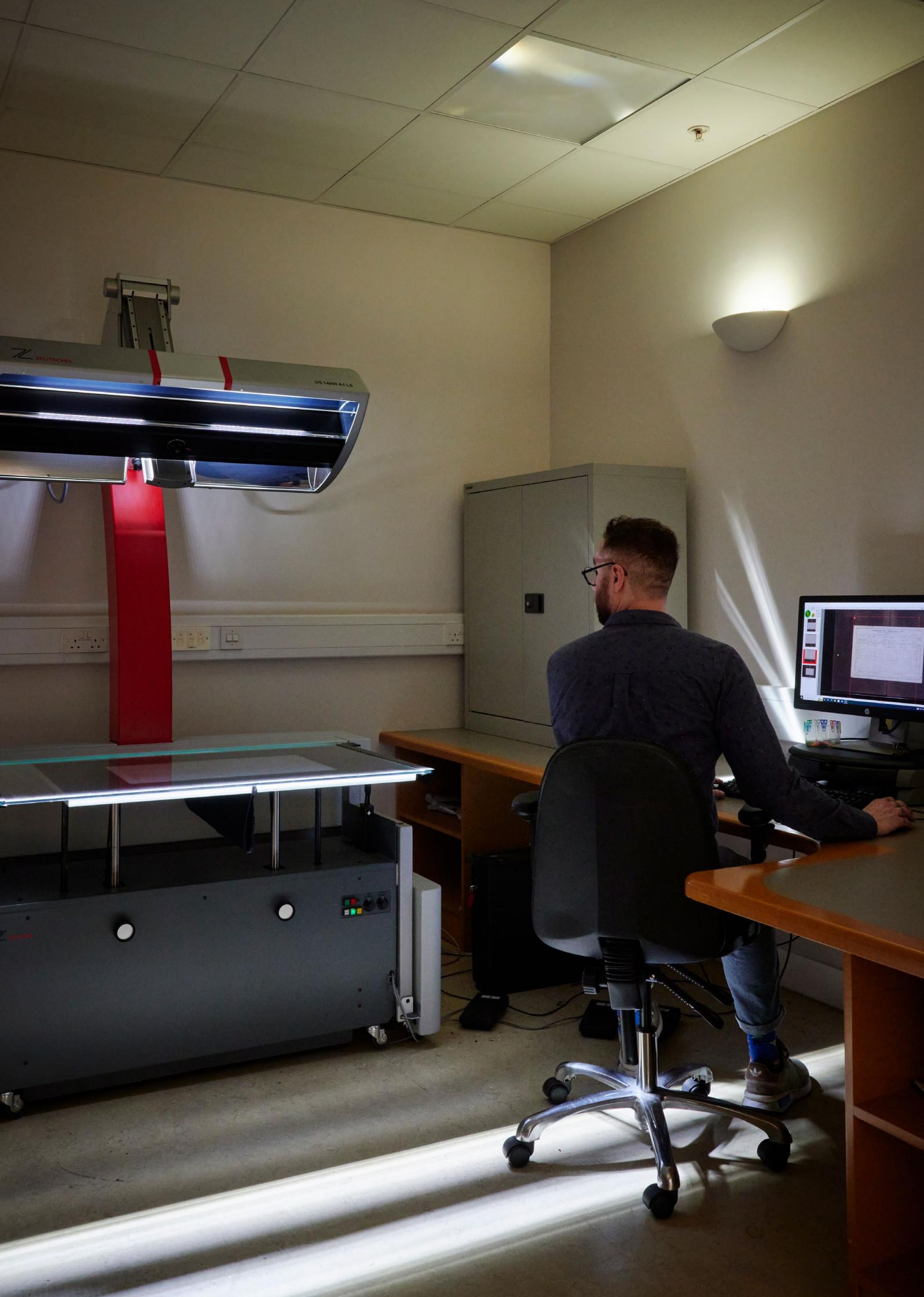
## Historical Records Working Group with the Health Service Executive (HSE)

We engaged with the HSE to establish a Steering Group with senior representation from both organisations to examine issues arising from historical HSE hospital collections held in the National Archives and those still in HSE custody. As part of the project, we conducted an audit of our HSE hospital holdings and now regulate queries and requests for access to these collections.

To direct this work, we will undertake several parallel streams to assess the current legal status of historical records within the overall framework of the National Archives Act, 1986 and will recommend the next steps to develop standardised access policies and transfer of historical records to our custody. Initial focus will be on historical mental health collections.

To this end, in 2024 we undertook a survey of the surviving records of St Otteran's Hospital, Waterford. While they are small in number, they are historically significant and it has been recommended that they be prepared for immediate transfer to us owing to their fragile condition. We are liaising with the Historical Records Steering Group and transfer of these records is expected in early 2025.





## European Commission Expert Group on a common Data Space for Cultural Heritage

The Keeper, Digital Management continued as the Irish representative on the European Commission Expert Group on a common Data Space for Cultural Heritage on behalf of our parent department. Ireland participated in the Commission's Twin-It campaign which was launched in May and intends to increase participation of member states in 3D digitisation as part of the overall digitisation targets set out in the 2021 Recommendations.

## Scoping Inquiry, Defence Forces Tribunal

We met with representatives from the Scoping Inquiry into Historical Sex Abuse in Schools to provide guidance on recordkeeping to be included in the terms of reference to ensure transparency on archiving requirements for individuals engaging with the process. Similar guidance was also provided to the Department of Defence in the development of terms of reference for the establishment of a Defence Forces Tribunal.

We have gained significant insight and experience of dealing with complex legal questions arising from State commissions and processes in the recent past which will help ensure recordkeeping considerations are integrated into the design of these processes.

## Irish Community of Trauma-Informed Archival Practice (ICATIAP)

The Irish Community of Trauma-Informed Archival Practice is an archivists' initiative providing peer support to the Irish archival community working with records and researchers relating to trauma. A committee was established in March 2024 to provide strategic direction and guidance to the community on issues relevant to this area of archival practice. The committee includes representation from the National Archives, the Public Record Office of Northern Ireland (PRONI), archives from the university, religious, local government and statutory body sectors, archival education and research.

# 6

# Engage

## Stakeholder engagement

### Advice, guidance and training

During 2024, we gave advice and guidance to 14 departments and scheduled bodies. We provided 18 training sessions for 97 staff of Government Departments and scheduled bodies covering record transfers, file preservation and re-housing, archives legislation and general information management obligations. We also provided record transfer training to staff from two district probate registries.

As part of the Department of Public Expenditure's NDP Delivery and Reform's Public Service Transformation Week, we hosted a webinar in October 2024 on the basics of safeguarding and organising public records into the future which attracted over 500 attendees from across the civil and public service.

## Network of State Archivists and Records Managers

The employment of professional archivists/records managers in an increasing number of Government Departments and bodies is to be greatly welcomed. The appointment of such professional staff is an essential step in addressing historic backlog transfers from bodies subject to the National Archives Act, 1986 as well as improving the management of information and records throughout the civil service. During 2024, we continued to host quarterly meetings of the Network to develop knowledge sharing and a collaborative approach to managing State records.



### Mother and Baby Home Payment Scheme

We continue to provide support to the Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth and individuals seeking records as part of the verification process of time spent in institutions for the Mother and Baby Home Payment Scheme through collections we hold.

### Truth Recovery Independent Panel/Public Record Office of Northern Ireland (PRONI)

We continue to engage and collaborate with colleagues from PRONI who are working with the Truth Recovery Independent Panel in Northern Ireland. The Director presented to the panel in October 2024 on the work of the National Centre for Research and Remembrance.

### Tuam Exhumation Project

We met with the Director of the Tuam Exhumation Project in 2024. We continue to provide guidance on the records we hold and facilitate researchers working on the project, as well as providing digitised copies of records as part of ongoing internal cataloguing work.

## ADVICE AND GUIDANCE PROVIDED TO

# 14

---

14 departments and scheduled bodies

# 500

---

500 attendees from across the civil and public service attended a webinar in October 2024 on the basics of safeguarding and organising public records



Researching in the Reading Room

## Enhancing public access and awareness

### Public Services

In 2024, we continued to prioritise public access through our on-site services. 5,613 researchers used the Reading Room and consulted 21,964 archival documents to explore Ireland's history. Our staff answered 11,430 queries from the public and our Reprographics Service remained a vital resource, providing 8,705 copies of archival records to support legal, academic and personal research.

A comprehensive review of our website was initiated with the goal of improving clarity, accessibility and usability for all our customers, particularly non-specialists. In 2024, our website had 3.8 million hits with 356,81 new visitors joining us online.

## RESEARCH

# 5,613

---

**5,613 researchers used the Reading Room and consulted 21,964 archival records**

## RESEARCH AT HOME

# 26,191

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**26,191 individual record descriptions were added to the online catalogue, enabling people to explore more of our rich collections from home**



Photograph of workers on the Thomas family estate, National Archives, PRIV99/28

### Genealogy Advisory Service (GAS)

The daily in-person Genealogy Advisory Service welcomed 1,156 visitors in 2024. By relocating this office to the ground floor, we have significantly improved visitor experience and made it easier for people to access the services they need. Complemented by a robust online advisory facility, the service continues to support high levels of public interest in family history and heritage research.

### NEW READERS

# 1,841

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1,841 members of the public became new researchers

### ENQUIRIES

# 11,430

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11,430 queries from the public answered by Public Services staff

### ADVICE ON GENEALOGY

# 1,156

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1,156 visitors got advice from our free Genealogy Advisory Service



Visiting group consulting our records

## Social media

Our presence on social media platforms X (formerly Twitter), Instagram and LinkedIn expanded in 2024, enabling us to share archival stories, promote new collections and engage with a broader audience. These platforms have become essential tools for outreach, education and fostering public interest in our record holdings. In 2024, our Twitter followers increased by 9.7%, bringing the total to 20,664. Similarly, our Instagram followers grew by 25.7%, reaching a total of 8,657.

## Education Programme

The National Archives' Education Programme is dedicated to fostering a deeper understanding of archival resources and the role of archives in preserving our national heritage. Our programme is designed to support and collaborate with a wide range of adult learners and professional audiences including:

- Third-level students and university groups, particularly those studying archival science, history and related disciplines
- Special interest groups – Irish and international – with a focus on local and family history research
- Government Departments and civil servants through tailored in-person training sessions on records management and archival best practices
- Professional development audiences, including those working with records or in heritage sectors

Our team of archivists and conservators also contributes to broader academic and professional communities by delivering online lectures, participating in focus groups and presenting at national and international conferences.

# Top Social Media Posts

 INSTAGRAM

+25.7%

Our Instagram followers grew by 25.7%, reaching a total of 8,657



National Archives, Ireland



Top Instagram reel 3,098 views



National Archives, Ireland

@NARIreland · 22 Nov 2024

Yesterday, [@McBrideOrlaith](#) hosted a productive meeting with Colleen Shogan [@AOTUS11\\_Shogan](#) at the National Archives. Later, they both joined [@TheHist](#) for a panel discussion with Dr Patrick Geoghegan [@\\_talkinghistory](#) on the challenges and future of state archives. [@DeptCultureIRL](#)



Top tweet in 2024 (16k views)

 LINKEDIN

337

Top LinkedIn post (337 views)



X (formerly Twitter)

+9.7%

Our Twitter followers increased by 9.7%, bringing the total to 20,664



National Archives, Ireland

Earlier this week, the National Archives was delighted to present the original signed copy of the Good Friday Agreement at an office reception held by U.S. Ambassador Claire Cronin.

Pivotal in brokering peace across the island, the document represents the pioneering political leadership that helped to break a cycle of violence and pave the way towards a peaceful, democratic future.

This event reflecting on the 26th Anniversary of the Good Friday Agreement was part of the Embassy's Le Chile 100 series celebrating 100 years of diplomatic relations between the United States and Ireland.





Visitors to our 'Society & State - Ireland Through Its Records' exhibition in Dublin Castle

## Exhibitions and events

In April 2024, we launched 'Society & State - Ireland Through Its Records', a major exhibition hosted at Dublin Castle and over its six-month run, it received 61,000 visitors. This initiative was supported by a wide range of public engagement activities, including events at the National Ploughing Championships which attracted 6,827 visitors, podcasts and video content tailored for social media. The exhibition also featured in our Reading Room during Culture Night on 20 September with a special public talk 'Society & State: 1920s Ireland Through Its Records' and drew over 150 attendees. In-house exhibitions continued throughout the year, offering visitors direct access to curated selections from the archives and deepening public understanding of Ireland's rich documentary heritage.

## Media preview of records

One of the most significant events we host annually is the media preview in early December. Our public Reading Room is closed to facilitate the hosting of media representatives who preview those records to be released by Departments of State and scheduled bodies the following January. The event is organised by the Archives and Government Services Division and preparation for the event begins in October. In 2024, approximately 12,000 files were made available for consultation resulting in extensive media coverage in late December.



Conserving a household return  
Form A from the 1926 Census

## Census 1926

By far the most ambitious project the National Archives has ever undertaken is the digitisation for public access of Census 1926. Its scale and scope absorbed much of our work throughout 2024 and work streams are continuing in order to meet the release deadline of 18 April 2026. What follows is a detailed description of the project's components and the methodologies we're using to bring this wonderful resource to a worldwide audience.

## CATALOGUING

# 100%

Volumes catalogued:  
2,496 (100%)

# 681,249

Total pages: 681,249

## Census facts

Census 1926 consists of 2,496 bound volumes with 700,000 individual sheets, each measuring 63cm x 29cm made up of 630,048 household returns. Volumes contain enumerator abstract forms (Form B) which are a summary of households and buildings in each townland/street created by the census enumerator and household returns (Form A) which were populated by each head of household (or the enumerator on their behalf) within each townland/street.

The volumes cover the 26 counties of the Irish Free State unlike the 1901 and 1911 censuses which covered the 32 counties. Census 1926 used only two types of forms (A and B) which contrasts significantly with the 1911 census which had ten different forms for households and the various types of institutions that existed, as well as separate enumerator abstract forms and building returns. Another important difference is that the institutional returns from the 1901 and 1911 censuses were anonymised whereas full names are given in the vast majority of cases in 1926.

On the night of 18 April 1926, the population of Ireland was 2,971,992, of whom 49% were female and 51% male. In the previous census in 1911, the population was 3,139,688 which means that the population fell by 5.3% in the intervening 15 years. The decline was most marked in Connacht at over 9.5% in contrast to a reduction of just 1.1% in Leinster. Dublin was the only county to record an increase in population of almost 6% in the period while all other counties recorded a loss. In 1926, a total of 92.6% of the population was Catholic, an increase from 89.6% in 1911. In contrast, the number of Protestants fell from 7.9% of the population to 5.5%. In 1926, 18.3% of the population could speak Irish compared to 17.6% of people in 1911.

The largest increase in the percentage of Irish speakers occurred in Leinster – from 3.5% to 8.8% with a more modest increase in Ulster while Munster and Connacht saw reductions. Housing conditions showed the average number of persons per room was 1.19 nationwide while 27% of the population lived in conditions where there were more than two persons per room. Of those employed, 51% were in agricultural occupations, 4% were fishermen, 14% were in manufacturing and 7% were domestic servants.

## Census forms

2,496



Total bound volumes

700,000

Individual sheets

630,048

Household returns



## Irish language proficiency

18.3%

National increase: 17.6% → 18.3%

8.8%

The largest increase in the percentage of Irish speakers occurred in Leinster – from 3.5% to 8.8%

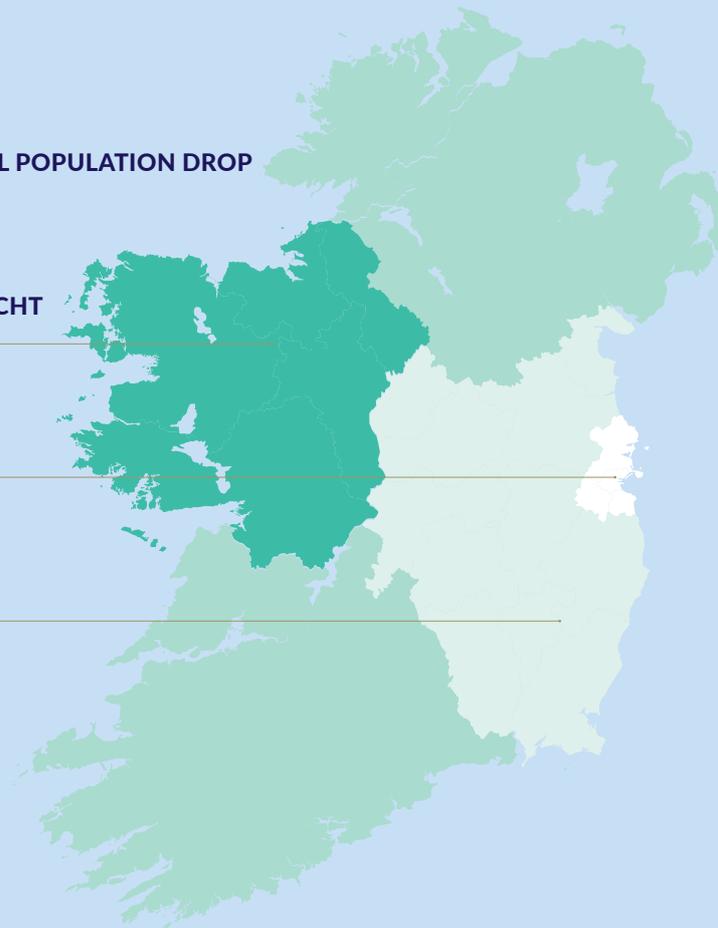
## Population decline and regional variation

-5.3% OVERALL POPULATION DROP

-9.5% CONNACHT

+6% DUBLIN

-1.1% LEINSTER



## Religious affiliation



92.6%

In 1926, a total of 92.6% of the population was Catholic

5.5%

Number of Protestants fell from 7.9% of the population to 5.5%

## Housing conditions

1.19



Average number of persons per room

27%

Lived with 2+ persons per room

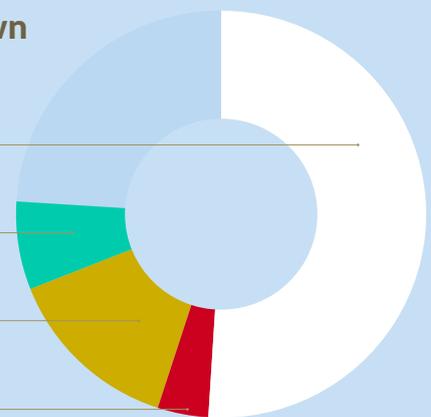
## Employment breakdown

51% AGRICULTURE

7% DOMESTIC SERVANTS

14% MANUFACTURING

4% FISHING



## Gender and population split

Total: 2,971,992



51% MALE



49% FEMALE

## Methodologies used at each stage

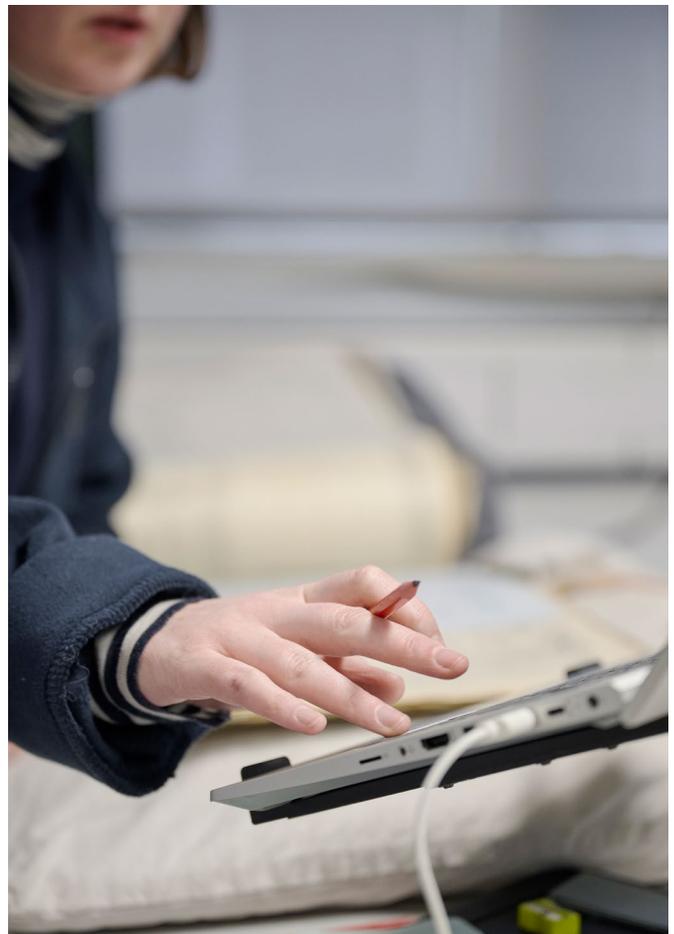
### Cataloguing

The cataloguing process is a key element of the entire project and has taken over a year to complete. The 1911 census data for the 26 counties only was used as the source data in order to minimise the amount of manual input required. The cataloguing allows for changes since 1911 to be noted for the 26 counties only, including the expansion of towns and cities, boundary changes and population movement brought about by partition and the de-Anglicisation of placenames and streets. In addition, as Census 1926 had an option to complete returns in the Irish language, the number of Irish returns for each townland/street is also recorded.

Cataloguing of all 2,496 volumes was completed in October 2024 followed by a quality assurance process to ensure as high quality and accurate cataloguing data as possible. The cataloguing process also involves a final stage to edit data for each county which is then transferred to the digitisation team for ingest to the scanner. This ensures that the digitised images are associated with the correct geographical area as part of the post-scanning quality control and validation process.



Cataloguing the 1926 Census



## Conservation

Following cataloguing, conservation begins where each volume is disbound, separated into townlands and the records conserved to ensure the documents are stable enough to withstand the physical handling required for the digitisation process. This includes removing excessive surface dirt, flattening creases and repairing tears in order to guarantee maximum legibility and a more efficient image capture rate. The digitisation process is being undertaken by a team of six full-time staff with digital archivists overseeing the quality control and validation of the digitised images to ensure all the returns are imaged correctly.

## Digitisation

The project has involved upgrades to hardware, network cabling and capacity and specialised software, in addition to ongoing cooperation across areas of work such as cataloguing, conservation, digitisation and transcription. To increase digitisation capacity and meet the tight deadline, an additional high-volume scanner was procured and installed in 2024. The scanner has been tested and configured to align with the digitisation workflow and when fully operational, will double digitisation capacity.

Digitisation of Census 1926 returns went into full production in late 2024. Completing the cataloguing phase allowed staff to be reallocated to other areas of the project including digitisation which facilitated increased production and output. By December 2024, 30% of the census volumes were scanned.

### Assessing the condition of a volume of the 1926 Census



We estimated that manual transcription of Census 1926 would take one person 19 years to complete. Given the short timeframe and developments in technology since the publication online of the 1901 and 1911 census returns, we decided to pursue automated transcription through the OGP Robotic Processing Framework.

### Transcription

We began planning for the transcription element of the project from the outset, testing transcription concepts using 1911 census data. This allowed for initial testing of concepts around variations in spelling of fixed fields such as religion and free text fields such as name and surname, placename and birthplace. We estimated that manual transcription of Census 1926 would take one person 19 years to complete. Given the short timeframe and developments in technology since the publication online of the 1901 and 1911 census returns (which were outsourced for manual transcription), we decided to pursue automated transcription through the Office of Government Procurement (OGP) Robotic Processing Framework.

The Intelligent Automation process uses a computer programme, Optical Character Resolution (OCR) model to scan text for different characteristics. This system is trained to recognise certain characteristics such as particular text, patterns in text or individual characters which is outputted in a spreadsheet with headings matching the various fields of information found on a census form.

This output is then further refined using computer programming to map to known patterns in the records of validated data such as placenames and surnames. The transcription process operates in parallel to the digitisation output and while 100% accuracy will not be feasible, the project aims to reach as close as possible to this for key fields, particularly name and surname which is how the vast majority of people will search the census website.

### DIGITISATION

30%

30% of the census records scanned during 2024



Digitising the 1926 Census using a high-volume scanner

## Database development

Derelinx were contracted through the OGP framework to develop databases for the 1901, 1911 and 1926 censuses. Updating work on the 1901 and 1911 returns was required to ensure their integration into a new website for the National Archives. This process was completed and cleansed, transcribed data was ingested into the database and hosted on a cloud storage platform. Work on the Census 1926 database began in 2024 and an initial schema was developed with initial testing expected to take place in early 2025.

## 1901 and 1911 census corrections project

To fix common errors and improve the overall data quality of the 1901 and 1911 censuses, a corrections project was undertaken in 2024. Due to the volume of errors in both censuses, the project focused on correcting errors in the District Electoral Division, Townland and Names fields. Correcting these errors (6,331 in the 1901 census and 23,067 in the 1911 census) significantly improves user experience and their ability to identify individual household returns. The census corrections project also identified townlands and individual household returns that had never been digitised and transcribed during the original 1901 and 1911 census releases.

From emigration to economic growth and from free secondary education to the lifting of the marriage bar, the 20th century witnessed significant improvements in public services in Ireland, as well as momentous social and cultural changes. We hope that the census records we are currently working on will bring further information to the public, both here and abroad, on the people who lived in Ireland in 1926, their family life, domestic arrangements, livelihoods, employment and education.

# 7

# Discover

In 2024, we continued to enhance access to our collections through a wide range of services supporting researchers, academics and the wider public. We advanced our digitisation programme, thereby increasing the availability of archival records online and broadening access to key historical materials. Support for researchers included the provision of copyright guidance, licensing for publication and digital use and the processing of orders for academic institutions, exhibitions and media productions.

We also facilitated TV and film projects, offering access to documents and on-site filming. Daily in-person assistance was provided by archivists in the Reading Room, ensuring expert support for users engaging with original records. These services reflect our commitment to accessibility, responsible use and the promotion of Ireland's documentary heritage across multiple platforms.

## Research support

At the National Archives, we are committed to supporting researchers at every stage of their journey. Whether you are a first-time visitor or an experienced researcher, we provide a wide range of resources and expert guidance to help you navigate our collections and uncover Ireland's rich documentary heritage. In-person support is available daily in our Reading Room where professional archivists are on hand to assist with queries, guide users through archival materials and offer advice on best practices for research. We aim to make archival research accessible, enriching and rewarding for all.

Our website offers a comprehensive research knowledge base including:

- Step-by-step guides for beginners and seasoned researchers
- Access to digitised collections and finding aids
- Glossaries and tools to help interpret historical documents
- Information on ordering copies and using archival material in publications



Magnifying details on a drawing

## Collaboration

At the National Archives, we believe that collaboration is key to unlocking the full potential of Ireland's cultural heritage. By working in partnership with academic institutions, Government Departments and international research bodies, we ensure that our collections are not only preserved but also made accessible and meaningful to a wide range of audiences.

In 2024, we contributed to seven collaborative projects, each supported by various Government Departments and funding bodies. These partnerships reflect our commitment to advancing historical research, digital innovation and public engagement.

## Documents on Irish Foreign Policy

In partnership with the Royal Irish Academy and the Department of Foreign Affairs, this project continues to provide vital access to 20th-century diplomatic records. We host researchers and facilitate access to thousands of files, supporting the publication of internationally respected volumes.

## RIGHTS AND REPRODUCTIONS

# 63

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63 licences for publications

# 6

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6 licences to TV production companies



#### Conservation toolkit

### Virtual Record Treasury of Ireland (2023–2025)

A flagship Project Ireland 2040 initiative, this digital reconstruction of archives lost in the Civil War in 1922 is funded by the Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media. We contribute digitised records and expertise to help recover and share Ireland's lost documentary heritage.

### Conflict Archive on the Internet (CAIN)

In collaboration with Ulster University and supported by the Department of Foreign Affairs, this project digitises records related to the Northern Ireland conflict. We provide key government documents, enriching public understanding of the Troubles.

### Grangegorman Histories (2021–2025)

This public history initiative explores the legacy of Ireland's largest psychiatric institution. We support the project with archival expertise and access to extensive hospital records.

## LECTURES GIVEN BY STAFF TO THE PUBLIC AT EVENTS

# 38

924 attendees learned about our collections and experienced the expertise of our staff through a year of engaging public lectures

## COLLABORATIONS/ PARTNERSHIPS

# 5,191

CAIN Project – documents imaged/platformed online: 5,191



Chancery Pleading, National Archives, CP/C/62

### The Quill Project – Writing Peace

Led by Pembroke College, Oxford and funded by the Reconciliation Fund, this project examines the Northern Ireland peace process. We ensure access to critical records and support the development of shared archival and digital practices.

### VOICES Project (2023–2028)

An ERC-funded project at Trinity College Dublin, VOICES explores women’s roles in early modern Ireland. In partnership with the National Archives, researchers are digitising and transcribing over 1,100 Chancery Pleadings using AI.

### Central Statistics Office (CSO) Historic Census Project

Ongoing collaboration with the CSO continued in 2024 with regular meetings held with members of the CSO Historic Census project. This knowledge sharing has helped to improve reporting of the 1911 census and is exploring ongoing collaboration as part of the Census 1926 project.

These collaborations all demonstrate how the National Archives, with the support of key Government Departments, plays a central role in preserving, interpreting and sharing Ireland’s historical record. Together, we are building a more inclusive, accessible and digitally-connected archival future.

# Appendices



INSEALBHÚ AN UACHTARLÁIN  
INAUGURATION OF THE PRESIDENT

Ba mhóir ag  
an Taoiseach,  
chomh ceann an Rialtais,

The Taoiseach  
on behalf of the Government,  
requests the honor of the company of

at St. Patrick's Hall,  
Dublin Castle,  
for the

Inauguration of the President  
on Saturday, the 3rd December, 1983  
at 11.45 a.m. and  
at the reception afterwards

ag bheith i lárthiar  
i Halla Naomh Pádraig,  
Cairleán Bhanle Átha Cliath,  
Dé Sathairn, 3 Nollaig, 1983,  
ag 11.45 a.m. agus  
ag an bhFairctiú ina dhiairbhí

R.S.V.P. before 23rd November, 1983

# Appendix A

## Accessions 2024

Transfer of records pre-dating 1995 from Government Departments and Offices of State for release to public inspection under the National Archives Act, 1986, 30-year rule and Anglo-Irish records pre-dating 2004 released under the National Archives (Amendment) Act, 2018, 20-year rule: statement of position as of 31 December 2024

<b>Table 1</b> Transfer of records from Government Departments to the National Archives for release to public inspection under the 30-year rule: statement of position as of 31 December 2024			
<b>Department of</b>	<b>Records in National Archives</b>	<b>Records due for transfer</b>	<b>Last year records transferred</b>
Taoiseach: Central Registry	1919 to 1994	Transfers complete.	2024
Taoiseach: Northern Ireland Division	1995 to 2004	Transfers complete.	2024
Agriculture, Food and the Marine	1899 to 1960s	Transfers incomplete. Records from 1960s to 1994 outstanding. See also: Land Commission.	2021 (partial transfer)
Defence	1922 to 1993	Transfers received by the Military Archives, a place of deposit under Section 14 of the National Archives Act, 1986.	2023
Education	1831 to 1990s	Transfers incomplete. Records from 1900s to 1994 outstanding.	2024 (partial transfer)
Enterprise, Trade and Employment	1922 to 1976	Transfers incomplete. Records from 1960s to 1994 outstanding.	2009 (partial transfer)
Environment, Climate and Communications	1845 to 1980s	Transfers incomplete. Records from 1950s to 1994 outstanding.	2024 (partial transfer)
Finance	1922 to 1989	Transfers incomplete. Records from 1990–1994 are outstanding, in addition to a portion of records from the 1920s to 1989.	2024 (partial transfer)
Foreign Affairs: HQ Central Registry	1919 to 1994	Transfers complete, except for a number of diplomatic missions where records are transferred on a quinquennial basis.	2024
Foreign Affairs: Anglo-Irish Section	1995 to 2004	Transfers complete.	2024
Health	1920s to 1994	Transfers incomplete. Records from 1950s to 1994 outstanding.	2024 (partial transfer)
Housing, Local Government and Heritage	1838 to 1985	Transfers incomplete. Records from 1960s to 1994 outstanding.	2024 (partial transfer)
Justice	1918 to 1994	Transfers incomplete. Records from 1920s to 1944, and 1969 to 1989 transferred.	2024 (partial transfers)
Justice: Security and Northern Ireland Division	1995 to 2004	Transfers complete.	2024
Social Protection	1919 to 1992	Transfers incomplete. Social Welfare records from 1970s to 1994 outstanding.	2023 (partial transfer)
Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media	1922 to 1962; 1972 to 1992	Transfers incomplete. Records from 1950s to 1990s outstanding.	2023 (partial transfer)
Transport	1922 to 1990	Transfers incomplete. Records from 1960s to 1994 outstanding.	2024 (partial transfer)

**Table 2**  
**Transfer of records from the Courts to the National Archives for release to public inspection under the 30-year rule: statement of position as of 31 December 2024**

<b>Court</b>	<b>Last year of records in National Archives</b>	<b>Records due for transfer</b>	<b>Last year records transferred</b>
Supreme Court	1991	1994	2022
Court of Criminal Appeal	1972	1973–1994	1990
Central Criminal Court	1968	1969–1994	1987
High Court	1970	1971–1994	2000
Probate Office	1992	1994	2023
Circuit Courts	1990	<p>Transfers complete:  Cavan, Cork, Donegal, Galway, Kilkenny, Longford, Louth, Mayo, Monaghan, Sligo, Tipperary, Westmeath and Wexford.</p> <p>Transfers incomplete:  Carlow, Clare, Dublin, Kerry, Kildare, Laois, Leitrim, Limerick, Meath, Offaly, Roscommon, Waterford and Wicklow.</p>	2014
District Courts	1996	<p>Transfers complete:  Cavan, Cork, Galway, Kildare, Kilkenny, Louth, Monaghan, Sligo and Tipperary.</p> <p>Transfers incomplete:  Carlow, Clare, Dublin, Leitrim, Mayo and Waterford.</p> <p>No transfers:  Donegal, Kerry, Laois, Limerick, Longford, Meath, Offaly, Roscommon, Westmeath, Wexford and Wicklow.</p>	2013

**Table 3**  
**Bodies listed in the schedule to the National Archives Act, 1986 holding records eligible for transfer, but subject to Ministerial Direction of 1992 suspending requirement to transfer records under the 30-year rule due to accommodation constraints in the National Archives**

<b>Name of body</b>	<b>Observations</b>
Office of Secretary General to the President	Transfers completed to 1994.
Office of the Attorney General (including Parliamentary Draftsman's Office, Statute Law Reform and Consolidation Office and Chief State Solicitor's Office)	Records for the period 1922–1994 transferred.
Office of the Attorney General: Anglo-Irish records	Records for the period 1995–2003 transferred.
Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General	Records for the period 1920s–1962 transferred.
Central Statistics Office	Census 1926, 1936, 1946 and partial census records for 1951 transferred, but closed to public inspection for 100 years under the Statistics Act, 1997.
National Archives Advisory Council	Records for 1987–1994 are eligible for transfer.
National Archives	No records transferred. Records of predecessor Public Record Office of Ireland and State Paper Office of Ireland, 1867–1988, and National Archives, 1988–1994 eligible.
National Museum of Ireland (including Natural History Museum)	No records transferred. Place of deposit under Section 14 of the National Archives Act, 1986.
Office of the Paymaster General	No records transferred.
Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions	Partial transfer of administrative and financial records transferred, 1927–1985.
National Savings Committee	No records transferred.
Revenue Commissioners	Partial transfers received. Records from the 19th century to 1994 are eligible for transfer.
Appeals Commissioners (Income Tax)	No records transferred.
Commissioners of Public Works [Office of Public Works]	Records from the late 18th century to 1970s transferred. Records from the 1970s–1994 eligible for transfer.
State Laboratory	No records transferred.
Ordnance Survey (from 2023 functions transferred to Tailte Éireann)	Transfers of mapping documents up to 1870s and administrative records up to the 1920s completed. Administrative records from 1920s and an entire building full of late 19th to mid-20th century mapping records eligible for transfer.
Commissioner of Valuation and Chief Boundary Surveyor (from 2023 functions transferred to Tailte Éireann)	Records valuations up to 1865 and miscellaneous administrative records (1830–early 20th century) transferred. The Valuation Office still holds a very large quantity of documents from the mid-1800s to 1994.
Stationery Office	No records transferred.
Review Body on Higher Remuneration in the Public Sector	No records transferred.
Public Service Advisory Council	No records transferred.
Civil Service Arbitration Boards	No records transferred.
Civil Service Commissioners	Records for the period 1927–1970s accepted by National Archives for safekeeping, but have not been reviewed for public inspection.
Local Appointments Commissioners	Records for the period 1927–1970s accepted by National Archives for safekeeping, but have not been reviewed for public inspection.
An Garda Síochána	No records transferred.
Land Registry (from 2023 functions transferred to Tailte Éireann)	No records transferred.
Registry of Deeds (from 2018 functions transferred to Property Registration Authority, and from 2023 to Tailte Éireann)	No records transferred. Eligible records span the years 1708–2017.
Prisons and St Patrick's Institution	Records of closed prisons from 1795 to 1922 transferred, also Mountjoy Prison to 1970s. No post-1922 records transferred by other bodies.
Office of the Film Censor (from July 2008, known as the Irish Film Classification Office)	Records 1920s to 1990 transferred.
Censorship of Films Appeal Board	Records 1920s to 1977 transferred.

**Table 3**  
**Bodies listed in the schedule to the National Archives Act, 1986 holding records eligible for transfer, but subject to Ministerial Direction of 1992 suspending requirement to transfer records under the 30-year rule due to accommodation constraints in the National Archives**

<b>Name of body</b>	<b>Observations</b>
Censorship of Publications Board	No records transferred.
Censorship of Publications Appeal Board	No records transferred.
Criminal Injuries Compensation Tribunal	No records transferred.
Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests	Records from 19th to the mid-20th centuries transferred.
The Water Pollution Advisory Council	No records transferred.
The Rent Tribunal	No records transferred.
National Manpower Service	No records transferred.
The Labour Court	Records from 1946 to 1980 transferred.
Rights Commissioners	No records transferred.
Employment Appeals Tribunal	No records transferred.
The Levy Appeals Tribunal	No records transferred.
Companies Registration Office	Records of dissolved companies, 1920s–1986 transferred.
Patents Office	No records transferred.
Registry of Friendly Societies	Records c1860–c1967 transferred.
Restrictive Practices Commission	No records transferred.
Office of the Examiner of Restrictive Practices	No records transferred.
National Prices Commission	No records transferred.
Office of the Director of Consumer Affairs	No records transferred.
Registry of Building Societies	No records transferred.
National Consumer Advisory Council	No records transferred.
Motor Insurance Advisory Board	No records transferred.
An Coimisiún Dumpála	No records transferred.
Land Commission	Records of the former Irish Land Commission, now the Land Commission Records Branch of the Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine and records of the Congested Districts Board, late 19th century.  To date, c350,850 Land Commission files relating to the fixing of fair rents in 19 counties have been transferred. Currently, due to storage constraints the files cannot be made available to the public.
Office of Controller of Plant Breeders Rights	No records transferred.
Judicial Commissioner of Land Commission	No records transferred.
Appeal Tribunal of Land Commission	No records transferred.
Public Trustee of Land Commission	No records transferred.
Defence Forces	Records transferred to the Military Archives.
Army Pensions Board	Records transferred to the Military Archives.
General Register Office	No records transferred.
National Library (including the Genealogical Office)	No records transferred. Place of deposit under Section 14 of the National Archives Act, 1986.
Geological Survey of Ireland	No records transferred. Place of deposit under Section 14 of the National Archives Act, 1986.

## Records accessioned from Government Departments and Offices of State during 2024

<b>Table 1</b>		
<b>Records accessioned from Government Departments during 2024</b>		
<b>Accession number</b>	<b>Department of</b>	<b>Description</b>
2024/33	Communications	Construction of the Atlantic Satellite, 1984–1989.
2024/29	Education	Circulars, c1920–1965.
2023/84	Finance	Finance Division, files opened in the 1990s.
2023/86	Finance	Finance Division, files opened in the 1920s.
2024/27	Finance	Records relating to Sinn Fein and the Republican courts, 1896–1928.
2024/119	Finance	Personal (Injuries) Committee administration records, 1920s.
2024/121	Finance	Civil Service Census files, 1924–1950.
2022/49	Foreign Affairs	Anglo-Irish Section, 2002.
2023/10	Foreign Affairs	Anglo-Irish Section, 2003.
2023/56	Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to Germany, 1966–1993.
2023/57	Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to Finland, 1972–1993.
2023/60	Foreign Affairs	Permanent Representation of Ireland to the United Nations, New York, 1965–1989.
2023/61	Foreign Affairs	Consulate General of Ireland to the USA, New York, 1985–1993.
2023/72	Foreign Affairs	Permanent Representation of Ireland to the United Nations, Geneva, 1967–1993.
2023/74	Foreign Affairs	Permanent Representation of Ireland to the European Union, Brussels, 1970–1993.
2024/51	Foreign Affairs	Secretary General's Office, 1981–1994.
2024/52	Foreign Affairs	Central Registry files, 1940–1994.
2024/71	Foreign Affairs	Anglo-Irish Section, 2004.
2023/91	Health	'L' series, psychiatric care, 1942–1988.
2024/74	Health	'A' series, institutional health services, 1943–1993.
2024/75	Health	'P' series, Health Bill, 1969, 1959–1974.
2024/76	Health	Miscellaneous financial subheads, 1989–1994.
2024/94	Health	'M' series: pharmaceutical services, 1971–1986.
2019/150	Justice	Civil Law Reform Division, 1922–1992.
2024/106	Justice	Weights and measures, 1962–1983.
2024/107	Justice	Game Preservation Act, 1930; Wildlife, Preservation of Wildlife, 1970–1983.
2024/108	Justice	Film censorship, 1923–1999.
2024/109	Justice	Hawkers, 1934–1954.
2024/110	Justice	League of Nations Advisory Committee, 1948–1977.
2024/111	Justice	Charges Against Army, 1922–1929.
2024/112	Justice	Security and Northern Ireland, 1997–2004.
2023/149	Local Government	Planning Appeals Section, 1970–1985.
2024/5	Taoiseach	Central Registry, 1931–1994.
2024/28	Taoiseach	Northern Ireland Division, 1978–2001.
2024/130	Taoiseach	Northern Ireland Division, 1991–2003.
2023/145	Transport	Air Navigation Services Division, 1951–1976.

**Table 2**  
**Records accessioned from Scheduled Bodies during 2024**

Accession number	Scheduled body	Description
2024/105	Office of the Attorney General	Informal Committee on the Constitution, 1966-1967.
2020/7	Office of the Revenue Commissioners	Customs and Excise Division, 1889-1998.
2023/174	Office of the Attorney General	Registered subject-related series, 1937-1994.
2023/176	Office of the Attorney General	Anglo-Irish files, 1999-2004.
2024/104	Office of the Secretary to the President	Registered files, 1964-1994.

**Table 3**  
**Records accessioned from Court Offices and Probate Registries during 2024**

2023/46	High Court	Dundalk District Probate Office: 1991 testamentary records.
2023/76	High Court	Dundalk District Probate Office: 1992 testamentary records.

**Table 4**  
**Records accessioned from other sources during 2024**

Accession number	Description
2024/34	Commandant General Charlie Daly papers, 1907-1925.
2024/122	GA Newsom papers, 1916-1917.
2024/7	Two routine work notes written by Michael Collins, 1922.

## Finding aids published on the National Archives website during 2024

Department/Office	Description	Reference number
Communications, Energy and Natural Resources	Wireless and broadcasting, 1933–1981.	2008/64
Finance	Personal injury compensation files, 1920–1957.	2021/92
Finance	Supply Division files, 1970s.	2022/99
Finance	Finance Division files, 1980s.	2023/17
Finance	Finance Division files, 1920s.	2022/89
Finance	Finance Division files, 1940s.	2022/90
Finance	Supply Division files, 1920s.	2022/94
Finance	Supply Division files, 1980s.	2023/22
Finance	Supply Division files, 1940s.	2023/25
Finance	Supply Division files, 1930s.	2022/95
Finance	Supply Division files, 1940s.	2022/96
Foreign Affairs	Anglo-Irish Section, 1965–1999.	2022/45
Foreign Affairs	Anglo-Irish Section, 1970–2000.	2022/47
Foreign Affairs	Anglo-Irish Section, 1925–2001.	2022/48
Foreign Affairs	Central Registry files, 1919–1998.	2023/47
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1986–1990.	2021/53
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1984–1991.	2021/54
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1983–1992.	2021/55
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1983–1993.	2021/56
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1944–1994.	2021/57
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1988–1995.	2021/58
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1988–1996.	2021/59
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1990–1997.	2021/60
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1984–1998.	2021/61
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1990–1999.	2023/51
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1988–2000.	2023/52
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1984–2001.	2023/53
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1988–2002.	2023/54
Foreign Affairs	Secretary's Office, 1977–1993.	2023/48
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to Estonia, 1991–1993.	2023/103
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the UK, 1992–1993.	2023/58
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to Japan, 1975–1993.	2023/67
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to Zambia, 1992–1993.	2023/69
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to Iran, 1981–1993.	2023/70
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the Holy See, 1984–1993.	2023/71
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to Egypt, 1990–1993.	2023/73
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to Germany, 1970–1989.	2019/114
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the USA, 1977–1993.	2023/65
Foreign Affairs	Anglo-Irish Section, 1987–1990.	2020/26
Foreign Affairs	Anglo-Irish Section, 1977–1992.	2021/46
Foreign Affairs	Anglo-Irish Section, 1971–1997.	2021/51
Foreign Affairs	Anglo-Irish Section, 1971–1998.	2021/52
Foreign Affairs	Consulate General of Ireland, San Francisco, 1977–1991.	2021/73
Foreign Affairs	Central Registry files, 1929–1991.	2021/78
Foreign Affairs	Permanent Mission of Ireland to the United Nations, New York, 1973–1991.	2021/80

Department/Office	Description	Reference number
Foreign Affairs	Secretary's Office, 1920–1992.	2022/24
Foreign Affairs	Consulate General of Ireland to Chicago, 1933–1992.	2022/69
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to the USSR, 1976–1989.	2019/126
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to China, 1978–1995.	2019/155
Foreign Affairs	Embassy of Ireland to Australia, 1982–1991.	2021/76
Foreign Affairs	Permanent Representation of Ireland to the European Union, Brussels, 1961–1971.	2001/13
Foreign Affairs	Permanent Mission of Ireland to the United Nations, New York, 1956–1971.	2001/29
Health	'A' series, institutional health services, 1941–1993.	2023/89
Health	'H' series, construction of health premises, 1948–1993.	2023/90
Health	Childcare policy, 1953–1992.	2021/111
Health	'A' series, institutional health services, 1930–1978.	1992/21
Health	'B' series, food and drug administration files, 1930–1978.	1990/121
Health	'M' series, School Medical Services General Scheme, 1904–1968.	1990/124
Health	'B' series, food and drug administration, 1929–1963.	1992/22
Health	'M' series, School Medical Services General Scheme, 1929–1968.	1992/25
Health	'L' series, psychiatric care, 1889–1978.	1992/26
Irish Film Classification Office	Annual reports, 1924–1965.	2023/133
Justice	Security and Northern Ireland, 1988–2004.	2023/153
Justice	Prisoner/military service pension queries, 1950–1959.	2023/157
Justice	Royal Irish Constabulary, 1922–1930.	2023/158
Justice	Public Safety: Emergency Powers Act, 1923, 1923–1924.	2023/134
Justice	Department of Home Affairs: series H260 lunatics, 1891–1933.	2023/135
Justice	Department of Home Affairs: series H103 policing, 1914–1952.	2019/158
Justice	Department of Home Affairs: series H4 passports, 1915–1932.	2019/89
Justice	Public entertainment, 1923–1978.	90/98
Local Government	Planning Appeal Section, 1970–1985.	2023/149
Office of the Attorney General	Anglo-Irish files, 1986–2003.	2023/2
Office of the Attorney General	Registered subject-related files, 1929–1993.	2023/5
Office of the Attorney General	Parliamentary Counsel files, 1990–1993.	2023/6
Office of the Secretary to the President	Registered files, 1938–1993.	2019/172
Office of the Secretary to the President	Registered files, 1938–1990.	2020/15
Office of the Secretary to the President	Registered files, 1938–1997.	2023/146
Private Accession	Commandant General Charlie Daly papers, 1907–1925.	PRIV1445
Private Accession	Royal Irish Academy of Music: examination book, 1889–1896.	PRIV1438
Private Accession	Irish Manuscripts Commission records, 1928–1958.	PRIV97/42
Private Accession	Mills and mill owners in Ireland: records of Seán O Léime, Milling Inspector for the Department of Industry and Commerce.	PRIV1439
Private Accession	Mary Gallagher, Finner, County Donegal: widow, probated will, 1896–1898.	T20498
Private Accession	John Wright Switzer, Moyvalley, County Kildare: probated will, 1891–1892.	T20499
Social Protection	Planning Secretariat, 1970–1991.	2021/82
Taoiseach	Dromcollogher Disaster Relief Funds, 1926–1948.	TSCH/9
Taoiseach	Central Registry files, 1945–1994.	2023/1
Taoiseach	Northern Ireland files, 1971–2000.	2023/154
Taoiseach	Northern Ireland files, 1995–2001.	2023/155
Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media	Arts, Film and Investment Unit, 1926–1990.	2023/171
Transport	Air Navigation Services Division, 1988–2002.	2023/36
Transport, Tourism and Sport	Siemens-Schuckert, Berlin: 'The Electrification of the Irish Free State. The Shannon Scheme II Hydraulic Part-Power plant', 1924.	2019/141

# Appendix B

## 2024 Disposal certificates issued

NAI Reference	Department	Section	Date issued
NAD_2024_1	Tailte Éireann	REPS files, 2001 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_2	Tailte Éireann	Financial accounting: arrears and balances records, 2015 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_3	Tailte Éireann	Financial accounting: bank account management records, 2015 – ongoing and financial accounting: bank statements, 2015 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_4	Tailte Éireann	Financial Accounting: bill receipts and cleared cheques, 2015 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_5	Tailte Éireann	Financial Accounting: credit card records, 2015 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_6	Tailte Éireann	Financial Accounting: invoices, 2015 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_7	Tailte Éireann	Financial Accounting: lodgements, 2015 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_8	Tailte Éireann	Travel and subsistence claim processing records, 2015 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_9	Tailte Éireann	Financial Accounting: payment records, 2015 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_10	Tailte Éireann	Financial Accounting: purchase orders, 2015 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_11	Tailte Éireann	Financial Accounting: Reconciliations, 2015 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_12	Tailte Éireann	Tax Clearance Certificates, 2015 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_13	Tailte Éireann	VAT [Value Added Tax] records, 2015 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_14	Tailte Éireann	Revision files, 1997 – ongoing	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_15	Health	Parliamentary Questions (PQs)	03/09/2021
NAD_2024_16	Enterprise, Trade and Employment	420/02/05: Export Licencing Company Files (applications), 1998 – ongoing (paper format only) and 420/02/04/0096/1: Miscellaneous Exporter Profiles, 1998 – ongoing (paper format only)	Awaiting return of certificate from Department
NAD_2024_17	Courts Service	District Court criminal minute books (post Criminal Case Tracking System) (paper only), 2008 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_18	Courts Service	District Court “Disposed of Courts” files, 1961 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_19	Courts Service	Circuit Court criminal jury panel records, 1961 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_20	Courts Service	Circuit Court Sheriff case files, 1920 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_21	Courts Service	District Court / Circuit Court interpreter invoices and time sheets, 1961 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_22	Courts Service	District Court An Garda Síochána summons application forms (SA1 and SA2), 1999 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_23	Courts Service	District Court criminal register of fine warrants (post Criminal Case Tracking System), 2008 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_24	Courts Service	District Court criminal fines register (post Criminal Case Tracking System), 2008 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_25	Courts Service	District and Circuit Court judges’ personal note books in paper format only, 1961 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_26	Courts Service	District Court / Circuit Court warrant register, 2011 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_27	Courts Service	Circuit Court Sheriff Account files, 1961 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_28	Courts Service	District Court CCTS (Criminal Case Tracking System) daily fine receipts, 2005 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_29	Courts Service	District Court fine warrants withdrawn, 1961 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_30	Courts Service	Legal Aid Registers, 1961 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_31	Courts Service	Disqualifications Registers, 1961 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_32	Courts Service	Poor Box Registers, 1961 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_33	Courts Service	Interpreters Registers, 1961 – ongoing	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_34	Social Protection	FOI case files, 1997 – ongoing	08/05/2024

NAI Reference	Department	Section	Date issued
NAD_2024_35	Social Protection	Annotations, 2002 – ongoing	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_36	Social Protection	Uploaded Documents, 2002 – ongoing	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_37	Social Protection	Scanned Documents, 2002 – ongoing	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_38	Social Protection	Communications, 2002 – ongoing	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_39	Social Protection	Customer Payments, 2002 – ongoing	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_40	Social Protection	Child Benefit Payment, 2002 – ongoing	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_41	Social Protection	Early Childhood Supplement, 2006 – 2010	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_42	Social Protection	Compensatory Payment Scheme (CPS), 2008 – 2010	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_43	Social Protection	Customer Certificates, 2002 – ongoing	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_44	Social Protection	Appointments, 2002 – ongoing	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_45	Social Protection	Means Documents, 2002 – ongoing	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_46	Social Protection	Debt Information, 2002 – ongoing	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_47	Social Protection	PRSI (Pay Related Social Insurance) Refunds, 2002 – ongoing	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_48	Social Protection	Investigations, 2002 – ongoing	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_49	Social Protection	Jobseekers and Public Service Card Signatures, 2002 – ongoing	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_50	Tailte Éireann	Work Returns, 1977 – ongoing	24/06/2024
NAD_2024_51	Tailte Éireann	Copy Applications, 2003 – ongoing	22/07/2024
NAD_2024_52	Tailte Éireann	Work Diaries, 1980 – ongoing	24/06/2024
NAD_2024_53	Finance	Exchequer Daily Processing Documents, 2008 – 2021	27/05/2024
NAD_2024_54	Social Protection	PRSI (Pay Related Social Insurance) Refunds, 2005 – ongoing	22/07/2024
NAD_2024_55	Social Protection	Liable Relatives, 2004 – ongoing	15/07/2024
NAD_2024_56	Social Protection	CCTV Images, 1993 – ongoing	13/09/2024
NAD_2024_57	Agriculture	Inheritance Enquiry Unit Files, 2009 – ongoing	12/09/2024
NAD_2024_58	Agriculture	Younger Farmers Scheme Applications, 2015 – ongoing	12/09/2024
NAD_2024_59	Transport	Financial Advice to Agencies, 2010 – 2016	24/09/2024
NAD_2024_60	Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media	Minister's Office: representations to the Minister, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_61	Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media	Minister's Office: invitations to the Minister: regrets, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_62	Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media	Minister's Office: invitations to the Minister: accepted, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_63	Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media	Minister's Office: ministerial travel abroad, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_64	Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media	Minister's Office: petty cash forms, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_65	Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media	Minister's Office: weekly breakdown of Minister's Diary, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_66	Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media	Minister's Office: Cost Centre Analysis Reports, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_67	Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media	Minister's Office: driver's forms, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD/2024/68	Tailte Éireann	An Post Registered Books, 1985 – ongoing	21/11/2024
NAD/2024/69	Tailte Éireann	Copy Instrument Applications, 2003 – ongoing	21/11/2024
NAD/2024/70	Tailte Éireann	Miscellaneous Legal Casework Correspondence, 1983 – ongoing	21/11/2024
NAD/2024/71	Tailte Éireann	Land Certificate Requisitions, 1994 – 2005	21/11/2024
NAD/2024/72	Tailte Éireann	Registrars Order Books, 1965 – 2010	21/11/2024
NAD/2024/73	Housing	FOI files	10/12/2024
NAD/2024/74	Housing	PQ case files	10/12/2024
NAD/2024/75	Agriculture	Organics and Market Support schemes case files, 2000 – ongoing	Awaiting return of disposal certificate
NAD/2024/76	Revenue	Relevant Contact Tax, 1983 – 1999	07/01/2025
NAD/2024/77	Transport	Marine Safety Policy Division: estimates, 1952 – 1989	Refused

NAI Reference	Department	Section	Date issued
NAD/2024/78	Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media	Capstone email project, 1990 – ongoing	Awaiting return of disposal certificate
NAD/2024/79	Children	Mother and Baby Homes Commission of Investigation archive: identity verification for access requests, 2021 – ongoing	16/01/2025
NAD/2024/80	Social Protection	Customer medical data, 2002 – ongoing	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/81	Social Protection	BOMi2 objects, 2002 – ongoing	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/82	Social Protection	BOMi4 objects, 2002 – ongoing	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/83	Social Protection	Light Claim Scheme Objects, 2002 – ongoing	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/84	Social Protection	Short Term Scheme Objects, 2002 – ongoing	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/85	Social Protection	Audit Logs, 2002 – ongoing	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/86	Social Protection	BOMi Tasks, 2002 – ongoing	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/87	Social Protection	eForms, 2002 – ongoing	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/88	Social Protection	Appeals Office Generic Electronic Mailbox Communications, 2006 – ongoing	19/12/2024

**Total:**

- c765,000 files
- c52 million electronic records



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- thart ar 52 milliún tairlead leictreonach
- thart ar 765,000 comhad

## Iomlán:

Tagairt NAÍ	Roinn	Rannóg	Data eisithe
NAD/2024/73	Tithíocht	Comhaid SF	10/12/2024
NAD/2024/74	Tithíocht	Cás-chomhaid Cheisteanna Parlaiminte	10/12/2024
NAD/2024/75	Talmhaíocht	Cáschomhaid scéimeanna Orgánacha agus Tacíochta Margaidh, 2000 – fós idir lámha	Ag fanacht ar thabhairt ar ais deimhnithe díscartha
NAD/2024/76	Ioncam Reatha	Cáin Teagmhála Iomchuí, 1983 – 1999	07/01/2025
NAD/2024/77	Iompar	An Rannán Beartais um Shábáilteacht Mhuiri: meastacháin, 1952 – 1989	Dúiltaithe
NAD/2024/78	Turasóireacht, Cultúr, Ealaíona, Gaeltacht, Spórt agus Meáin	Tionscadal ríomhphoist Capstone, 1990 – fós idir lámha	Ag fanacht ar thabhairt ar ais deimhnithe díscartha
NAD/2024/79	Leanaí	Cartlann Choimisiún Imscrúdaithe um Thithe Mátireacha agus Leanaí: Forú céannachta le haghaidh iarrtais rochtana, 2021 – fós idir lámha	16/01/2025
NAD/2024/80	Coimrice Sóisialaí	Sonraí leighis custaiméirí, 2002 – fós idir lámha	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/81	Coimrice Sóisialaí	Réada BOM12, 2002 – fós idir lámha	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/82	Coimrice Sóisialaí	Réada BOM14, 2002 – fós idir lámha	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/83	Coimrice Sóisialaí	Réada Scéim Eilimh Eadroma, 2002 – ar síúl	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/84	Coimrice Sóisialaí	Réada Scéim Gheartéarmach, 2002 – fós idir lámha	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/85	Coimrice Sóisialaí	Logaí Iníochóireachta, 2002 – fós idir lámha	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/86	Coimrice Sóisialaí	Tascanna BOM1, 2002 – fós idir lámha	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/87	Coimrice Sóisialaí	Foirmeacha leictreonacha, 2002 – fós idir lámha	19/12/2024
NAD/2024/88	Coimrice Sóisialaí	Cumarsáid Ríomhphoist Ghinearálta Oifige na nAchoimhar, 2006 – fós idir lámha	19/12/2024

Tagairt NAÍ	Roinn	Rannóg	Data eisithe
NAD_2024_30	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Clair na nAteangairí, 1961 – ar síl	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_31	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Clair Díchaillochtai, 1961 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_32	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Clair na mBoscaí Déirce, 1961 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_33	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Clair na nAteangairí, 1961 – ar síl	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_34	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Cás-chomhad um SF, 1997 – fós idir lámha	08/05/2024
NAD_2024_35	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Anótálacha, 2002 – fós idir lámha	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_36	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Doiciméid arna nUasáidáil, 2002 – fós idir lámha	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_37	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Doiciméid arna Scanadh, 2002 – fós idir lámha	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_38	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Cumarsáid, 2002 – fós idir lámha	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_39	Coimirce Sóisialaí	lOcaochtaí Custaiméirí, 2002 – fós idir lámha	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_40	Coimirce Sóisialaí	lOcaocht Sochair Leanaí, 2002 – fós idir lámha	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_41	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Forlonadh Luath-Óige, 2006 – 2010	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_42	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Scéim lOcaochta Cúitímh (SIC), 2008 – 2010	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_43	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Teastais Chustaiméirí, 2002 – fós idir lámha	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_44	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Coimn, 2002 – fós idir lámha	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_45	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Doiciméid Acmhainní, 2002 – ar síl	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_46	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Faisnéis Fíachais, 2002 – fós idir lámha	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_47	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Aisíocaíochtaí ÁSPC (Arachas Sóisialach Pá-Choibhneasta), 2002 – fós idir lámha	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_48	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Imscrúdúithe, 2002 – ar síl	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_49	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Sínthe Cártaí Cuardaitheoirí Poist agus Seirbhíse Poiblí, 2002 – ar síl	13/06/2024
NAD_2024_50	Tailte Éireann	Tuairiscéáin Oibre, 1977 – fós idir lámha	24/06/2024
NAD_2024_51	Tailte Éireann	Iarratais Choipe, 2003 – fós idir lámha	22/07/2024
NAD_2024_52	Tailte Éireann	Dialanna Oibre, 1980 – fós idir lámha	24/06/2024
NAD_2024_53	Airgeadas	Doiciméid Próiseála Laethúla an Stáitchiste, 2008 – 2021	27/05/2024
NAD_2024_54	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Aisíocaíochtaí ÁSPC (Arachas Sóisialach Pá-Choibhneasta), 2005 – fós idir lámha	22/07/2024
NAD_2024_55	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Gaolta faoi Dhiliteanas, 2004 – ar síl	15/07/2024
NAD_2024_56	Coimirce Sóisialaí	Iomhánna TCI, 1993 – idir lámha	13/09/2024
NAD_2024_57	Talmhaíocht	Comhadí Aonaid Fiosrúcháin Oidhreacht, 2009 – ar síl	12/09/2024
NAD_2024_58	Talmhaíocht	Iarratais ar an Scéim d'Fheirmeoirí Óga, 2015 – fós idir lámha	12/09/2024
NAD_2024_59	Iompar	Comhairle Airgeadais do Ghníomhairreachtaí, 2010–2016	24/09/2024
NAD_2024_60	Turasóireacht, Cultúr, Ealaíona, Gaeltacht, Spórt agus Meáin	Offig an Aire: ionadaíochtaí chug an Aire, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_61	Turasóireacht, Cultúr, Ealaíona, Gaeltacht, Spórt agus Meáin	Offig an Aire: cuirí chug an Aire: aifeála, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_62	Turasóireacht, Cultúr, Ealaíona, Gaeltacht, Spórt agus Meáin	Offig an Aire: cuirí chug an Aire: glactha, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_63	Turasóireacht, Cultúr, Ealaíona, Gaeltacht, Spórt agus Meáin	Offig an Aire: taiséal thar lear ag airí, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_64	Turasóireacht, Cultúr, Ealaíona, Gaeltacht, Spórt agus Meáin	Offig an Aire: foirmeacha airgid mhionlaigh, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_65	Turasóireacht, Cultúr, Ealaíona, Gaeltacht, Spórt agus Meáin	Offig an Aire: miondealu seachtainiúil ar Dhlíann an Aire, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_66	Turasóireacht, Cultúr, Ealaíona, Gaeltacht, Spórt agus Meáin	Offig an Aire: Tuarascálacha Anailise ar Ionad Costais, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_67	Turasóireacht, Cultúr, Ealaíona, Gaeltacht, Spórt agus Meáin	Offig an Aire: foirmeacha tiománaíthe, 1998 – 2022	07/10/2024
NAD_2024_68	Tailte Éireann	Leabhair Chláraithe de chuid an Post, 1985 – fós idir lámha	21/11/2024
NAD_2024_69	Tailte Éireann	Iarratais um Ionstraimí Cóipe, 2003 – fós idir lámha	21/11/2024
NAD_2024_70	Tailte Éireann	Comhfhreagras Ilghnéitheach um Chásanna Dlí, 1983 – fós idir lámha	21/11/2024
NAD_2024_71	Tailte Éireann	Iarratais ar Theastais Talún, 1994 – 2005	21/11/2024
NAD_2024_72	Tailte Éireann	Leabhair Orduithe na gCláraitheoirí, 1965 – 2010	21/11/2024

# Aguisín B Deimhnithe diúscartha 2024 eisithe

Tagairt NAÍ	Roinn	Rannóg	Data eisithe
NAD_2024_1	Tailte Éireann	Comhaid REPS, 2001 – ar síúl	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_2	Tailte Éireann	Cuntasíocht airgeadais: tairfid riaráistí agus iarmhéideanna, 2015 – leanúnach	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_3	Tailte Éireann	Cuntasíocht airgeadais: tairfid bhainistíochta cuntas bainc, 2015 – leanúnach agus cuntasíocht airgeadais: ráitis bhainc, 2015 – leanúnach	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_4	Tailte Éireann	Cuntasíocht Airgeadais: admhálacha billí agus seiceanna imreithe, 2015 – ar síúl	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_5	Tailte Éireann	Cuntasíocht Airgeadais: tairfid cártaí creidimheasa, 2015 – ar síúl	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_6	Tailte Éireann	Cuntasíocht Airgeadais: sonraisc, 2015 – ar síúl	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_7	Tailte Éireann	Cuntasíocht Airgeadais: lóistíochtaí, 2015 – ar síúl	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_8	Tailte Éireann	Tairfid phróiseála eileamh tairistíl agus cothaithe, 2015 – ar síúl	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_9	Tailte Éireann	Cuntasíocht Airgeadais: tairfid focaíochta, 2015 – ar síúl	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_10	Tailte Éireann	Cuntasíocht Airgeadais: orduithe ceannaigh, 2015 – ar síúl	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_11	Tailte Éireann	Cuntasíocht Airgeadais: Réitigh, 2015 – ar síúl	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_12	Tailte Éireann	Deimhnithe Imreithe Cànach, 2015 – fós idir lámha	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_13	Tailte Éireann	Tairfid CBL [Cáin Bhréisiuach], 2015 – fós idir lámha	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_14	Tailte Éireann	Comhaid leasaithe, 1997 – fós idir lámha	22/04/2024
NAD_2024_15	Siáinte	Ceisteanna Parlaiminte (Cpanna)	03/09/2021
NAD_2024_16	Flontar, Trádála agus Fostáilochta	420/02/05: Comhaid Chuideacha Ceadúnúcháin Easpórtála (Iarratais), 1998 – ar síúl (formáid pháipéir amháin) agus (Iarratais), 1998 – ar síúl (formáid pháipéir amháin) agus (Iarratais) 1998 – fós idir lámha (formáid pháipéir amháin) 1998 – fós idir lámha (formáid pháipéir amháin) ón Roinn	Ag Fanacht le deimhníú a fháil ar ais
NAD_2024_17	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Leabhair miontuairiscí coirúla na Cúirte Dúiche (Iar-Chóras Rianaithe Cásanna Coirúla) (páipéar amháin), 2008 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_18	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Comhaid “Curtas de láimh ag Cúirteanna” na Cúirte Dúiche, 1961 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_19	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Tairfid pháipeil ghluine coirúil na Cúirte Cuarda, 1961 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_20	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Comhaid chas de chuid Shirriam na Cúirte Cuarda, 1920 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_21	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Sonraisc agus bileoga ama a teangeaire na Cúirte Dúiche / na Cúirte Cuarda, 1961 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_22	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	An Chúirt Dúiche Ghairm an Garda Síochána foirmeacha (Iarratais (SA1 agus SA2), 1999 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_23	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Clár coirúil na Cúirte Dúiche de bharántais fineála (Iar-Chóras Rianaithe Cásanna Coirúla), 2008 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_24	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Clár fineálacha coirúla na Cúirte Dúiche (Iar-Chóras Rianaithe Cásanna Coirúla), 2008 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_25	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Leabhair nótaí pearsanta bhreithiúna na Cúirte Dúiche agus na Cúirte Cuarda i bhformáid pháipéir amháin, 1961 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_26	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Clár barántais na Cúirte Dúiche / na Cúirte Cuarda, 2011 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2021_27	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Comhaid Chuntais de chuid Shirriam na Cúirte Cuarda, 1961 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_28	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Admhálacha fineálacha laethúla CTI (Córas Rianaithe Cásanna Coirúla) na Cúirte Dúiche, 2005 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024
NAD_2024_29	An tSeirbhís Cuirteanna	Barántais fineála na Cúirte Dúiche tarraingthe siar, 1961 – fós idir lámha	20/03/2024

Roinn/Oifig	Cur Síos	Uimhir thagartha
Gnóthaí Eachtracha	Oifig an Rúnaí, 1920-1992.	2022/24
Gnóthaí Eachtracha	Ard-Chonсалacht na hÉireann go Chicago, 1933-1992.	2022/69
Gnóthaí Eachtracha	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an APSS, 1976-1989.	2019/126
Gnóthaí Eachtracha	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an tSín, 1978-1995.	2019/155
Gnóthaí Eachtracha	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Astráil, 1982-1991.	2021/76
Gnóthaí Eachtracha	Buanionadatocht na hÉireann chug an Aontas Eorpach, an Bhruiséil, 1961-1971.	2001/13
Gnóthaí Eachtracha	Buanmhisean na hÉireann chug na Náisiúin Aontaithe, Nua-Eabhrac, 1956-1971.	2001/29
Sláinte	Sraith 'A', seirbhísl sláinte institiúideacha, 1941-1993.	2023/89
Sláinte	Sraith 'H', tógáil áitreabh sláinte, 1948-1993.	2023/90
Sláinte	Cúram leanal beartas, 1953-1992.	2021/111
Sláinte	Sraith 'A', seirbhísl sláinte institiúideacha, 1930-1978.	1992/21
Sláinte	Sraith 'B', comhaid naracháin bia agus drugaí, 1930-1978.	1990/121
Sláinte	Sraith 'M', scéim Ghinearálta Seirbhísl Leighis Scoile, 1904-1968.	1990/124
Sláinte	Sraith 'B', narachán bia agus drugaí, 1929-1963.	1992/22
Sláinte	Sraith 'M', scéim Ghinearálta Seirbhísl Leighis Scoile, 1929-1968.	1992/25
Sláinte	Sraith 'L', cúram síciatrach, 1889-1978.	1992/26
Oifig Aicmíthe Scannán na hÉireann	Tuarascáil Bhliantúla, 1924-1965.	2023/133
Cóir	Stándáil agus Tuaisceart Éireann, 1988-2004.	2023/153
Cóir	Fiosrúcháin faoi phinsean príosúnach/seirbhíse míleata, 1950-1959.	2023/157
Cóir	Constablaicht Ríoga na hÉireann, 1922-1930.	2023/158
Cóir	Sábháilleacht Phoiblí: Acht Cumhachta Eigeandála, 1923, 1923-1924.	2023/134
Cóir	An Roinn Gnóthaí Baile: sraith H260 gealta, 1891-1933.	2023/135
Cóir	An Roinn Gnóthaí Baile: sraith H103 póillneacht, 1914-1952.	2019/158
Cóir	An Roinn Gnóthaí Baile: sraith H4 pasanna, 1915-1932.	2019/89
Cóir	Siamsaíocht phoiblí, 1923-1978.	90/98
Rialtas Aitiúil	An Rannán um Achomhairc Phleanála, 1970-1985.	2023/149
Oifig an Ard-Aighne	Comhaid Angla-Éireannach, 1986-2003.	2023/2
Oifig an Ard-Aighne	Comhaid chláraithe a bhaineann leis an ábhar, 1929-1993.	2023/5
Oifig an Ard-Aighne	Comhaid Chomhairleoirí Parlaiminte, 1990-1993.	2023/6
Oifig Rúnaí an Uachtaráin	Comhaid chláraithe, 1938-1993.	2019/172
Oifig Rúnaí an Uachtaráin	Comhaid chláraithe, 1938-1990.	2020/15
Oifig Rúnaí an Uachtaráin	Comhaid chláraithe, 1938-1997.	2023/146
Rochtain Phróbháideach	Fáipéir an Cheannfort-Ghinearál Charlie Daly, 1907-1925.	PRIV1445
Rochtain Phróbháideach	Acadamh Ríoga Ceoil na hÉireann: leabhar scrúdaithe, 1889-1896.	PRIV1438
Rochtain Phróbháideach	Taifid Choimisiún Lamhscribhinní na hÉireann, 1928-1958.	PRIV97/42
Rochtain Phróbháideach	Muilte agus uinéir muilte in Éirinn: taifid Sheáin Uí Léime, Cigire	PRIV1439
Rochtain Phróbháideach	Maire Gallagher, Campa Fionnabhair, Contae Dhún na nGall: baintréach, uacht dheimhínithe, 1896-1898.	T20498
Rochtain Phróbháideach	John Wright Switzer, Maigh Bhealaigh, Contae Chill Dara: uacht dheimhínithe, 1891-1892.	T20499
Coimisce Sóisialaí	An Rúnaíocht Phleanála, 1970-1991.	2021/82
Taoiseach	Cistí Faoisimh Tubaiste Dhrom Collachair, 1926-1948.	TSCH/9
Taoiseach	Comhaid an Chláraithe Láir, 1945-1994.	2023/1
Taoiseach	Comhaid Thuaisceart Éireann, 1971-2000.	2023/154
Taoiseach	Comhaid Thuaisceart Éireann, 1995-2001.	2023/155
Turasóireacht, Cultúr, Ealaíona, Gaeltacht, Spórt agus Meáin	Aonad Ealaíon, Scannán agus Infheistíochta, 1926-1990.	2023/171
lompár	An Rannán um Sheirbhísl Aerloingséoireachta, 1988-2002.	2023/36
lompár, Turasóireacht Agus Spórt	Siemens-Schuckert, Beirlín: The Electrification of the Irish Free State. 'Scéim II den tSionainn - Gleasra Cumhachta Hidrálach', 1924.	2019/141

Roinn/Oifig	Cur Síos	Uimhir thagartha
	Cumarsáid, Fuinneamh agus Acmhainní Nádurtha	2008/64
	Raidió Gan sreang agus craoladh, 1981-1983.	2008/64
	Comhaid cuiteimh díobhála pearsanta, 1920-1957.	2021/92
	Comhaid an Rannáin Sholáthair, na 1970idí.	2022/99
	Comhaid an Rannáin Airgeadais, na 1980idí.	2023/17
	Comhaid an Rannáin Airgeadais, na 1920idí.	2022/89
	Comhaid an Rannáin Airgeadais, na 1940idí.	2022/90
	Comhaid an Rannáin Sholáthair, na 1920idí.	2022/94
	Comhaid an Rannáin Sholáthair, na 1920idí.	2023/22
	Comhaid an Rannáin Sholáthair, na 1940idí.	2023/25
	Comhaid an Rannáin Sholáthair, na 1930idí.	2022/95
	Comhaid an Rannáin Sholáthair, na 1940idí.	2022/96
	An Rannán Angla-Éireannach, 1965-1999.	2022/45
	An Rannán Angla-Éireannach, 1970-2000.	2022/47
	An Rannán Angla-Éireannach, 1925-2001.	2022/48
	Comhaid an Chláráinne Láir, 1919-1998.	2023/47
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1986-1990.	2021/53
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1984-1991.	2021/54
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1983-1992.	2021/55
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1983-1993.	2021/56
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1944-1994.	2021/57
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1988-1995.	2021/58
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1988-1996.	2021/59
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1990-1997.	2021/60
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1984-1998.	2021/61
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1990-1999.	2023/51
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1988-2000.	2023/52
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1984-2001.	2023/53
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1988-2002.	2023/54
	Oifig an Rúnaí, 1977-1993.	2023/48
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Eastóin, 1991-1993.	2023/103
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ríocht Aontaithe, 1992-1993.	2023/58
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an tSeapáin, 1975-1993.	2023/67
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an tSaimbia, 1992-1993.	2023/69
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Iaráin, 1981-1993.	2023/70
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Suí Naofa, 1984-1993.	2023/71
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Éigipt, 1990-1993.	2023/73
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Ghearmáin, 1970-1989.	2019/114
	Ambasáid na hÉireann chug an Stáit Aontaithe, 1977-1993.	2023/65
	An Rannán Angla-Éireannach, 1987-1990.	2020/26
	An Rannán Angla-Éireannach, 1977-1992.	2021/46
	An Rannán Angla-Éireannach, 1971-1997.	2021/51
	An Rannán Angla-Éireannach, 1971-1998.	2021/52
	Ard-Chonsalacht na hÉireann, San Francisco, 1977-1991.	2021/73
	Comhaid an Chláráinne Láir, 1929-1991.	2021/78
	Buannhisean na hÉireann chug na Náisiúin Aontaithe, Nua-Eabhrac, 1973-1991.	2021/80

Tabla 4 Táirid a gabhadh ó fhoinsí eile le linn 2024	
2024/34	Páipéir an Cheannfort-Ghinearálí Charlie Daly, 1907-1925.
2024/122	Páipéir GA Newsom, 1916-1917.
2024/7	Dhá nóta oibre gnáthaimh arna scríobh ag Micheál Ó Colleáin, 1922.

Tabla 3 Táirid a gabhadh ó Oifigí Cuirte agus ó Chláiranna Probháide le linn 2024	
2023/46	Ard-Chúirt Oifig Phrobháide Cheantar Dhún Dealgan: táirid tiomnaíthe 1991.
2023/76	Ard-Chúirt Oifig Phrobháide Cheantar Dhún Dealgan: táirid tiomnaíthe 1992.

Tabla 2 Táirid arna nglacadh le hiarratas ó Chomhlachtaí Sceidealaithe le linn 2024	
2024/105	Oifig an Ard-Aighne Coiste Neamhrhoirmiúil ar an mBunreacht, 1966-1967.
2020/7	Oifig na gCoimisiúinéirí Ioncaim An Rannán um Chustaim agus Máil, 1889-1998.
2023/174	Oifig an Ard-Aighne Sraith chláraithe a bhaineann leis an ábhar, 1937-1994.
2023/176	Oifig an Ard-Aighne Comhaid Angla-Éireannach, 1999-2004.
2024/104	Oifig Rúnaí an Uachtaráin Comhaid chláraithe, 1964-1994.

Umhír Iontrála	Roinn	Cur Síos
<b>Tabla 1</b>		
<b>Taifid arna nglacadh ó Ranna Rialtais le linn 2024</b>		
2024/33	Cumarsáide	Tógáil Shatailíte an Atlantáigh, 1984-1989.
2024/29	Oideachas	Ciorcláin, timpeall 1920-1965.
2023/84	Airgeadas	An Rannán Airgeadais, comhaid a osclaíodh sna 1990idí.
2023/86	Airgeadas	An Rannán Airgeadais, comhaid a osclaíodh sna 1920idí.
2024/27	Airgeadas	Taifid a bhaineann le Sinn Féin agus cuirteanna na bPoblachtánach, 1896-1928.
2024/119	Airgeadas	Taifid riaracháin an Choiste (Gortúithe) Pearsanta, na 1920idí.
2024/121	Airgeadas	Comhaid Dhaonáireamh na Seirbhíse Sibhialta, 1924-1950.
2022/49	Gnóthar Eachtracha	An Rannán Angla-Eireannach, 2002.
2023/10	Gnóthar Eachtracha	An Rannán Angla-Eireannach, 2003.
2023/56	Gnóthar Eachtracha	Ambasáid na hÉireann chuig an Ghearmáin, 1966-1993.
2023/57	Gnóthar Eachtracha	Ambasáid na hÉireann chuig an Fhionlainn, 1972-1993.
2023/60	Gnóthar Eachtracha	Buanionadadacocht na hÉireann chuig na Náisiúin Aontaithe, Nua-Eabhrac, 1965-1989.
2023/61	Gnóthar Eachtracha	Ard-Chonsalacht na hÉireann chuig SAM, Nua-Eabhrac, 1985-1993.
2023/72	Gnóthar Eachtracha	Buanionadadacocht na hÉireann chuig na Náisiúin Aontaithe, Gineive, 1967-1993.
2023/74	Gnóthar Eachtracha	Buanionadadacocht na hÉireann chuig an Aontas Eorpach, an Bhrúisél, 1970-1993.
2024/51	Gnóthar Eachtracha	Oifig an Ard-Rúnaí, 1981-1994.
2024/52	Gnóthar Eachtracha	Comhaid an Chlárlainne Láir, 1940-1994.
2024/71	Gnóthar Eachtracha	An Rannán Angla-Eireannach, 2004.
2023/91	Sláinte	Sraith 'L', cúram síciatrach, 1942-1988.
2024/74	Sláinte	Sraith 'A', seirbhís sláinte institiúideacha, 1943-1993.
2024/75	Sláinte	Sraith 'P', Bille Sláinte, 1969, 1959-1974.
2024/76	Sláinte	Fo-mhírchinn airgeadais éagsúla, 1989-1994.
2024/94	Sláinte	Sraith 'M', seirbhís cógaisíochta, 1971-1986.
2019/150	Cóir	An Rannán Athchóirithe Dlí Sibhialta, 1922-1992.
2024/106	Cóir	Meáchain agus tomhais, 1962-1983.
2024/107	Cóir	An tAcht chun Geim do Chosaint, 1930; Fíadhúilra, Caomhnú Fíadhúilra, 1970-1983.
2024/108	Cóir	Cinsireacht scannán, 1923-1999.
2024/109	Cóir	Hawkers, 1934-1954.
2024/110	Cóir	Coiste Comhairleach Chonradh na Náisiún, 1948-1977.
2024/111	Cóir	Cúisimh in aghaidh an Airm, 1922-1929.
2024/112	Cóir	Slándáil agus Tuaisceart Éireann, 1997-2004.
2023/149	Rialtas Aitiúil	An Rannóg um Achomhairc Pleanála, 1970-1985.
2024/5	Taoiseach	An Chlárlann Lárnach, 1931-1994.
2024/28	Taoiseach	Rannán Thuaisceart Éireann, 1978-2001.
2024/130	Taoiseach	Rannán Thuaisceart Éireann, 1991-2003.
2023/145	Iompar	An Rannán um Sheirbhís Aerloingseoireachta, 1951-1976.

Alim an chomhlachta	
Comhlachtaí atá liostaithe sa scéideal a ghabhann leis an Acht um Chartlann Náisiúnta, 1986 a bfuil tairfid ina sellbh acu atá incháilithe le haghaidh aistriúcháin, ach atá faoi réir Theoir Aire 1992 lena gcuirtear ar fionraí an ceanglas tairfid a aistriú faoin rail 30 bliain mar gheall ar shrianta cóiríochta sa Chartlann Náisiúnta	
<b>Breathnóireachtaí</b>	
Offig an Chinsire Scannán (ó mhí Iúil 2008, ar a dtugtar Offig Aicmithe Scannán na hÉireann)	Tairfid ó na 1920idí go dtí 1990 aistriúcháin.
Bord Achomhairc um Chinsireacht Scannán	Tairfid ó na 1920idí go dtí 1977 aistriúcháin.
Cinsearach ar an mBord um Foilseachán	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
An Bord Achomhairc um Chinsireacht Foilseachán	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
An Binsé Cúitimh i leith Dìobhála Coiríola	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Colmáisteoir na dTabhartas agus na dtiomachtaí Carthanúla	Tairfid ón 19ú haois go dtí lár an 20ú haois aistriúcháin.
An Chomhairle Chomhairleach um Thruaillíú Uisce	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
An Binsé Ciosa	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Seirbhís Náisiúnta Daonchumhachta	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
An Chúirt Oibreachais	Aistriúcháin tairfid ó 1946 go 1980.
Na Colmáisteoirí Ioncaim	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
An Binsé Achomhairc Fostaíochta	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
An Binsé Achomhairc Tobhaigh	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
An Offig um Chláir Cuidíochtaí	Tairfid na gcuideachtaí díscailte, 1920idí-1986 aistriúcháin.
Offig na bPáirtíní	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Clárann na gCumann Foirgníochta	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Comhairle Chomhairleach Náisiúnta do Thomhaltóirí	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
An Bord Comhairleach um Arachas Gluaiseán	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
An Coimisiún Dúmpála	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
An Coimisiún Talún	Tairfid an iar-Choimisiún Talún Éireann, ar a dtugtar anois Brainse Tairfid an Choimisiún Talún den Roinn Talmhaíochta, Bia agus Mara agus tairfid Bhord na gCeantar Píodáithe, deireadh an 19ú haois. Go dtí seo, tá thart ar 350,850 comhad de chuid Choimisiún na Talún a bhaineann le socrú cosa córa i 19 gcontae aistriúcháin. Faoi láthair, mar gheall ar shrianta stórála ní féidir na comhaid a chur ar fáil don phobal.
Offig Rialaitheora Cearta Póraitheoirí Plandáil	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Colmáisteoirí Breithiúnach an Choimisiún Talún	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Binsé Achomhairc an Choimisiún Talún	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Ionstobhaí Poiblí Choimisiún na Talún	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Óglaigh na hÉireann	Tairfid aistriúcháin chug an gCartlann Mhíleata.
Bord Pinsean an Airm	Tairfid aistriúcháin chug an gCartlann Mhíleata.
Ard-Offig Clárúcháin	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
An Leabharlann Náisiúnta (lena n-áirítear an Offig Ghinealaigh)	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith. Ait taisce faoi Alt 14 d'Acht na gCartlann Náisiúnta, 1986.
Suirbhéireacht Gheolaíochta na hÉireann	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith. Ait taisce faoi Alt 14 d'Acht na gCartlann Náisiúnta, 1986.

Tabla 3	
Comhlachtaí atá liostaithe sa scideal a ghabhann leis an Acht um Chartlann Náisiúnta, 1986 a bhfuil tairfid ina seilbh acu atá incháilithe le haghaidh aistriúcháin, ach atá faoi réir Threoir Aire 1992 lena gcuirtear ar fionraí an cearnglas tairfid a aistriú faoin rail 30 bliain mar gheall ar shrianta cóiríochta sa Chartlann Náisiúnta	
Ainm an chomhlachta	Breathnóireachtaí
Óifig Ard-Rúnai an Uachtaráin	Aistriúcháin críochnaithe go 1994
Óifig an Ard-Aighne (lena n-áirítear Óifig an Dréachtóra Parlaiminte, Óifig Athchóirithe agus Chomhdhlúthaithe an Dlí Reachtuil agus Óifig an Phríomh-Aturnae Stáit)	Tairfid don tréimhse 1922-1994 aistriúcháin.
Óifig an Ard-Aighne: Tairfid Angla-Eireannacha	Tairfid don tréimhse 1995-2003 aistriúcháin.
An Tard-Reachtair Cuntas agus Ciste	Tairfid don tréimhse 1920idí-1962 aistriúcháin.
Príomh-Óifig Stáidrimh	Aistriúcháin tairfid dhaonáirimh 1926, 1936, 1946 agus tairfid pháirtreacha dhaonáirimh 1951, ach dúnadh rochtain orthu don phobal ar feadh 100 bliain faoin Acht Stáidrimh, 1997.
Comhairle Chomhairleach na gCartlann Náisiúnta	Tá tairfid do 1987-1994 incháilithe lena n-aistriú.
An Chartlann Náisiúnta	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith. Tairfid incháilithe de chuid réamhthreachtair Óifig Tairfid Poiblí na hÉireann agus Óifig Pháipéir Stáit na hÉireann, 1867-1988, agus na Cartlaine Náisiúnta, 1988-1994.
Ard-Mhúsaem na hÉireann (lena n-áirítear Músaem Stair an Dúra)	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith. Ait taiscthe faoi Ait 14 den Acht um Chartlann Náisiúnta, 1986.
Óifig an Pha-Mháistir Ghinearálta	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Óifig an Stúirtóra Ionchúiseamh Poiblí	Aistriúcháin páirtreach tairfid riaracháin agus airgeadais a aistriú, 1927-1985.
Coiste Náisiúnta Coigiltis	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Coimisiúnairí Ioncaim	Aistriúcháin páirtreacha faighte. Tá tairfid ón 19ú haois go dtí 1994 incháilithe le haghaidh aistriúcháin.
Coimisiúnairí Achomhairc (Cáin Ioncaim)	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Coimisiúnairí na nOibreacha Poiblí [Óifig na nOibreacha Poiblí]	Tá tairfid ón 18ú haois déanach go dtí 1970idí incháilithe le haghaidh aistriúcháin. Tá tairfid ó 1970idí-1994 incháilithe le haghaidh aistriúcháin.
Saotharlann Stáit	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Suirbhéireacht Ordanáis (ó 2023 aistriúcháin feidhmeanna chug Tailte Éireann)	Aistriúcháin doiciméid mapála suas go dtí na 1870idí agus tairfid riaracháin suas go dtí na 1920idí críochnaithe. Tairfid riaracháin ó na 1920idí agus foirgneamh iomlán lan de thairfid mapála ó dheireadh an 19ú haois go lar an 20ú haois atá incháilithe lena n-aistriú.
Coimisiúnairí Luachála agus Príomh-Shuirbhéir Teorann (ó 2023 feidhmeanna aistriúcháin Tailte Éireann)	Luachálacha tairfid suas go dtí 1865 agus tairfid riaracháin ilghnéitheacha (1830-tús an 20ú haois) aistriúcháin. Tá méid an-mhór doiciméad ó lar na 1800idí go dtí 1994 fós i seilbh na hÓifige Luachála.
Óifig an tSoláthair.	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Comhlacht Athbheithnithe ar Luach	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Saothair Níos Airde san Earnáil Phoiblí	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Comhairle Chomhairleach na Seirbhíse Poiblí	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Boird Eadrána na Stáitseirbhíse	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Coimisiúnairí na Stáitseirbhíse	Tairfid don tréimhse 1927-1970idí arna nglacadh ag an gCartlann Náisiúnta lena gcoimeád slán, ach níor athbheithnithe iad lena n-iniúchadh ag an bpobal.
Coimisiúnairí Ceapachán Aitúla	Tairfid don tréimhse 1927-1970idí arna nglacadh ag an gCartlann Náisiúnta lena gcoimeád slán, ach níor athbheithnithe iad lena n-iniúchadh ag an bpobal.
An Garda Síochána	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Clárann na Talún (ó 2023 feidhmeanna aistriúcháin Tailte Éireann)	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith.
Clárann na nGníomhas (ó 2018 aistriúcháin feidhmeanna chug Udarás Clárúcháin Maoiné, agus ó 2023 go Tailte Éireann)	Aistriúcháin tairfid ar bith. Clúdáil tairfid incháilithe na blianta 1708-2017.
Príosún agus Institiúid Naomh Pádraig	Tairfid na bpríosúin dúnta ó 1795 go 1922 aistriúcháin, chomh maith le Príosún Mohinseo go dtí na 1970idí. Níl aistriúcháin aon tairfid ag comhlachtaí eile tar éis 1922.

Aistriú tairlead ó na Cúirteanna chuig an gCartlann Náisiúnta lena scaoileadh lena n-iniúchadh ag an bpobal faoin riall 30 bliain: ríteas seasamh amhail an 31 Nollaig 2024	
Cúirt	Tairfid i gCartlann Náisiúnta
Aistríodh tairfid na bliana seo caithe	Tairfid atá dilte le haistriú
An Chúirt Uachtarach	1991-1994
Cúirt Achomhairc Choiriúil	1972-1994
An Phromh-chúirt Choiriúil	1969-1994
Ard-Chúirt	1970-1971-1994
An Oifig Phróbháide	1992-1994
Cúirteanna Guarda	1990
	Aistríthe críochnaithe: An Cabhán, Corcaigh, Cill Dara, Laois, Liatrom, Maigh Eo, Muineachán, Sligeach, Tiobraid Árann, an Iarmhí agus Loch Garman.
	Ceatharlach, An Clár, Baile Atha Cliath, Cill Dara, Laois, Liatrom, Luimneach, an Mhí, Uíbh Fhailí, Ros Comáin, Port Láirge agus Cill Mhantáin.
Cúirteanna Dulche	1996
	Aistríthe críochnaithe: An Cabhán, Corcaigh, Gaillimh, Cill Dara, Cill Chainnigh, Lú, Muineachán, Sligeach agus Tiobraid Árann.
	Aistríthe neamh-chríochnaithe: Ceatharlach, An Clár, Baile Atha Cliath, Liatrom, Maigh Eo agus Port Láirge.
	Gan aon aistríthe: Dún na nGall, Ciarraí, Laois, Luimneach, Longfort, An Mhí, Uíbh Fhailí, Ros Comáin, An Iarmhí, Loch Garman agus Cill Mhantáin.

Aistríú taifead roimh 1995 ó Ranna Rialtais agus Oifigí Stáit lena scaoileadh lena n-iniúchadh ag an bpobal faoin riall 30 bliain d'Acht na gCartlann Náisiúnta, 1986 agus taifid Angla-Éireannacha roimh 2004 a scaoileadh faoin riall 20 bliain d'Acht na gCartlann Náisiúnta (Leasu), 2018: ráiteas seasamh amhail an 31 Nollaig 2024

Tabla 1  
Aistríú taifead ó Ranna Rialtais chug an gCartlann Náisiúnta lena scaoileadh lena n-iniúchadh ag an bpobal faoin riall 30 bliain: ráiteas seasamh amhail an 31 Nollaig 2024

Roimn	Taifid i gCartlann Náisiúnta	Taifid atá dilte le haistríú	Taifid na bliana seo caite aistríthe
Taoiseach: An Chláríann Lárnach	1919 - 1994	Aistríthe críochnaithe.	2024
Taoiseach: Roimn Thuaisceart Éireann	1995 - 2004	Aistríthe críochnaithe.	2024
Talmhaíocht, Bia agus Mara	1899 go 1960idí	Aistríthe neamhíomlán. Taifid ó 1960idí go 1994 fós le déanamh. Féach freisin: An Coimisiún Talún.	2021 (aistríú páirteach)
Cosaint	1922 - 1993	Aistríthe a fuair an Chartlann Mhíleata, áit taisce faoi Alt 14 d'Acht na gCartlann Náisiúnta, 1986.	2023
Oideachas	1831 go 1960idí	Aistríthe neamhíomlán. Taifid ó 1960idí go 1994 fós le déanamh.	2024 (aistríú páirteach)
Fiontar, Trádála agus Fostáil	1922 - 1976	Aistríthe neamhíomlán. Taifid ó 1960idí go 1994 fós le déanamh.	2009 (aistríú páirteach)
Comshaoil, Aeráide agus Cumarsáide	1845 go 1980idí	Aistríthe neamhíomlán. Taifid ó 1960idí go 1994 fós le déanamh.	2024 (aistríú páirteach)
Airgeadas	1922 - 1989	Aistríthe neamhíomlán. Taifid ó 1990-1994 fós le déanamh, chomh maith le cuid de na taifid ó na 1920idí go 1989.	2024 (aistríú páirteach)
Gnóthaí Eachtracha: Cláríann Lárnach na Ceanncheathrún	1919 - 1994	Aistríthe críochnaithe, seachas i gcás roinnt misin taidhleoireachta ina n-aistrítear taifid gach cúig bliana.	2024
Gnóthaí Eachtracha: An Rannán Angla-Éireannach	1995 - 2004	Aistríthe críochnaithe.	2024
Sláinte	1920idí - 1994	Aistríthe neamhíomlán. Taifid ó 1950idí go 1994 fós le déanamh.	2024 (aistríú páirteach)
Tithíocht, Rialtais Aitúil agus Oidhreacht	1838 - 1985	Aistríthe neamhíomlán. Taifid ó 1960idí go 1994 fós le déanamh.	2024 (aistríú páirteach)
Cóir	1918 - 1994	Aistríthe neamhíomlán. Taifid ó na 1920idí go 1944, agus ó 1969 go 1989 aistríthe.	2024 (Aistríthe páirteacha)
Dlí agus Cirt: Síandáil agus Rannán Thuaisceart Éireann	1995 - 2004	Aistríthe críochnaithe.	2024
Coimisce Sóisialaí	1919 - 1992	Aistríthe neamhíomlán. Taifid Leasa Sóisialaigh ó 1960idí go 1994 fós le déanamh.	2023 (aistríú páirteach)
Tursoireacht, Cultúr, Ealaíona, Gaeltacht, Spórt agus Meáin	1922 go 1962; 1972 go 1992	Aistríthe neamhíomlán. Taifid ó 1960idí go 1990idí fós le déanamh.	2023 (aistríú páirteach)
Iompar	1922 - 1990	Aistríthe neamhíomlán. Taifid ó 1960idí go 1994 fós le déanamh.	2024 (aistríú páirteach)

# Aguisíní



## INSEALBHD AN UACHTARAIN INAUGURATION OF THE PRESIDENT

Ba mhóir ag  
an Taoiseach,  
chun ceann an Rialtais,

The Taoiseach  
on behalf of the Government,  
requests the honor of the company of  
of St. Donnell's Hall,  
Dublin Castle,  
for the  
Inauguration of the President  
on Saturday, the 3rd December, 1983  
at 11.45 a.m. and  
at the reception afterwards

a bheith i lathair  
i Halla Naomh Déonais  
ag Insealbhú an Uachtaraín,  
De Sachairín, 3 Nollais, 1983,  
ag 11.45 a.m. agus  
ag an bhFáilciú ina dhiaidh sin  
R.S.V.P. before 23rd November, 1983



Pleadaíl Seansailéireachta, Cartlann Náisiúnta, CP/C/62

### An Tionscadal Quill - Scríbhneoireacht Stochána

Is tionscadal faoi stúilir Cholaíste Pembroke, Oxford agus maoinithe ag an gCiste Athmhuintearais, scrúdaíonn an tionscadal seo próiseas stochána Thuaisceart Éireann. Cinntimid rochtain ar thairid rithabhachtacha agus tacaímid le forbairt cleachtas cartlannúcháin agus digiteach comhroinnte.

### Tionscadal VOICES (2023-2028)

Tionscadal atá maoinithe ag an ERC i gColáiste na Tríonóide, Baile Atha Cliath, déanann VOICES iniúchadh ar ról na mban in Éirinn luath-nua-aimseartha. I gcompháirtíocht leis an gCartlann Náisiúnta, tá taighdeoirí ag digitú agus ag trasscríobh breis is 1,100 Pleadaíl Seansailéireachta ag baint úsáide as hintleacht shaorga.

### Tionscadal Daonáirimh Stairiúil na Píomh-Offige Staidrimh (CSO)

Leanadh leis an gcomhoibriú leanúnach leis an bPíomh-Offige Staidrimh in 2024 agus tionóladh cruinnithe rialta le baill de thionscadal Daonáirimh Stairiúil an Píomh-Offige Staidrimh. Tá an chomhroinnt eolais seo tar éis cabhrú le tuairiscíú dhaonáirimh 1911 a fheabhsú agus táthar ag fiosrú comhoibriú leanúnach mar chuid de thionscadal Dhaonáirimh 1926.

Léiríonn na comhoibrithe seo go léir an ról lárnach atá ag an gCartlann Náisiúnta, le tacaíocht ó Ranna Rialtais thabachtacha, i gcaomhnú, i leirmhíniú agus i roinnt tairlead stairiúil na hÉireann. Le chéile, táimid ag tógáil tochtar cartlannúcháin níos cuimsithí, níos inrochtana agus níos ceangailte go digiteach.

Foireann Uirislí le haghaidh caomhnaithe

### Cisteán Taifead Foruill na hÉireann (2023-2025)

Tionscnamh suaitheanta de chuid Thionscadal Éireann 2040, tá an t-athchruithú digiteach seo ar chartanna a cailleadh i gCogadh Cathartha na hÉireann i 1922 a mhaoiniú ag an Roinn Turasóireachta, Cultúir, Ealaíon, Gaeltachta, Spóirt agus Meán. Cuirimid taifid dhigitithe agus saíneolas ar fáil chun cabhrú le hoidhreacht dhoiciméadach chaillte na hÉireann a aisghabháil agus a roinnt.

### Cartlann Coimhlinte ar an Idiríon (CAIN)

I gcomhar le hOllscoil Uladh agus le tacafocht ón Roinn Gnóthaí Eachtracha, déanann an tionscadal seo taifid a bhaineann leis an gcoimhlint i dTuaisceart Éireann a dhigitíú. Cuirimid doiciméid rialtais thábhachtacha ar fáil, rud a shábháiríonn tuiscint an phobail ar na Trioblóidí.

### Stair Ghraínseach Chormáin (2021-2025)

Scrúdáil an tionscnamh staire poiblí seo oidhreacht na hinstitiúide síciatrál is mó in Éirinn. Tacaimid leis an tionscadal le saíneolas cartlannúcháin agus rochtain ar thairfid fhairsinge ospidéal.



### LÉACHTAÍ A THUG AN FHOIREANN DON PHOBAL AG IMEACHTAÍ

# 38

Breis is 420 cláraithe don

imeacht Conservation

Conversation ar an 4

Márta 2024

### COMHOIBRITHE/ COMHPHÁIRTICHTAÍ

# 5,191

Tionscadal CAIN – doiciméid  
fomháiithe/ardáin ar líne: 5,191



Na mionsonraí ar líníocht a fhorhóadú

## Comhoibriú

Sa Chartlann Náisiúnta, creidimid go bhfuil comhoibriú rithbhachtach chun leas iomlán a bhaint as oidhreacht chultúrtha na hÉireann. Trí oibriú i gcompháirtíocht le hinstitiúidí acadúla, Ranna Rialtais agus comhlachtaí taighde idirnáisiúnta, cinntimid ní hamháin go gcaomhnáitear ár mbailiúcháin ach go gcuirtear ar fáil iad agus go bhfuil brí leo do raon leathan lucht féachana.

In 2024, chuireamar le seacht dtionscadal chomhoibriúch, agus tacáidh á fáil ag Ranna Rialtais agus comhlachtaí maoinithe éagsúla do gach ceann acu. Léiríonn na compháirtíochtaí seo ár dtiomantas chun taighde stairiúil, nuálaíocht dhigiteach agus rannpháirtíocht an phobail a chur chun cinn.

## Doiciméid ar Bheartas Eachtrach na hÉireann

I gcompháirtíocht le hAcadamh Ríoga na hÉireann agus leis an Roinn Gnóthaí Eachtracha, leanann an tionscadal seo de rochtain rithbhachtach a sholáthar ar thairfid taidhleoireachta ón 20ú haois. Cuirimid fáilte roimh thairgheoirí agus eascaimí rochtain ar na mílte comhad, rud a thacaíonn le foilsíú imleabhar a bhfuil meas idirnáisiúnta orthu.

## CEARTA AGUS ATAIRGEADH

### 63

63 ceadúnas le haghaidh foilséachán

### 6

6 cheadúnas do chompántas leiriúcháin teilifíse

# Faigh amach

In 2024, leanamar orainn ag feabhsú rochtana

ar ár mbailiúcháin trí raon leathan seirbhísi a thacaonn le taighdeoirí, le lucht acadúil

agus leis an bpobal i gcoitinne. Chuireamar

ár gclár digitithe chun cinn, rud a mhéadaigh

infhaighteacht taifead cartlainne ar líne

agus a leathnaigh rochtain ar ábhair stairiúla

thabhachtacha. Airíodh ar an tacaíocht

a tugadh do thaighdeoirí treoir maidir le

cóipcheart a sholáthar, ceadúnú le haghaidh

foilsitheoireachta agus úsáide digiteach

agus próiseál orduithe d'institiúidí acadúla,

taispeántais agus léiriúcháin meán.

Chomh maith leis sin, rinneamar éascaíocht do thionscadail teilifíse agus scannán, ag tairiscint rochtain ar dhoiciméid agus scannán ar an láthair. Chuir cartlainnaithe cúnamh pearsanta ar fáil go laethúil sa Seomra Léitheoireachta, rud a chinntigh tacaíocht shaineolach d'úsáideoirí a bhí ag plé le tairfid bhunaidh. Léiríonn na seirbhísi seo ár dtiomantas d'inrochtaineacht, d'úsáid fhreagrach agus do chur chun cinn oidhreacht dhoiciméadach na hÉireann ar ardán éagsúla.

## Tacaíocht taighde

Ag an gCartlann Náisiúnta, táimid tiomanta do thacaíocht a thabhairt do thaighdeoirí ag gach céim dá dturas. Cibé acu cuairteoir den chéad uair thu nó taighdeoir a bhfuil tairfid agat, cuirimid réimse leathan acmhainní agus treoir shaineolach ar fáil chun cabhrú leat nasceanúint a dhéanamh inár mbailiúcháin agus oidhreacht shabhair dhoiciméadach na hÉireann a nochtaidh. Tá tacaíocht phearsanta ar fáil go laethúil inár Seomra Léitheoireachta áit a bhfuil cartlainnaithe gairmiúla ar fáil chun cabhrú le fiosrúcháin, treoir a thabhairt d'úsáideoirí trí ábhair chartlainne agus comhairle a chur ar fáil maidir leis na cleachtais is fearr le haghaidh taighde. Tá sé mar aidhm againn taighde cartlainne a dhéanamh inrochtana, sabhríthe agus luachmhar do chách.

Cuireann ár suíomh gréasáin bonn eolais taighde cuimsitheach ar fáil, lena n-áirítear:

- Treoracha céim ar chéim do thosaithéoirí agus do thaighdeoirí a bhfuil tairfid acu
- Rochtain ar bhailiúcháin dhigitithe agus ar aiseanna aimsithe
- Gluaiseanna agus uirlisí chun cabhrú le doiciméid stairiúla a léirmhíniú

- Faisnéis maidir le cóipeanna a ordú agus ábhar cartlainne a úsáid i bhfoilsíocháin

Digitú a dhéanamh ar Dhaonáireamh 1926 ag baint úsáide as scanóir ardtoirte



## Forbairt bunachar sonraí

Rinneadh conradh le Derilinx tríd an gcreat OGP chun bunachair shonraí a fhorbairt do dhaonáirimh 1901, 1911 agus 1926. Bhí gá le hobair nuashonraithe a dhéanamh ar thuairiscéin 1901 agus 1911 chun a chinntiú go ndéanfaí iad a chomhtháthú i suíomh gréasáin nua don Chartlann Náisiúnta. Críochnaíodh agus glanadh an próiseas seo, ionghabháilíodh sonraí trasctora isteach sa bhunachar sonraí agus óstáladh iad ar ardan stórála scamall. Cuiríodh tús leis an obair ar bhunachar sonraí Dhaonáireamh 1926 in 2024 agus forbraíodh scéim tosáigh agus tathar ag suil go ndéanfar tástáil tosáigh go luath in 2025.

## Tionscadal ceartúcháin daonáirimh 1901 agus 1911

Chun earráidí coitianta a cheartú agus feabhas a chur ar cháilíocht fhoriomláin sonraí dhaonáirimh 1901 agus 1911, cuiríodh tionscadal ceartúcháin i gcrích in 2024. Mar gheall ar líon na n-earráidí sa dá dhaonáireamh, dhrígh an tionscadal ar earráidí a cheartú sna réimsí Toghróin Ceantair, Baile Fearainn agus Ainmneacha. Trí na hearráidí seo a cheartú (6,331 i ndaonáireamh 1901 agus 23,067 i ndaonáireamh 1911) feabhsaítear tairbhí an úsáideora agus a gcumas tuairiscéin teaghlaigh aonair a aithint go suntasach. Sa tionscadal ceartúcháin daonáirimh, sainaitheáil se tuairiscéin bhaile fearainn agus teaghlaigh aonair náir digítíodh ná náir trasctorbhádh riamh le linn eisíntí bunaidh dhaonáirimh 1901 agus 1911.

Ó imirce go fás eacnamaíoch agus ó oideachas meánscóile saor in aisce go dtí deireadh a chur leis an gcosc pósta, sa 20ú haois chonacthas feabhsuithe suntasacha ar sheirbhísí poiblí in Éirinn, chomh maith le hathruithe móra sóisialta agus cultúrtha. Tá suil agáinn, leis na tairfidí daonáirimh atá a n-oiriú agáinn faoi láthair, go gcuirfeá tuilleadh eolais ar fáil don phobal, anseo agus thar lear araon, faoi na daoine a bhí ina gcónaí in Éirinn sa bhliain 1926, a saol teaghlaigh, a sócrúithe baile, a sli bheatha, a bhfostáilocht agus a n-oideachas.

## Tras-scribhinní

Thosaíomar ag pleanáil don ghné trascriobh den tionscadal ón tús, ag tástáil coincheapa trascriobh ag baint úsáide as sonraí daonáireamh 1911. Chuir sé seo ar chumas tástáil tosáigh a dhéanamh ar choincheapa maidir le héagsúlachtaí i litríú réimsí seasta amháil reiligiún agus réimsí téacs saor amháil ainm agus sloinne, ainm áite agus áit bhreithe. Mheasamar go dtógfadh sé 19 mbliana ar dhúine amháin trascriobh láimhe Dhaonáireamh 1926 a chríochnú. I bhfianaise an tréimhse ghairid ama agus na bhforbairt sa teicneolaíocht ó foilsíodh tuairisceáin dhaonáireamh 1901 agus 1911 ar líne (a foinsíodh amach le haghaidh trascriobh láimhe), shocráíomar trascriobh uathoibríthe a shaothrú trí Chreat Próiseála Róbataic na hOifige um Sholáthar Rialtais (OGP).

Úsáideann an próiseas Uathoibríthe Chliste clár ríomhaire, samhail Réitigh Optúil Carachtar (OCR) chun téacs a scanadh le haghaidh tréithe éagsúla. Tá an córas seo oiliú chun tréithe áirithe a aithint amháil téacs ar leith, patrúin i dtéacs nó carachtair aonair a aschur ar íscarbhileog le ceannteidil a mheatséalann na réimsí éagsúla faisnéise a fhaightear ar fhoirm dhaonáirimh.

Déantar an t-aschur seo a scagadh tuilleadh trí úsáid a bhaint as clár ríomhaireachta chun patrúin aithneanta i dtáirid sonraí bailíochtaíthe amháil ainmneacha logánta agus sloinnte a mhapaíl. Oibríonn an próiseas trascriobh i gcomhthráth leis an aschur digitiúil agus cé nach mbéidh crúinneas 100% indéanta, tá sé mar aidhm ag an tionscadal teacht chomh gar agus is féidir don chruinneas seo i gcas réimsí tábhachtacha, go háirithe ainm agus sloinne, arb é an chaoi a ndéanfaidh formhór mór na ndaoine cuardach ar shuíomh gréasáin an daonáirimh.

DIGITIU  
30%30% de na táirid daonáirimh  
scanta in 2024.

Mheasamar go dtógfadh sé 19 mbliana ar dhúine amháin trascriobh láimhe Dhaonáireamh 1926 a chríochnú. I bhfianaise an tréimhse ghairid ama agus na bhforbairt sa teicneolaíocht ó foilsíodh tuairisceáin dhaonáireamh 1901 agus 1911 ar líne, shocráíomar trascriobh uathoibríthe a shaothrú trí Chreat Próiseála Róbataic (OGP)

Bhí nasghráduithe ar chrua-earral, ar cháblaíll líonra agus ar acmhainn agus ar bhogearraí speisialaithe i gceist leis an tionscadal, chomh math le comhoibriú leanúnach i réimsí oibre amhail catalógú, caomhnú, digitiú agus trasscríobh. Chun an cumas digitiú a mhéadú agus an spriocdháta daingean a chomhlíonadh, fuarthas agus suiteáladh scanóir ardtoirte breise in 2024. Tá an scanóir tástáilte agus cumraithe chun ailliniú leis an sreabhadh oibre digitiú agus nuair a bheid sé ag feidhmiú go hiomlán, déanfaidh sé a chumas digitiú a dhúbailt. Chuaigh digitiú thuiriscéin Dhaonáireamh 1926 i mbun lánleiríocháin go déanach in 2024. Trí chéim an chatalógaithe a chríochnú, bhíodhas in ann bailiú foirne a athdháilíú chug réimsí eile den tionscadal, lena n-áirítear digitiú, rud a d'éascaigh méadú ar tháirgeadh agus aschur. Faoi mhí na Nollag 2024, bhí 30% de na himleabhair daonáirimh scanta.

Tar éis na catalógaithe, tosáil an caomhnú nuair a bhíonn gach toirt dícheangailte, scartha isteach i mbailte fearainn agus na tairid a chaomhnáil chun a chinntiú go bhfuil na doiciméid cobhsaí go leor chun an láimhséail fhísiciúil is gá don phróiseas digitiú a sheasamh. Áirítear leis seo salachar dromchla iomarcach a bhaint, roic a chothromú agus cuimilt a dheisiú d'fhonn an inléiteacht nasta agus ráta gabhála iomhá níos éifeachtaí a ráthú. Tá foireann de sheisear ball foirne lánaimseartha i mbun mbun maoirseachta ar rialú cáilíochta agus bailíochtu na n-íomhána digitiú lena chinntiú go ndéantar íomháú ceart ar na íomhána uile a fhilleann ar ais.

Measúnú a dhéanamh ar an mbailiú bhfuil imleabhar de Dhaonáireamh 1926





Críochnaíodh catalógú na 2,496 imleabhar go léir i mí Dheireadh Fómhair 2024 agus ina dhiaidh sin cuirfeadh próiseas dearbhaithe cáilíochta i bhfeidhm chun a chinntiú go mbeadh sonraí catalógaithe chomh cruinn agus chomh hardchaitheamh agus ab fheidir. Tá céim dheiridh sa phróiseas catalógaithe freisin chun sonraí a chur in eagar do gach contae agus aistriú an bhfoireann digítithe iad lena n-ionghabháil sa scanoir. Cinntonn sé seo go bhfuil na hionannána digítithe bainteach leis an limistéar geografach ceart mar chuid den phróiseas rialaithe cáilíochta agus bailíochtaíthe iar-scanadh.

Is gné lárnach den tionscadal ar fad an próiseas catalógaithe agus thóg sé breis agus bliain le cur i gcrích. Níor úsáideadh ach sonraí daonáireamh 1911 do na 26 contae mar bhunshonraí chun an meid ionchuir láimhe a bhí ag teastáil a foslághdú. Ceadatíonn an catalógú athruithe ó 1911 a thabhairt faoi deara do na 26 contae amháin, lena n-áirítear leathnú bailte agus cathracha, athruithe teorann agus gluaiseacht daonra a tharla mar gheall ar dheighilt agus dlí-Bhéarlú logainmneacha agus sráideanna. Ina theannta sin, ós rud é go raibh rogha i nDaonáireamh 1926 na tuairisceáin a chomhlánu i nGaeilge, déantar líon na dtuairisceán Gaeilge do gach baile fearainn/sráid a thairleadh freisin.

## Modheolaíochtaí a úsáidtear ag gach céim

### Catalógú



Daonáireamh 1926 a chatalógú



Iomlán: 2,971,992

### Deighilt inscne agus daonra

27% den daonra ina gcónaí i ndáil ina raibh níos mó ná beirt in aghaidh an tseomra

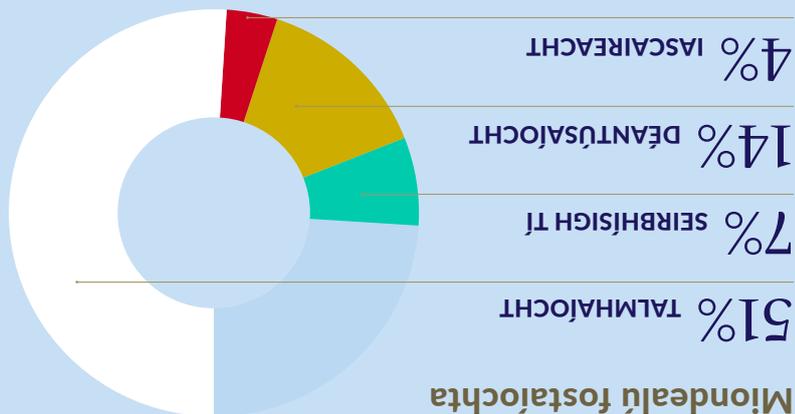
# 27%

Meáníon daoine in aghaidh an tseomra

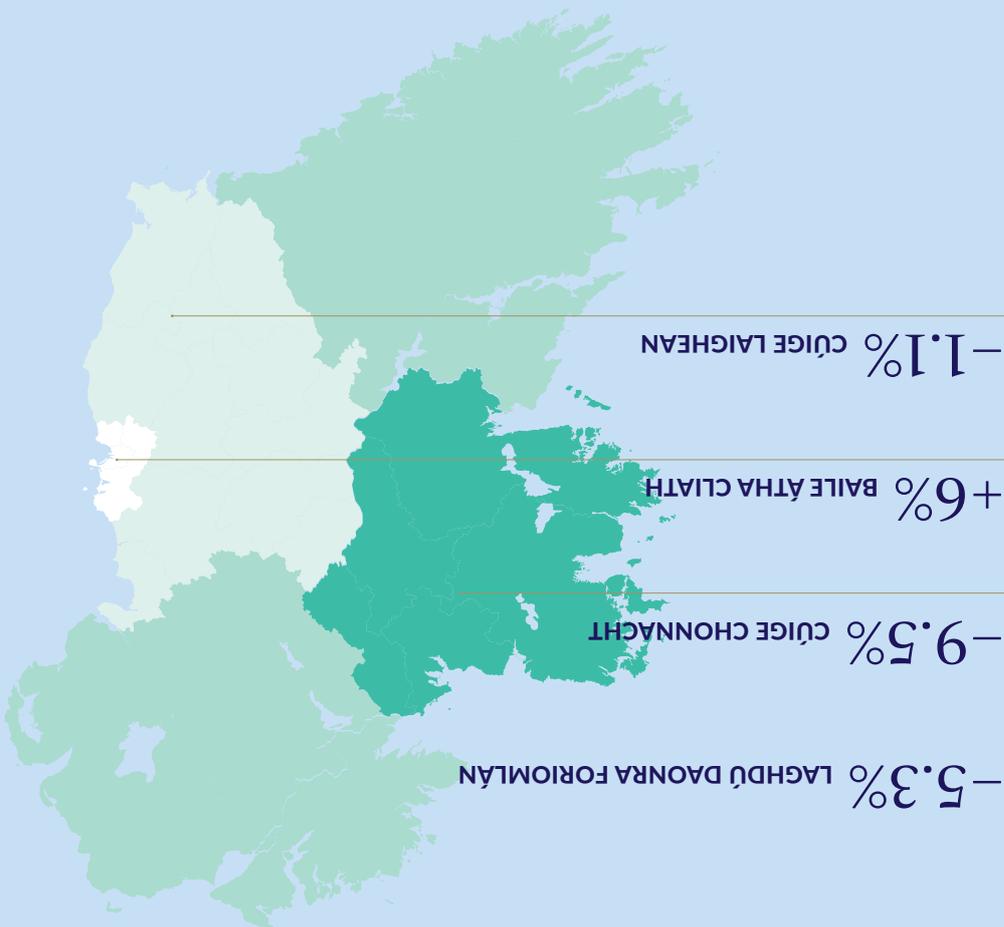


# 1.19

Dáil tithíochta



Miondealú fostaíochta



### Daonra laghdaithe agus éagsúlacht reiligiúnach

# 92.6%

Cleamhnacht Reiligiúnach



Sa bhliain 1926, ba Chaitlicigh 92.6% den daonra san iomlán

# 5.5%

Thit líon na bProtastúnach ó 7.9% den daonra go 5.5%

## Fíríci an Daonáirimh

Is éard atá i nDaonáireamh 1926 2,496 imleabhar ceangailte le 700,000 bileog aonair, gach ceann acu 63cm x 29cm agus ina bhfuil 630,048 tuairiscéan teaghlai. Tá foirmeacha achoimre áiritheora (Foirm B) sna himleabhair arb ionann iad agus achoimre ar theaghlai agus ar rhoirgnimh i ngach baile fearainn/theaghlai agus áiritheoir an daonáirimh agus sráid arna gcruthú ag áiritheoir an daonáirimh agus tuairiscéin teaghlai (Foirm A) a líon gach ceann teaghlai (nó an t-áiritheoir thar a cheann) laistigh de gach baile fearainn/sráid.

Clúdaión na himleabhair 26 contae Shaorstát Éireann murab ionann agus daonáirimh 1901 agus 1911 a chluadaigh na 32 contae. Ní raibh ach dhá chineál foirmeacha (A agus B) in úsáid i nDaonáireamh 1926, rud atá go mór i gcodarsnacht leis an daonáireamh i 1911 ina raibh deich bhfoirm éagsúla do theaghlai agus do na cineálacha éagsúla institiúidí a bhí ann, chomh maith le foirmeacha achoimre áiritheora agus tuairiscéin foirgneamh ar leithligh. Difríocht thábhachtach eile is ea gur cuiradh na tuairiscéin institiúideacha ó dhaonáirimh 1901 agus 1911 gan ainm ach gur tugadh ainmneacha iomlána i bhformhór na gcásanna sa bhliain 1926.

Oíche an 18 Aibreán 1926, bhí daonra na hÉireann ag 2,971,992, agus ba mhéad 49% iad díobh agus b'fhir iad 51% díobh. Sa dhaonáireamh roimhe sin i 1911, bhí an daonra ag 3,139,688 rud a chiallaíonn gur thit an daonra faoi 5.3% sna 15 bliana idir an dá linn. Chonacthas an laghdú ba mhó i gCúige Chonnacht ag os cionn 9.5%, i gcodarsnacht le 1.1% i gCúige Laighean. Ba é Baile Atha Cliath an t-aon chontae a tháifead méadú de bheagnach 6% ar an daonra le linn na tréimhse agus bhain caillteanas do gach contae eile. Sa bhliain 1926, ba Chaitlicigh 92.6% den daonra san iomlán, méadú ó 89.6% sa bhliain 1911. I gcodarsnacht leis sin, thit líon na bProtastúnach ó 7.9% den daonra go 5.5%. Sa bhliain 1926, bhí 18.3% den daonra in ann Gaeilge a labhairt i gcomparáid le 17.6% de dhaoine sa bhliain 1911.

Tharla an méadú is mó ar chéatádan na gcainteoirí Gaeilge i Laighean – ó 3.5% go 8.8% le méadú níos measartha in Ulaidh agus laghdúithe i Mumhan agus i gConnacht. Leirigh dálaí tithíochta gurbh é 1.19 meánlíon daoine in aghaidh an tseomra ar fud na tíre agus go raibh 27% den daonra ina gcónaí i ndálaí ina raibh níos mó ná beirt in aghaidh an tseomra. Díobh síúd a bhí fostaithe, bhí 51% i ngairmeacha talmhaíochta, 4% ina n-iascairí, 14% sa déantúsáíocht agus 7% ina seirbhíisigh tí.

## Foirmeacha daonáirimh



2,496

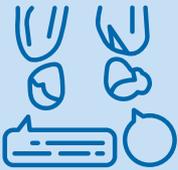
Imleabhar ceangailte

700,000

Bileog aonair

630,048

Tuairiscéan teaghlai



Innílacht sa gaeilge

18.3%

Méadú náisiúnta: 17.6% → 18.3%

8.8%

Tharla an méadú is mó ar

chéatádan na gcainteoirí Gaeilge i Laighean – ó 3.5% go 8.8%

Iomlán leathanach 681,249

681,249

2,496 (100%)

Imleabhair chatalógaithe:

100%

CATALÓGÚ

### Daonáireamh 1926

Is é an tionscadal is uailmhianai ar fad atá déanta ag an gCartlann Náisiúnta riamh ná digitiú Dhaonáireamh 1926 le go mbeidh rochtain phoiblí air. Ghlac a scála agus a raon feidhme cuid mhór dá gcuid oibre i rith 2024 agus tá sruthanna oibre ag leanúint ar aghaidh chun spríodhata eisúna an 18 Aibreán 2026 a chomhlíonadh. Seo a leanas cur síos mionsonraithe ar chompháirteanna an tionscadail agus na modheolaíochtaí atá in úsáid againn chun an acmhainn iontach seo a thabhairt chug lucht féachana ar fud an domhain.

Foirm A 'Tuairiscéain teaghlaigh' ó Dhaonáireamh 1926 a chaomhnú



I mí Aibreáin 2024, sheolamar 'Society & State - Ireland Through Its Records', taispeántas mór ar réachtáladh é ! gCaisleán Bhaile Atha Cliath agus le linn a thréimhse sé mhí, d'fhreastail 61,000 cuairteoir air. Tacalodh leis an tionscnamh seo le réimse leathan gníomhachtaí rannpháirtíochta poiblí, lena n-áirítear imeachtaí ag an gCraobhchomortas Náisiúnta Treabhadóireachta a mhéall 6,827 cuairteoir, podchraoltaí agus ábhar físe a bhí sainchleaptá do na meáin shóisialta. Bhí an taispeántas le feiceáil inár Seomra Léitheoireachta le linn Oíche Chultúir ar an 20 Meán Fómhair chomh maith le caint phoiblí speisialta 'Society & State: 1920s Ireland Through Its Records' agus mheall sé breis is 150 duine i láthair. Lean taispeántais inmheánacha ar aghaidh i rith na bliana, ag tabhairt rochtain dhíreach do chuairoteoirí ar roghanna coimeáda ó na cartlanna agus ag doimhniú tuiscint an phobail ar oidhreacht shábhair faisnéise na hÉireann.

**Taispeántais agus imeachtaí**

Cuairoteoir ar ár dtaispeántas, 'An tSochaí & an Stát - Éire Trína Tairfid' i gCaisleán Bhaile Atha Cliath

Ceann de na himeachtaí is suntasaí a réachtáilimid gach bliain ná an réamhamharc meán go luath i mí na Nollag. Tá ár Seomra Léitheoireachta poiblí dúnta chun ionadaithe meán a chur ar fáil a dhéanfaidh réamhamharc ar na tairfid sin atá le scoilleadh ag Ranna Stáit agus comhlachtaí sceidealaithe an Eanáir dar gcionn. Tá an ócáid eagraithe ag an Rannán Cartlann agus Seirbhíisí Rialtais agus cuirfear tús leis an ullmhúchán don ócáid i mí Dheireadh Fómhair. Sa bhliain 2024, cuirfeadh thart ar 12,000 comhad ar fáil le haghaidh comhairliúcháin agus mar thoradh air sin, rinneadh clúdach fairsing sna meáin ag deireadh mhí na Nollag.

**Réamhamharc meán ar thairfid**



# Na Poist is Fearr ar na Meáin Shóisialta

+25.7%

INSTAGRAM

Mhéadaigh ár leantóirí ar Instagram faoi 25.7%, rud a thug an líon iomlán go 8,657



Top Instagram reel 3,098 views

National Archives, Ireland



337

LINKEDIN

An post is fearr ar LinkedIn (337 amharc)

Top tweet in 2024 (16k views)



Yesterday, @McBrideOrlath hosted a productive meeting with Colleen Shogan @AOTUS11\_Shogan at the National Archives. Later, they both joined @TheHist for a panel discussion with Dr Patrick Geoghegan @talkinghistory on the challenges and future of state archives. @DeptCultureIRL

National Archives, Ireland @NARireland · 22 Nov 2024



Earlier this week, the National Archives was delighted to present the original signed copy of the Good Friday Agreement at an office reception held by U.S. Ambassador Claire Cronin. Pivotal in brokering peace across the island, the document represents the pioneering political leadership that helped to break a cycle of violence and pave the way towards a peaceful, democratic future. This event reflecting on the 26th Anniversary of the Good Friday Agreement was part of the Embassy's Le Chile 100 series celebrating 100 years of diplomatic relations between the United States and Ireland.

National Archives, Ireland



Mhéadaigh ár leantóirí ar Twitter faoi 9.7%, rud a thug an líon iomlán go 20,664.

+9.7%

X (Twitter roimhe seo)





Grúpa ar chualt, iad ag breathnú ar ár dtáifid

## Na Meáin Shóisialta

Leathnagh ár láithreacht ar ardáin na meán sóisialta X (Twitter roimhe seo), Instagram agus LinkedIn in 2024, rud a chuir ar ár gcumas scéalta cartlainne a roinnt, bailiúcháin nua a chur chun cinn agus dul i ngleic le lucht féachana níos leithne. Tá na hardáin seo anois ina n-uirlisí riachtanacha le haghaidh teagmhála, oidreachais agus speis an phobail a chothú inár sealbhaíochtaí taifead. In 2024, mhéadaigh ár leantóir ar Twitter faoi 9.7%, rud a thug an líon iomlán go 20,664. Ar an gcaoi chéanna, d'fhás ár leantóirí Instagram faoi 25.7%, ag sroicheadh iomlán de 8,657.

## Clár Oideachais

Tá Clár Oideachais na Cartlainne Náisiúnta tiomanta do thuiscint níos doimhne a chothú ar acmhainní cartlainne agus ar ról na gcartlann i gcaomhnú ár n-oidhreacht náisiúnta. Tá ár gclár dearta chun tacú le raon leathan foghlaimoírí fása agus lucht féachana gairmiúil agus comhoibríú leo, lena n-áirítear:

Cuireann ár bhfoireann cartlainne agus caomhnóirí le pobail acadúla agus gairmiúla níos leithne freisin trí léachtaí ar líne a thabhairt, páirt a ghlacadh i ngrúpaí fócais agus cur i láthair a dhéanamh ag comhdhála náisiúnta agus idirnáisiúnta.

- Mic léinn tríú leibhéal agus grúpaí ollscoile, go háirithe iad síúd atá ag déanamh staidéir ar eolaíocht chartlainne, ar stair agus ar dhisciplíní gaolmhara
- Grúpaí leasa speisialta – Eireannacha agus idirnáisiúnta – a dhírionn ar thaighde ar stair áitiúil agus stair teaghlaigh
- Ranna Rialtais agus státseirbhíisigh trí sheisín oiliúna saincheaptha duine le duine ar bhainistíocht taifead agus ar na cleachtais is fearr i gcartlannú
- Lucht féachana forbartha gairmiúla, lena n-áirítear iad síúd atá ag obair le taifid nó in earnálacha oidhreacht



Griangraf doibríthe ar eastát  
mhúintir Thomas, Cartlann  
Náisiúnta, PRIV99/28

## Seirbhís Chomhairleach Ghinealaih (GAS)

Chuir an tSeirbhís Chomhairleach Ghinealaih laethúil fáilte roimh 1,156 cuairteoir in 2024. Trí an oifig seo a athlonnú go dtí an urlár na talún, tá feabhas suntasach tagtha ar thaitní na gcuairteoirí agus tá sé níos fusa do dhaoine rochtain a fháil ar na seirbhísí a theastáil uathu. I dteannta le saoráid chomhairleach láidir ar líne, leanann an tseirbhís de bheith ag tacú le leibhéil arda speise ón bpobal i dtailghe staire teaghlaigh agus oidhreacht.

## LÉITHEOIRÍ NUA

# 1,841

Rinneadh tairgheoirí nua de 1,841 ball den phobal

## FIOSRÚCHÁIN

# 11,430

11,430 fiosrúchán ón bpobal arna bhfreagrú ag baill foirne na Seirbhísí Pobail

## COMHAIRLE MAIDIR LE GINEALAS

# 1,156

Fuair 1,156 cuairteoir comhairle ónár Seirbhís Chomhairleach Ghinealaih saor in aisce



Taighde a dhéanamh sa Seomra Léitheoireachta

### Seirbhísí Poiblí

### Rochtain agus feasacht phoiblí a fheabhsú

In 2024, leanamar orainn ag tabhairt tosáochta do rochtain phoiblí trína seirbhísí ar an láthair. Bhain 5,613 taighdeoir úsáid as an Seomra Léitheoireachta agus rinne siad comhairliúcháin ar 21,964 doiciméad cartainne chun stair na hÉireann a iniúchadh. D'fhreagair ár bhfoireann 11,430 fiosrúcháin ón bpobal agus bhí ár Seirbhís Athghraraíce fós ina hacmhainn rithábhachtach, ag soláthar 8,705 chóip de thairfid chartainne chun tacaí le taighde dlíthiúil, acadúil agus pearsanta.

Cuireadh tús le hathbhreithniú cuimsitheach ar ár suíomh gréasáin leis an aidhm soiléireacht, inrochtaineacht agus insáidteacht a fheabhsú do gach custaiméir, go háirithe custaiméirí nach saineolaithe iad. Sa bhliain 2024, bhí 3.8 milliún amas ar ár suíomh gréasáin agus tháinig 356,811 cuairteoir nua isteach linn ar líne.

**TAIGHDE**  
**5,613**

Bhain 5,613 taighdeoir úsáid as an Seomra Léitheoireachta agus chuaigh siad i gcomhairle le 21,964 tairfead cartainne

### TAIGHDE SA BHAILE

**26,191**

Cuireadh 26,191 cur síos ar thairfid aonair leis an gcatálog ar líne, rud a chuir ar chumas daoine níos mó dar mbailiúcháin shábhre a iniúchadh ón mbaile



### Scéim Iocaíochta um Aras Maitheacha agus Náionán

Leantaimid orainn ag tabhairt tacaíochta don Roinn Leanaí, Comhionannais, Míchumais, Lánpháirtíochta agus Oige agus do dhaoine aonair atá ag lorg tairfead mar chuid den phróiseas foraithe ama a chaitear in institiúidí don Scéim Iocaíochta Baile do Mhathair agus do Leambh trí bhailiúcháin a dhéanamid.

### Painéal Neamhspleách um Aisghabháil na Firinne/Oifig Tairfead Poiblí Thuaisceart Éireann (PRONI)

Leantaimid orainn idirtheagmháil agus comhoibriú a dhéanamh le comhghleacaithe againn in PRONI atá ag obair leis an bPainéal Neamhspleách um Aisghabháil na Firinne i dTuaisceart Éireann. Rinne an Stiúrthóir cur i láthair don phainéal i mí Dheireadh Fómhair 2024 faoin obair a dhéantar san Ionad Náisiúnta um Thairghe agus Cuimhneachán.

### Tionscadal Di-adhlactha Thuama

Bhuail leam mar le Stiúrthóir Thionscadal Di-adhlactha Thuama in 2024. Leantaimid orainn ag soláthar treorach maidir leis na tairfid atá againn agus ag éascú tairgheoirí atá ag obair ar an tionscadal, chomh maith le cóipeanna digítithe de thairfid a sholáthar mar chuid den obair chatalógúcháin inmheánach atá ar siúl.

## COMHAIRLE AGUS TRÉOIR CURTHA AR FAIL DO 14

14 roinn agus

comhlacht sceidealaithe

# 500

D'fhreastail 500 duine ó ar

fud na seirbhíse sibhialta agus

poiblí ar sheimineáir gréasáin

i mí Dheireadh Fómhair 2024

ar bhunghnéithe chosaint agus

eagrú tairfead poiblí.

# 6 Dul i ngleic

## Rannpháirtíochta páirtithe leasmhara

### Comhairle, treoir agus oiliúint

Le linn 2024, thugamar comhairle agus treoir do 14 roinn agus comhlacht sceidealaithe. Chuireamar 18 seisún oiliúna ar fáil do 97 ball foirne de chuid Ranna Rialtais agus comhlachtaí sceidealaithe a chluadaigh aistríthe taifead, caomhnú agus athchóiriúocht comhad, reachtatócht cartlann agus oibleagáidí ginearálta bainistíochta faisnéise. Chuireamar oiliúint ar fáil freisin maidir le haistríú taifead do bhaill foirne ó dhá chlárlann phrobháide ceantair.

Mar chuid de Sheachtain Claochlu na Seirbhíse Poiblí de chuid na Roinne Cateachais Phoiblí maidir le Seachadadh agus Athchóiriú NDP, réachtálamar seimineár gréasáin i mí Dheireadh Fómhair 2024 ar bhunghnéithe chosaint agus eagrú taifead poiblí don todhchaí a mheall breis is 500 duine ó ar fud na seirbhíse sibhialta agus poiblí.

## Lionra na gCartlannaithe Stáit agus na mBainisteoirí Taifead

Cuirtear fáilte mhór roimh fhostú cartlannaithe/bainisteoirí taifead gairmiúla i líon méadaitheach Ranna agus comhlachtaí Rialtais. Is céim riachtanach í ceapachán na foirne gairmiúla sin chun aghaidh a thabhairt ar aistríthe stairiúla ó chomhlachtaí atá faoi réir Acht na gCartlann Náisiúnta, 1986, chomh maith le feabhas a chur ar bhainistíú faisnéise agus taifead ar fud na státseirbhíse. Le linn 2024, leanamar orainn ag óstáil cruinnithe ráithiúla den Lionra chun comhroinnt eolais agus cur chuíge comhoibríoch a fhorbairt maidir le taifid Stáit a bhainistíú.

## Sainghrúpa an Choimisiúin Eorpaigh maidir leis an spás sonraí coiteann don Oidhreacht Chultúrtha

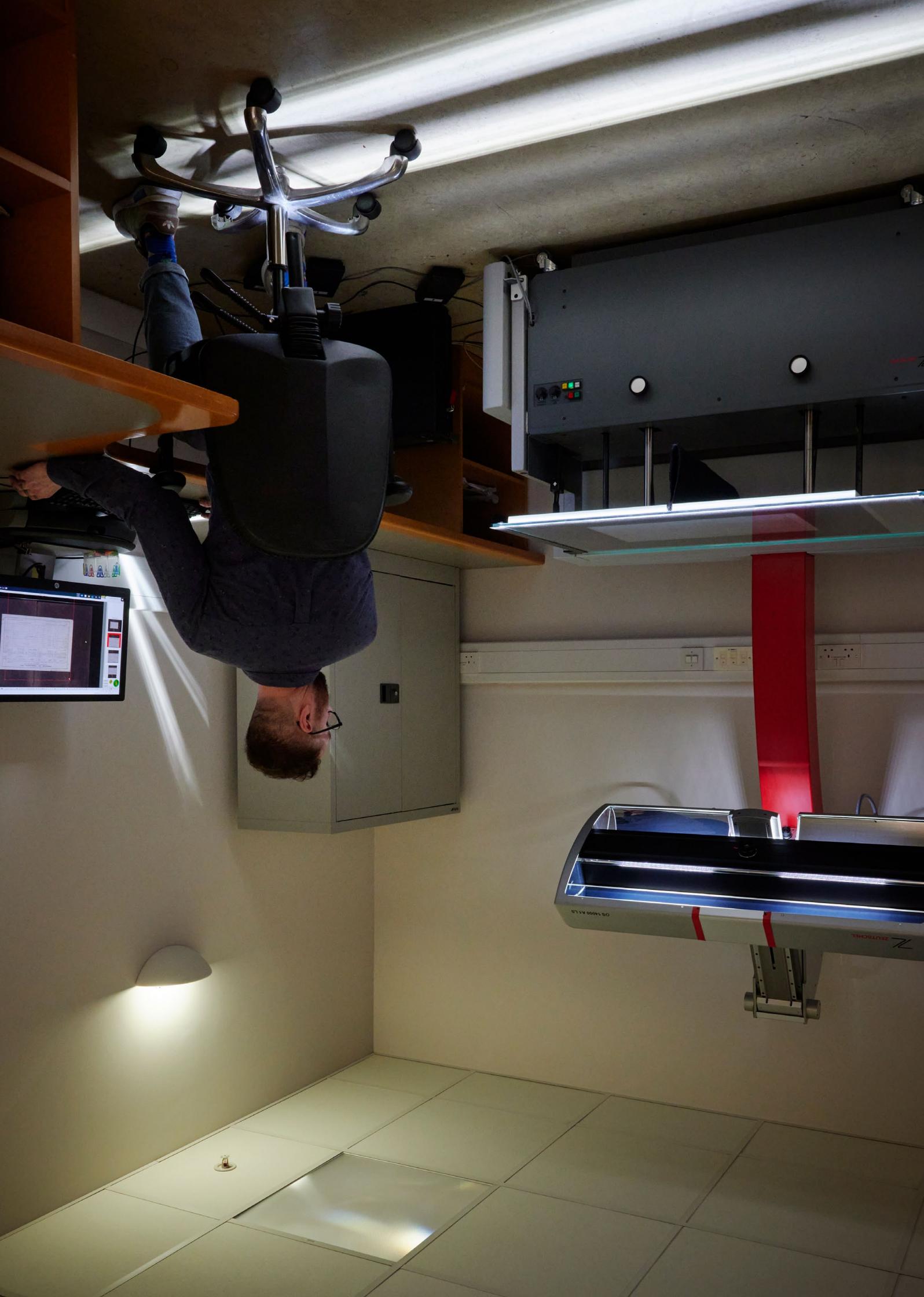
Bhí an coimeádaí um Bainistíocht Dhigiteachain fós ina ionadad 'Éirinn ar Shainghrúpa an Choimisiúin Eorpaigh maidir leis an Spás Sonraí coiteann don Oidhreacht Chultúrtha ar son ár máthair-roinne. Bhí Éire rannpháirteach i bhfeachtas an Choimisiúin, 'Twin-It', a seoladh i mí na Bealtaine agus tá sé ar intinn aige rannpháirtíocht na mballstát a mhéadú maidir le digitú 3T mar chuid de na spríocanna digítithe foriomlána a leagtar amach i Moltai 2021.

## Fiosrúchán Scóipe, Binse Óglaigh na hÉireann

Is tionscnamh cartlainnaíthe é Pobal Éireannach um Chleachtas Cartlainnaíochta atá Eolasach ar Thráma a sholáthraíonn tacáocht píaraí do phobal cartlainnaíochta na hÉireann atá ag obair le tairfid agus le taighdeoirí a bhaineann le tráma. Bunaíodh coiste i mí an Mhárta 2024 chun treoir agus straitéisíeach a thabhairt don phobal maidir le saincheisteanna a bhaineann leis an réimse seo de chleachtas cartlainnaíochta. Tá ionadaithe ar an gcoiste ó Chartlann Náisiúnta na hÉireann, ó Oifig na dTairfid Poiblí i dTuaisceart Éireann (PRONI), ó chartlanna ó earnaíochta na n-ollscóileanna, na reiligiúnach, an rialtais áitiúil agus na gcomhlachtaí reachtúla, ó oideachas agus taighde cartlainne.

Bhuaileamar le hionadaithe ón bhFiosrúchán Scóipe ar Mhí-úsáid Gnéis Stairiúil i Scoileanna chun comhairle a thabhairt ar choimeád tairfid a chur leis na téarmaí tagartha lena chinntiú go bhfuil trédhreachacht ann maidir le riachtanais chartlainne dóibh siúd atá páirteach sa phróiseas. Tugadh an chomhairle chéanna don Roinn Cosanta maidir le téarmaí tagartha a fhorbairt do Bhinse Óglaigh na hÉireann a bhunú.

Tá léargas agus tairfid shuntasach faighte againn le déanaí ar dhéileáil le ceisteanna casta dli a eascraíonn as coimisiúin agus próisis Stáit, rud a chabhroídh lena chinntiú go ndéanfar breithnithe coimeáda tairfid a chomhtháthú i ndearadh na bpróiseas seo.





## Grúpa Athbheithnithe Neamhspleách - Oglai

In 2024, d'obrómar leis an nGrúpa Athbheithnithe Neamhspleách - Oglai na hÉireann lena chinntiú go gcosnaítear tairfid a roghnaíodh lena gcaomhnú go buan mar chartlanna. Airdíodh leis sin teagmháil a dhéanamh le Cathaoirleach an Grúpa Athbheithnithe Neamhspleách de chuid Oglai na hÉireann agus le hionadaithe ón Roinn Cosanta agus ón OPOFR faoi na riachtanaisí. Thadéarmacha a bhaineann le tairfid mar sin a chaomhnú. Dá bharr sin, d'iarr an Roinn Cosanta ar na tairfid sin a aistriú go dtí an Chartlann Náisiúnta i gcomhréir le hAcht (7) den Acht 1986 a cheadaíonn aistriú tairfid níos lu ná 30 bliain d'aois chun críocha caomhnaithe agus/nó riaracháin. Ní bheidh tairfid deoirt in ann rochtain a fháil ar na tairfid seo go dtí go bhfuil siad 30 bliain d'aois agus go dtéann sé faoi réir eisúint feidearthá faoi Acht (4).

Stórládh na tairfid lasmuigh de bhonneagar na Roinne Cosanta ar fhriotháil OPOFR agus fanfaidh siad ansin go dtí go bhfuilimid in ann iad a aistriú go córas caomhnaithe digiteach. I bhfianaise fogaireacht na dtairfid seo, cinneadh go mbeadh sé ní ba chuí iad a aistriú go díreach chuig an nGrúpa Náisiúnta. Is é seo an chéad uair gur agraíodh Acht (7) den Acht 1986 agus cuireadh sé beim ar an bpráin a bhaineann le taisclann dhigitheach a fhorbairt lena chinntiú go ndéantar bainistíú gníomhach ar tairfid dhigithe. A luaithe a bheidh sé críochnaithe, beidh sé seo an chéad aistriú d'ábhar dhigithe mar seo go dtí an Chartlann Náisiúnta.

## Grúpa Oibre um Thairfid Stairiúla le Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Síante (FSS)

Bhíomar i dteagmháil leis an FSS chun Grúpa Stúirtora a bhunú ar a bhfuil ionadach shinséarach ón dá eagraíocht chun saincheisteanna a thagann chun cinn maidir le bailiúcháin stairiúla ospidéal FSS atá sa Chartlann Náisiúnta agus leo síúd atá fós faoi chúram FSS a mheas. Mar chuid den tionscadal, rinneamar iniúchadh ar ár mbailiúcháin ospidéal FSS agus rialaimid ceisteanna agus iarratais ar rochtain ar na bailiúcháin seo.

Chun an obair seo a stúradh, úsáidimid sruthanna comhthreomhara éagsúla chun stádas dlí reatha na dtairfid stairiúla laistigh de chreat foromlán an Achte um Chartlann Náisiúnta, 1986 a mheas agus molfaimid na chéad chéimeanna eile maidir le beartais rochtana chaighdeánaithe a fhorbairt agus tairfid stairiúla a aistriú ionas go mbeidh siad faoinár gcúram. Beidh an príomhfhócas ar bhailiúcháin meabhairshláinte stairiúla. Chuirge sin, rinneamar suirbhé ar na tairfid atá fágtha in Ospidéal Naomh Otteran, Port Láirge in 2024. Cé nach bhfuil ach dornán acu, tá siad an-tábhachtach ó thaobh na staire de agus moltar go n-ullmháitear iad le hainistíú chugainn láithreach mar gheall ar a gcoinníoll sobhríste. Tairfid ag comhoibriú leis an nGrúpa Stúirtora um Thairfid Stairiúla agus táthar ag súil go n-aistreofar na tairfid sin ag tús 2025.

Úsáidfeáir na sonraí a bhailíteáir tríd an tionscadal píolótach chun críteáir a fhorbairt don chéad chéim eile den phróiseas, beidh na riachtanais bogearraí agus crua-earraí maidir le córas caomhnaithe digiteach don Chartlann Náisiúnta i gcomhréir le forbairtí ar fud na státseirbhíse. Ní féidir leis an gChartlann Náisiúnta tabhairt faoin gcéad chéim eile den phróiseas leí féin, agus mar sin, beidh tacáíocht agus ionchur ag teastáil ón ROINN Cateachais Phoiblí agus Athchóirithe agus ón OPOFR.

## Bainistíocht Dhigiteach

### Tionscadal Píolótach um Chaomhnú Digiteach

Nílimid in ann taifid dhigítighninte a chaomhnú faoi láthair agus táimid fós ag titim chun deiridh ar an gcuíd eile den Eorpaí maidir le caomhnú digiteach. Tá aird á tarraingt ar an tsaincheist seo le blianta anuas ach tá sí níos práinní anois ná riamh mar gheall ar an rialí 20 bliain a tugadh isteach agus forbairtí a bhfuilteáir ag súil leo chun taifid roinnt coimisiún rialtais a chaomhnú maidir chuid den Ionad Náisiúnta Taighde agus Cúimhneacháin.

Chun aghaidh a thabhairt air seo, in 2024, réachtálar cruinnithe lenár bpiarái san Eorpaí (Chartlann Chónaidhme na hEilvéise, Chartlann Náisiúnta na Ríochta Aontaithe, Chartlann Náisiúnta na Liotuáine agus Taifid Náisiúnta na hAlban) chun a mbonneagar reatha a mheas agus foghlaim óna n-eispéiris féin. D'fhorbrálar tionscadal píolótach agus cruthúnas coincheapa chun riachtanais bhonneagair a shocrú lena n-áiríteáir an cumas TFC atá agaimn faoi láthair agus a bheidh agaimn amach anseo chomh maith le hanailís ar na réitigh chaomhnaithe dhigíteacha atá agaimn faoi láthair. Coimisiúnadóh comhairleoirí ó BIP bunaithe sa RA chun comhorú agus treoir straitéiseach a chur ar fáil don tionscadal píolótach.

Fud na gcomhlachtaí liostaithe. dhigítighninte a chaomhnú ar fud na státseirbhíse agus ar leis ár riachtanais reachtúla a chomhlíonadh chun taifid chuid dar máthair-roinn agus ní féidir a bheith ag súil mbosca gainimh seo mar tá ár mbonneagar TFC mar cinn go dtí an chéim cur chun feidhme. Bhí gá leis an ar cheart a réiteach sula gcuirteáir an tionscadal chun agus tharraing sé aird ar shrianata sa bhonneagar reatha leibhéal tacáíochta atá ag teastáil ó TFC imhneánach éagsúla a thástáil. Thug sé sin léargas dúinn ar an saoráid stórala bosca gainimh a chur ar fáil chun córais Phríomhoifigeach Faisnéis an Rialtais (OPOFR) chun ina theannta sin, bhíomar i dteagmháil le hOifig

Úsáidfeáir na sonraí a bhailíteáir tríd an tionscadal píolótach chun críteáir a fhorbairt don chéad chéim eile den phróiseas, beidh na riachtanais bogearraí agus crua-earraí maidir le córas caomhnaithe digiteach don Chartlann Náisiúnta i gcomhréir le forbairtí ar fud na státseirbhíse. Ní féidir leis an gChartlann Náisiúnta tabhairt faoin gcéad chéim eile den phróiseas leí féin, agus mar sin, beidh tacáíocht agus ionchur ag teastáil ón ROINN Cateachais Phoiblí agus Athchóirithe agus ón OPOFR.

Den chéad uair, tá taifead córasach ar fhaisnéis  
suímh agus aitheantais ar mbailiúcháin  
déanta againn i bhformáid struchtúrtha  
agus leictreonach atá inrochtana.

## Tionscadal iniúchta ar leibhéal bailiúcháin

Le linn 2024, d'oirigh an Rannóg Cartlainne agus  
Seirbhís Rialtais ar iniúchadh ar leibhéal bailiúcháin chun  
tácú le pleanáil straitéiseach agus é seo a éascú maidir  
lenár mbailiúcháin agus a n-áiseanna aimsithe.

Ba iad aidhmeanna an tionscadail:

- Méid ar mbailiúcháin ar fud shuíomhanna na Cartlainne  
Náisiúnta agus áiseanna stórála a bhunú
- Méid na mbailiúcháin nach bhfuil catalógaithe nó  
liostaithe a aithint, a rangú agus a mheas
- Bailiúcháin ar gá a athlonnú a aithint

Tá an fhoireann tar éis cuid mhór oibre caomhnaithe  
agus athlonnaithe cheana de bharr an tsuirbhé seo. Faoi  
dheireadh 2024, rinneadh faisnéis suímh mionsonraithe  
ar ár mbailiúcháin go léir ar fud ceithre shuíomh a uasdáta  
agus a fheabhsú. Den chéad uair, tá taifead córasach ar  
fhaisnéis suímh agus aitheantais ar mbailiúcháin déanta  
againn i bhformáid struchtúrtha agus leictreonach  
atá inrochtana.

## BAINISTIÚ

1

Tionscadal iniúchta ar  
leibhéal bailiúcháin

87

87 deimhniú diúscartha eisithe  
ag an Stúirtóir

52M

Breis is 52 milliún comhad  
digiteach diúscairte go sábháilte

750,000

750,000 comhad páipéir  
diúscairte go sábháilte



## Diúscairt

Tugann Alt 7 den Acht um Chartlann Náisiúnta, 1986 cead don Stúirtóir údarú a thabhairt do dhíúscairt taifead nach gá iad a choimeád mar chartlanna. In 2024, d'eisigh an Stúirtóir 87 teastas díúscairtha, rud a d'fhág gur scríosadh breis agus 52 milliún comhad digiteach agus 750,000 comhad páipéir faoi rialú nár gá iad a chaomhnú go buan mar chartlann agus i gcás ar tháinig deireadh lena ngnó nó lena bhfeidhm dlí.

Bhain an chuid is mó dóibh le gníomhaíochtaí próiseála agus taifid ina raibh an fhaisnéis ar fáil i bhfoinsí eile. Rinneadh suirbhéanna taifead i naoi Roinn, dhá ghníomhaireacht agus comhlacht neamh-íostaithe amháin. I ngach cás, bhraith údarú díúscairtha ar roinnt coinníollacha, rud a d'fhág gur cuirfeadh le coigiltéas an Stáitíste agus gur comhlíonadh oibleagáidí faoi reachtanna eile ar bhealach níos fearr, lena n-áirítear an Acht um Chosaint Sonraí, 2018.

## Páipéir Cláráithe Oifig an Phríomh-Rúnaí (CSORP)

Cuirfeadh tús leis an tionscadal chun sraith na bPáipéir Cláráithe ó Oifig Phríomh-Rúnaí na hÉireann a chatalógu in 2008 agus tar éis tuilleadh maoiniú a fháil ó thíomnacht Francis J Crowley, thosaigh cartlannaí conartha taifid 1835 a phróiseáil agus a chatalógu i mí Iúil 2024. Rinneadh 1,277 cuntas aonair ar 2,039 doiciméad (CSO/RP/1835/1-1397) san iomlán agus catalógáidh taifid 1918 mar chuid de thionscadal ar liosta ar leith don tréimhse 1917 - 1924. Leanadh leis an obair ar na Tuarascálacha Uafáis don bhliain 1833 agus rinneadh 163 cuntas aonair ar 6,581 doiciméad (CSO/RP/OR/1833/251-362).

# 5 Bainistiú

Ceann de na príomhfheidhmeanna atá againn ná tairfid a fháil ó Ranna Rialtais agus iad seo a chur ar fáil don phobal le féachaint saor in aisce inár Seomra Léitheoireachta. Chuirge sin agus laistigh de chumhachtaí reachtacha teoranta agus acmhainní, in 2024, thugamar comhairle do Ranna Rialtais agus do chomhlachtaí poiblí ar bhainistíocht a dtairfid, lena n-áirítear dóibh siúd a bhaineann leis an Acht agus dóibh siúd atá lasmuigh den raon feidhme faoi láthair. Éascaíonn luath-**dirghabháil** i saoire tairfid cur chuirge? cartlannú trí dhearadh maidir le coimeád tairfid agus cabhráíonn sé le bainistíocht leanúnach na dtairfid poiblí, leithdháileadh acmhainní, pleanáil stórála agus costais **dirghabhála a chinntiú le himeacht ama.**

2. Prionsabal de chuid Rialachas Faisnéise na hEorpa is ea 'Cartlannú trí Dhearadh' arna fhorbairt ag an gCoimisiún Eorpach, atá i bhfábh le cur chuirge comhoibriúch sainleolaithe faisnéise agus sonraí chun córais faisnéise a shainiú agus féachaint chucu go seastaídh siad an aimsir agus srathleanna a thairfidadh sula gcruthaítear iad.

D'fhéadfadh riosca tromchúiseach a bheith ag gabháil leis an easpa rialachán um bainistíocht tairfid sa státseirbhís maidir le tairfid phoiblí a chaomhnú. Bhi imní fós ann faoi oibleagáidí faoi Acht 1986 agus faoin reachtaíocht maidir le cosaint sonraí le linn 2024, rud a d'fhág go ndearnadh líon mór fiosrúcháin chuirge an gCartlann Náisiúnta. Gan caighdeáin éigeantacha maidir le tairfid agus sonraí oifigiúla rialtais a bhainistiú, leanfaidh an tairfid poiblí de bheith i mbaol caillteanas agus beidh an Stát faoi dhilteanas i leith mainneachtain leasanna páirtithe leasmhara agus saoránach a chosaint.

In 2024, d'fhoilsíomar sceideal coimeáda ar líne dáicmi riaracháin ginearálta tairfid a bhí ar fáil ar fud na ranna agus na ngníomhaireachtaí státseirbhíse go léir. Cé go ndéantar an-tairfid air seo go forleathan, agus go bhfuil níos mó leanúnachais maidir le tairfid a aithnínt le caomhnú go buan, fágann an easpa cumhachtaí reachtúla nach féidir ach an sceideal coimeáda a úsáid mar threoir mar níl údarás againn iallach a chur ar chomhlíonadh. Chun cur chuirge praiticiúil a fhorbairt maidir le bainistíocht tairfid ar fud na státseirbhíse, ní mór nósanna imeachta coimeáda a bheith i gcomhréir le chéile. Chun tionchar agus éifeachtúlacht a uasmhéadú, ba cheart údarúithe díúscartha a chur i bhfeidhm mar aon le sceideal coimeáda comhaontaithe.

### Taispeántais

'Sochaí agus Stát - Éire Trína Tairfid' (an 17 Aibreán - an 8 Meán Fómhair)

Caomhnáidh breis agus 100 earra don taispeántas seo sula ndearnadh digitiú orthu. Ansin, rinneadh sráithheanna ionadaithe a ullmhú, a ghléasadh, agus a shuiteáil ar taispeántas ag Teach Coiste Chaisleán Bhaile Atha Cliath agus ansin ag an gComórtas Náisiúnta Treabhdóireachta i gContae Laoise i mí Mheán Fómhair 2024.

Rogha Doiciméad ar taispeántas ag áir dtaispeántas 'Sochaí & Stát - Éire Trína Tairfid' i gCaisleán Bhaile Atha Cliath



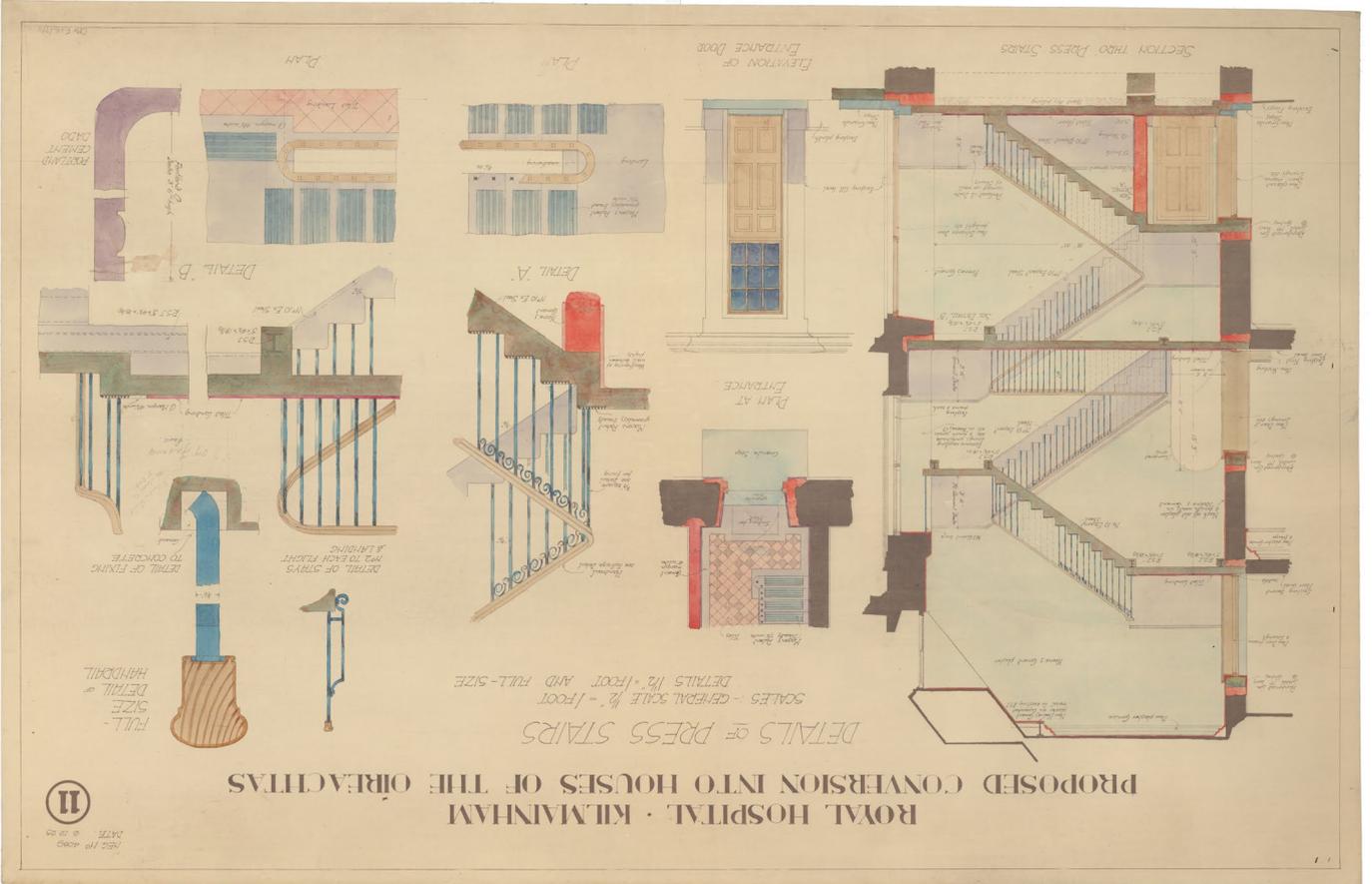
### iasachtai

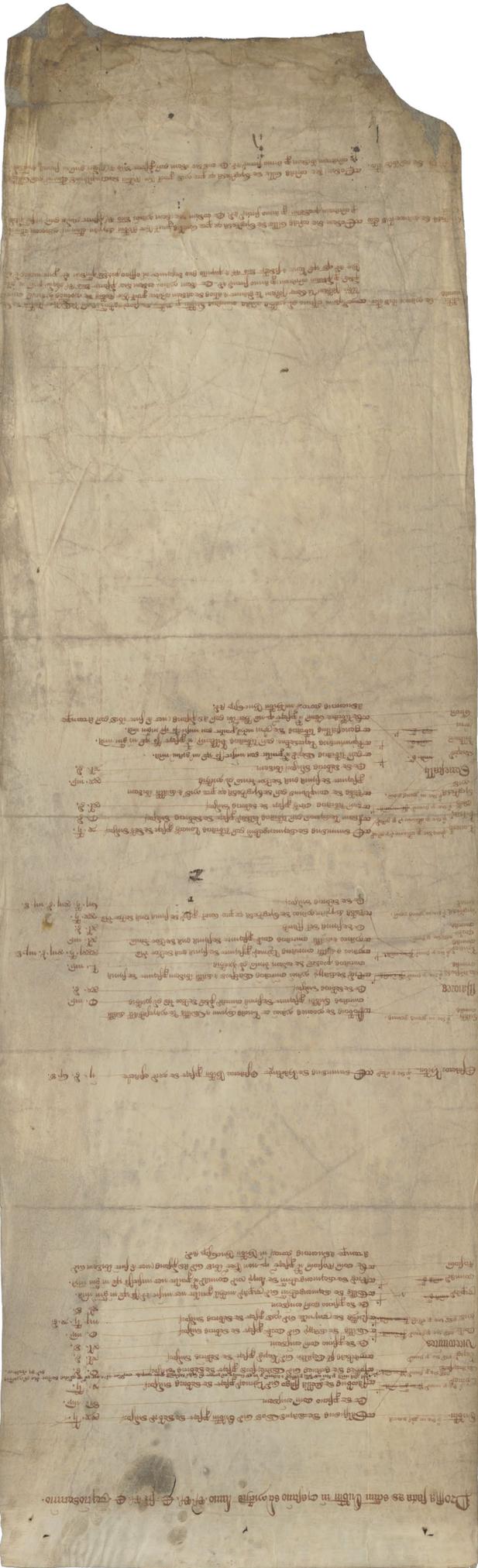
See a leanas an dóigh ar bainistíodh ceithre iasacht le linn 2024:

- Cuiradh ceithre phlean ailtreachta mhóra (OPW 5/ HC/3/11) a bhí ar iasacht ar ais chuíg, 'Feindhúthracht: Dearcadh Domhanda' ag Aeras Nua-Ealaine na hÉireann (an 28 Deireadh Fómhair 2023 - an 21 Aibreán 2024)
- Taispeánadh Comhaontú Aoine an Chéasta Bhéal Feirste (2009/132/75) ag Le Chéile 100 agus d'fhreastail George Mitchell agus Bertie Aherne ar an imeacht a réachtáladh ag áras ambasadóir na SA (an 11 Meitheamh)

- Tugadh an chéad sé leathanach do mhí Lúnasa 1922 i ndialann Mhicheál Ó Coileáin ar iasacht d'Aras Mhicheál Ó Coileáin i gCloich na Coille do mhí Lúnasa; áiríodh dréacht-teileagraim a scríobh Ó Coileáin an 15 Lúnasa 1922 leis na leathnaigh dialainne seo, a tugadh don Chartlann Náisiúnta le déanaí
- Rinneadh athbhreithniú bliantúil ar iasacht fadéarmach na Cartlainne Náisiúnta (PRÍOSÚIN 1/10/6) do Phríosún Chill Mhaighneann i mí Dheireadh Fómhair

Athchóiriú beartaithe Ospidéal Ríoga Chill Mhaighneann ina Thithe an Oireachtais, Cartlann Náisiúnta, OPW/5HC/3/11/11





Airíodh leis na forbairt eile le linn 2024 stóras tíomnaithe do fhreagairt ar thuabaist a bhunú chun eadaí cosanta a stóráil agus trealamh a shabháil mar aon le hoiliúint foirne maidir le hullmhacht tubaiste agus teicnicí sábhála praiticiúla.

In 2024, caomhníodh Rolla Meabhrán Stáitiste (Cartlann Náisiúnta, EX 1/2) ón tríú bliain deag de réimeas Rí Éadhard II (1319-1320). Is é seo ar cheann de na lámhscríbhinní is sine a tháinig slán ó scriosadh Oifig na dtáifead Poiblí in 1922. Rinne ár bhfoireann athghrafáice na 53 scannán meamraim a dhígtiú do chaomhnú agus rochtáin. Rinneadh an lámhscríbhinn a thras-scriobh agus a aistriú, i gcomhar le tionscadal Thaisce Thairfid Fhíorúla na hÉireann (VRTI) agus tá sé ar fáil ar thairseach VRTI ag <https://virtualtreasuresur.ie>.

Le linn fhómhar 2024, d'ostáil muid céimí caomhnaithe le déanaí le haghaidh socrúcháin ocht seachtaine a mhaoinigh VRTI agus a dhírigh ar chaomhnú ábhar tarrthála 1922. Bailíodh bliúire a bhfuil drochbhail air ó rolla pléadála (Cartlann Náisiúnta, KB 1/4) ón mbliain 1406 ó Ollscoil Mhuire Londain (QML) tar éis don Dr David Mills micreathomagrafaíocht x-gha a dhéanamh. Chuir an Caomhnóir Sinséarach a bhl i gceannas ar an tionscadal trí léacht phoiblí i láthair maidir le caomhnú ábhair ó na bailiúcháin tharrtháilte.



## Caomhnú

Tacaíonn an tAonad Caomhnaithe le príomhghníomhaíochtaí atá rithbhachtach do chaomhnú fadéarmach shealúchas na Cartlainne Náisiúnta. Tá sé mar aidhm ag obair an Aonaid cothromaíocht a fháil idir a chinntiú go gcaomhnaithe ar na taifid agus go gcuirtear rochtain fhísiciúil agus dhigiteach ar fáil. Rianáil na beartas idirghabhála fosta gach cóireáil caomhnaithe agus de réir cód iompair atá gairmiúil agus dian.

Tá ról lárnach ag an Aonad Caomhnaithe maidir le hoiliúint leanúnach a chur ar fáil do chomhghleacaithe agus Ranna Rialtais maidir le cartlanna a láimhseáil agus a úsáid mar is ceart lena chinntiú go ndéantar a laghad damáiste agus is féidir. Airtirear leis seo treoir maidir le hábhar stórla de chaigheadán cartlainne a úsáid agus modhanna cuir maidir le cartlanna a stóráil. Ina theannta sin, freagraíonn an tAonad ar ábhair imní a thagann chun cinn sa Seomra Léitheoireachta, pleann sé le hiarrais athlonnaithe agus déanann sé cóireáil ar réimse leathan bailiúcháin roimh iomháu, agus cabhráil le láimhseáil de réir mar is gá. Tá na caomhnóirí freagrach as earraí bailiúcháin ar taispeántas agus a seoladh ar iasacht a ghleasadh.

In 2024, cheannaimar córas monatóireachta timpallachta nua a bhfuil braiteoirí aige a suiteáladh ar fud Shráid an Easpaig agus shuíomhanna na gCeithre Cúirteanna go straitéiseach a choinníonn taifead ar theocht agus ar bhogthaise. Tarchuireann na braiteoirí na léamha chuíg stáisiún bunáite trí radaitéilliméadracht a úsáid. Stóráiltear na sonraí sa néal ionas gur féidir leis an bhfoireann rochtain a fháil orthu go cianda agus is féidir léi monatóireacht agus rianú a dhéanamh ar choinníollacha stórla bailiúcháin agus freagairt air seo de réir mar is gá.



## Tionscadal Taiscainne na Cartainne

Tar éis d'Offig na nOibreacha Poiblí próiseas tairisceana a chríochnú, cuireadh tús le trádstóras Shraid an Espaig a athfhorbairt i mí na Bealtaine 2024. Laistigh de bhallai an trádstórais, tá taisclann dhá stór a chlíoion leis na caighdeáin cartainne is déanaí a tógáil. Nuair a bheidh sí críochnaithe, beidh breis agus 190,000 bosca de tháid cartainne ann. Ba iad na fothar an chéad cheim den tionscadal, a cuireadh i gcrích le linn 2024. Airíodh leis seo cuid mhór pilleáil, ionas go mbeimid in ann stórtha breise a chur leis an dá urlár tosáigh taiscainne de réir mar is gá.

Tá an tógáil á déanamh ag Duggan Brothers Contractors Limited faoi mhaoirseacht Sean Harrington Architects agus Oifig na nOibreacha Poiblí, i gcomhar leis an gCartlann Náisiúnta.

1,453

CAOMHNÚ

1,453 bosca cartainne ar  
sheilfeanna inár stórtha ar  
Shraid an Espaig agus sna  
Ceithre Chuirteanna

ST. PATRICK'S COLLEGE  
DUBLIN  
1912

to Mr. J. J. Kelly  
to be sent to Mr. J. J. Kelly

of the ...

Name *Miss J. J. Kelly*  
Subject *St. Patrick's College*

Rialtas Sealadach na hEir

10,000 2.22 A.T. & Co., Ltd.  
1912

## Saincheisteanna dlí agus reachtálocha NCRR

Bunaíodh Foghrupa Dlí agus Reachtálocha in 2023 a chuireann le Grúpa Stúirtóra foriomlán an Ionaid Náisiúnta Taighde agus Cuimhneacháin. Tá an Chartlann Náisiúnta, Oifig an Ard-Aighne agus príomhranna mar chuid den ghruipa seo. Is é ról an Fhoghrupa an méid seo a leanas a sholáthar:

- i. Beartais agus prionsabail uileghabhálacha a sholáthar ar cheart bainistíocht agus rochtain na taisclaíne a rianú
- ii. Bunús dléathach maidir le gach aicme nó catagóir tairlead a choinneáil

iii. Bunús dléathach maidir le rochtain a fháil ar thairfid de réir ábhar sonraí

iv. Bunús dléathach maidir le rochtain a fháil ar thairfid de réir tairghdeoir

**An tAcht um Chosaint Mháithreachais, Comhionannas Fostála agus Fostála, 2024**

In 2024, thug an Aire Leanaí, Comhionannais, Míchumais, Lánpháirtíochta agus Oige an tAcht um Chosaint Mháithreachais, Comhionannas Fostála agus Caomhnú Tairlead, 2024 isteach. Tháinig alt 3 den reachtálocht, a bhaineann le caomhnú tairlead, a bhfeidhm i mí na Samhna 2024. Tugann an reachtálocht cumhachtaí nua do Stúirtóir na Cartlaine Náisiúnta iallach a chur ar dhaoine ábhartha, ar institiúidí agus ar fhoinsí eolais a bhfuil tairfid ábhartha ina seilbh mar a shainmhínítear sa reachtálocht chun ráiteas na dtairlead seo a thabhairt don Chartlann Náisiúnta.

Ina theannta sin, ceanglaítear ar na páirtithe seo a chinníú go gcaomhnaítear na tairfid sin agus deirtear gur coir í tairfid a scríosadh, a athrú nó a bhaint ó dhlinse an Stáit. Tar éis an reachtálocht a chur i bhfeidhm, scríobh an Stúirtóir chuig gach cuallacht i mí na Nollag 2024, agus d'iarra sé orthu ráiteas a thabhairt don Chartlann Náisiúnta maidir leis na tairfid ábhartha a bhí ina seilbh laistigh de thri mhí.

Mar chuid dá chuid oibre in 2024, bhain an grúpa úsáid as seirbhísí comhairle dlí chun saincheisteanna a d'áithin baill an Fhoghrupa maidir le bainistíocht agus soláthar a bhaineann le rochtain ar thairfid a mheas. Tháinig an Chartlann Náisiúnta agus an chomhairle dlí le chéile agus tuagadh aiseolas ar shaincheisteanna feidhmíochta a tháinig chun cinn laistigh den chreat dlí reatha, go háirithe easnamh leis an Acht 1986 ar gá aghaidh a thabhairt dóibh gan mhoill. Tá obair á déanamh ar na saincheisteanna seo ag Leibhéal beartais agus tátthar ag suil go mbeidh athruithe reachtacha ag teastáil chun rochtain ar thairfid áirithe san Ionad a bhainistiú.

## An Roinn Dlí agus Cirt

Thugamar cuairt scoipe ar shaoráid stórála sheachtrach de chuid na Roinne Dlí agus Cirt i mí na Bealtaine 2024 agus d'fhorbráomar plean tionscadail. Oibríonn duine dár gcartlannaithe a thosaigh ag obair ar an láthair sa Roinn i mí Iúil agus a oibríonn uair amháin le linn na seachtaine ann, le foireann na Roinne chun aistriú na gcomhad oidhreacht roinne a chatalógú agus a ullmhú a théann siar go dtí bunú an Stáit. Airtéar leis sin tairfid a bhaineann le borstail agus prósúnacht leanai, scoileanna ceartúcháin agus saothair agus gealltanna.

## Rannpháirtíocht Marthanóir: Baile Atha Cliath (Deireadh Fómhair) agus Corcaigh/Gaillimh (Samhain)

Ghlacamar páirt in imeachtaí do mharthanóir agus do dhaoine dá ndéantar difear i mBaile Atha Cliath i mí Dheireadh Fómhair agus i gCorcaigh agus i nGaillimh i mí na Samhna. Thug na himeachtaí seo deis iontach dúinn uasdáta a thabhairt dóibh siúd dá ndéantar difear agus dá dteaghlai mairir leis an obair a rinneadh go dtí seo. Bhí aiseolas ó na himeachtaí seo dearfach agus fiúntach den chuid is mó ach bainfidh aon mhainneachtain leanuach dul chun cinn soléir a thaispeáint mairir le haistriú tairfead agus rochtain a fháil orthu de mhúinín sa phróiseas. Teachtairíocht sholéir ó na himeachtaí go léir ba ea an tabhacht a bhaineann le rochtain daoine aonair ar a dtairfid féin agus na dúshláin a bhíonn rompu.

## Lá Oscailte don Phobal: Sráid Sheáin Mhic Dhiarmada

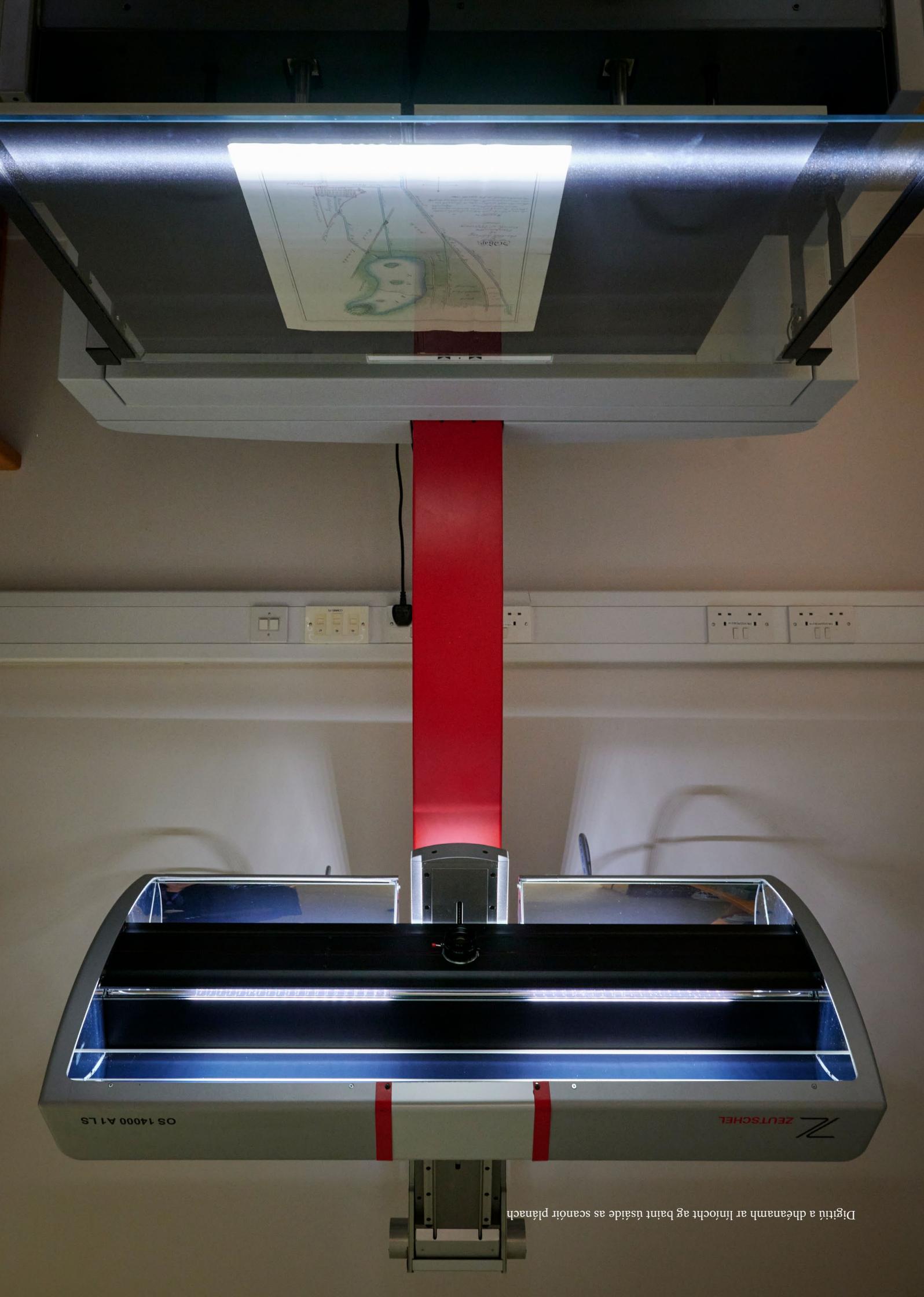
Ghlacamar páirt i lá oscailte don phobal ar Sráid Sheáin Mhic Dhiarmada i mí Iúil freisin. Bhí síua maith ag freastal ar an imeacht seo, arna óstáil ag Comhairle Bhaile Atha Cliath mar chuid dá rannpháirtíocht leis an bpobal áitiúil, agus fuarthas aiseolas an-dearfach ó na daoine áitiúla ar an Ionad.

## Foghrúpa Cartlainne NCR

Tháinig an Foghrúpa Cartlainne NCR, ar a ndéanamid cathaoiríocht, le chéile trí huair le linn 2024. Is é ról an Ghrúpa ná treoir agus comhairle straitéiseach a thabhairt don Choiste Stiúrtha ar shaincheisteanna a bhaineann le forbairt cartlainne an Ionaid. I measc bhail an Ghrúpa, tá ionadaithe ón Roinn Oideachais, ón Roinn Airgeadais, ón Roinn Dlí agus Cirt, ón Roinn Leanaí, Comhionannais, Míchumais, Lánpháirtíochta agus Óige, Tusla, Gnómháireacht Uchtaithe na hÉireann, an FSS agus seirbhísí cartlainne an údaráis áitiúil. Leanadh leis an obair ar an bplean tionscadail a chur i bhfeidhm in 2024 agus áiríodh leis seo comhoibriú le Ranna Rialtais agus teagmháil leis an FSS ar nósanna imeachta mairir le tairfid oidhreacht meabhairshláinte a fhorbairt.



Digitú a dhéanamh ar imleabhar ag baint úsáide as scanóir lasnaíde



Digitú a dhéanamh ar líníocht ag baint úsáide as scanóir pláinich

## An Roinn Oideachais

Lean an tionscadal ar an láthair san Aonad Sáamh d'Institiúidí Cónaithe (RIRU) de chuid na Roinne Oideachais in 2024. Bunaithe i mBaile Átha Luain, tá an RIRU freagrach as tairfid na Scoileanna Ceartúcháin agus Saothair. D'oibrigh duine dar gcartlannaithe ar an láthair i mBaile Átha Luain le linn na seachtaine ar feadh bliana, a bheag nó a mhór. Thug an Roinn tacaíocht iomlán don tionscadal seo a chuir spás tionscadail oiriúnach agus foireann tacaíochta ar fáil agus chuirfeamar ollúint agus trealamh cartlaine ar fáil. Cuirfeadh an tionscadal i gcrích i lár 2024 agus cuirfeadh na tairfid RIRU ar fad i mboscaí agus ullmháid iad seo le haistriú go dtí an Chartlann Náisiúnta.

Dréachtáidh tuarascáil deiridh don Roinn chu bhairimní maidir le cosaint sonraí a mhaoliú trí shraith tairfid a cheapadh a bheadh in ann aistriú láithreach de bharr aoise nó dóibh siúd gan impleachtaí cosanta sonraí ar bith. Ina theannta sin, leagann an tuarascáil amach tairfid a chuirfimis i gcatagóir riosca an-íseal, chomh maith le comhaid cáis níos déanaí ar gá a choinneáil siar go gcuirfeamar athruithe maidir le reachtáil na Cartlaine Náisiúnta i bhfeidhm.

Go dtí seo, ní bhfuair aistriú ar bith ón Roinn. Ní féidir tábacht na dtairfid seo a ghanamh mar is fianaise rithbhachtach iad na tairfid seo d'fheidhmí na n-institiúidí seo agus ról an Stáit maidir le maoinseacht agus airsead a dhéanamh don chóras scoile saothair. Tugann na tairfid léargas ar na heasnamh chórasacha níos leithne agus ar an gcomhthéacs stairiúil maidir leis an bhfáth agus an dóigh ar fheidhmigh institiúidí den sórt sin mar chuid de bhonneagar an Stáit. Is minic go dtagam daoine i dtéagmháil linn ag iarraidh rochtain a fháil ar na tairfid sin.

## An Roinn Leanaí, Comhionannais, Michumais, Lánpháirtíochta agus Óige (RLCMLÓ)

Leanamar ar aghaidh ag obair leis an Roinn seo in 2024, agus rinne ár gcartlannaithe 100 lá oibre trí thairfid a chatalógiú agus a ullmhú don aistriú. Comhaid oidhreachtacha a bhí iontu den chuid is mó a aistríodh ón Roinn Sínte. Déanann siad tairfid ar a fheidhmeanna maoinseachta maidir le cónaí leanaí agus feidhmí na n-institiúidí Máltreacha agus Naeonán agus na dtithe contae. Téann na tairfid seo siar ó bhunú an Stáit go dtí an lá inniu. Le linn an phróisis catalógaithe, d'áithin na cartlannaithe roinnt tairfid a bhí an-suntasach ag a bhfuil gá le hidirghabháil caomhnaithe láithreach.

## Ionad Náisiúnta Taighde agus Cuimhneachán (NCCR)

Tá obair fós ar siúl maidir leis na tairfid a bheidh ar fáil sa Chartlann Náisiúnta mar chuid den Ionad Náisiúnta Taighde agus Cuimhneachán. Bainean na tairfid faoi raon feidhme le hinstiúidí cónaithe lena n-áirítear tithcheantae, Arais Maitheacha agus Náionán, scoileanna saothaoir, dílleachtlanna agus Neachtlanna Mhaigdléana, chomh maith le húdaráis áitúla, cumainn uchtaithe agus tairfid ó fhiosrúcháin oifigiúla agus ó Choimisiún Imscrúdúcháin. Aireofar le cartlann an Ionaid tairfid stairiúla ó Ranna Rialtais agus tairfid atá á gcoinnéail ag comhlachtaí amhail Udarás Uchtála na hÉireann, an Ghníomhaireacht um Leanaí agus an Teaghlach (Tusla) agus Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte (FSS) faoi láthair toisc go mbaineann siad le tráma instiúide.

Mar chuid dár gcuid oibre, bhíomar ar an láthair i Ranna Rialtais éagsúla chun athbhreithniú a dhéanamh ar thairfid stairiúla atá ábhartha don Ionad. Cuirtear isteach ar obair ar an láthair ag an Roinn Sláinte agus ag an Roinn Leanaí, Comhionannais, Míchumais, Lámháiríochta agus Oigce (RLCMLÓ) ag deireadh 2023 tar éis do na Ranna sin ábhair imní a chur in iúl ar an mbonn dli maidir le rochtain a éascú dár bhfoireann ar thairfid roinne sula n-áirítear iad go dtí an Chartlann Náisiúnta. Fuarthas comhairle dli ó Oifig an Ard-Aighne agus bunáidh go gceadadonn na cumhachtaí a dháilítear do Stiúrthóir na Cartlaine Náisiúnta faoi alt 4 den Acht 1986 oifigiúil na Cartlaine Náisiúnta obair ar thairfid sula n-áirítear iad, a luaithe is atá na tairfid sin breis agus 30 bliain d'aois agus go dtéann siad faoi théarmaí an Achta.

Cé gur cuirtear tús leis an obair arís sa RLCMLÓ i mí an Mhárta 2024, níor ghníomhaigh an Roinn Sláinte níos mó sa phróiseas seo agus athdháilíocht obair imhébhanach dácmhainní agus d'fhoireann laistigh den Chartlann Náisiúnta lena chinntiú go raibh an tIonad fós ag dul ó neart go neart. Is ábhar dlomá é an easpa rannpháirtíochta ó roinnt príomhranna, go háirithe mar gheall ar n-íarrachtaí tacú leis na ranna seo a n-óibleagáid a chomhlíonadh chun tairfid níos mó ná 30 bliain d'aois a aistriú.

Is ó luathbhlianta bhunú an Stáit formhór na dtairfid atá faoi thrácht agus tá siad i bhfad níos sine ná 30 bliain d'aois. Ní bhaineann ceisteanna maidir le sonraí pearsanta le go leor comhad a bhaineann le feidhmiú córasach na n-institiúidí ar fud réimsí agus ról an Stáit eagraíochtaí príobháideacha a éascú chun gníomhu ar a shon. Beidh marthanóirí agus a dteaghláigh in ann rochtain a fháil ar anailís fianaise-bhunaithe ar an bhfáth ar cuirtear na mílte duine in institiúidí in Éirinn ar fud an 20ú haois dá bharr na dtairfid seo.



Léirshamhla ailtreacha den Ionad Náisiúnta um Thaighde agus Cuimhneachán ar Shráid Sheáin Mhic Dhármada

- **Tiomnach**  
Seiceáladh 7,660 tairfead tiomnach: athlonnáfóidh 1,337 tairfead agus is féidir teacht orthu sa Seomra Léitheoireachta
- **Ard-Aturnae na Coróinneach**  
Cuirfeadh 1,491 cuntas i gcrích: tá catalógú fós ar síúl
- **Cúirt Chuarda**  
Cuirfeadh 5,251 cuntas i gcrích: athlonnáfóidh 1,243 tairfead agus is féidir teacht orthu sa Seomra Léitheoireachta

### Tairfid chúirte/thiomnacha

Tá tairfid chúirte againn ó na 1590idí go dtí 1993, agus tá formhór na dtairfead seo ar fáil don phobal. Déanann an Roinn um Thairfid Chúirte iniúchtaí, feabhsaíonn sí áiseanna aimsithe atá ann cheana agus cruthaíonn sí áiseanna aimsithe nua do chuardach sa chatalóg ar líne chun níos mó bealaí éifeachtacha a chruithiú don phobal rochtain a fháil ar na tairfid thábhachtacha seo. Tá sonraí maidir le forshéalbhúcháin ó na cúirteanna le blianta beaga annas ar fáil in Agusín A, Tábla 2.

Nílimid in ann rochtain a fháil ar chainníochtaí móra tairfead atá le haistriú ó chuid mhór de na 64 comhlacht liostaithe go fóill, agus ní féidir tairfid thiomnacha a fháil ó chláranna probháide ceantair go dtí go gcuirfead Tionscadal Taiscailne na Cartlainne i gcrích. Fuarthas cúig aistriú ó thri chomhlacht liostaithe, áfach, de réir Tábla 2 in Agusín A.

### Aistriú tairfead ó chomhlachtaí liostaithe

Iniúchadh agus stóráil a dhéanamh ar Dhaonáireamh 1926



**COMHAID  
ARNA N-AISTRÍÚ**

**12,000**

12,000 comhad arna n-aistriú ó Ranna Rialtais



Terrace

Rectory

P A W E L

Spa Well Mills

# 3 Bailiú

Is é ról an Aonaid Bainistíochta Cartlann cartlanna a fhaightear ag an gCartlann Náisiúnta ó Ranna Stáit agus ó chomhlachtaí eile a rochtain agus a chatalógú i gcomhréir le hAit 8 den Acht Náisiúnta, 1986. Tugann daoine aonair príobháideacha, eagraíochtaí agus institiúidí cartlanna dúinn freisin. Diríonn an tAonad Bainistíochta um Chartlann ar aistriú taifead ó Ranna Stáit agus ó chomhlachtaí eile a fháil de réir reachtaíocht na Cartlaine Náisiúnta.

## Aistriú taifead ó Ranna Stáit, lena n-áirítear na cúlreanna

De bharr ár n-oibreacha caipitil leanúnacha chun aghaidh a thabhairt ar ár nganntanas seanbhunaithe freastal ar chartlanna, ní rabhamar in ann glacadh leis na taifid roinne ar fad a bhí le haistriú. In 2024, cuireadh tús le Tionscadal Taiscainne na Cartlaine agus mar sin, beidh ar roinnt aistriúthe ón Roinn Gnóthaí Eachtracha, ón Roinn Dlí agus Cirt agus ón Roinn Airgeadais a chur ar athlá go dtí 2025.

Faoin Acht 1986 agus faoin Acht um Chartlann Náisiúnta (Leasú), 2018, fuarthas 40 aistriú taifead ó 11 Roinn Stáit agus chomhlacht liostaithe. Fuarthas taifid arna ndátu roimh bhunú an Stáit le linn 2024, lena n-áirítear comhaid maidir le Daonáireamh Státseirbhíse agus ciorcláin scoile ón Roinn Oideachais.

Tá taifid fós á n-aistriú faoin Acht Leasaithe 2018 a chheadaíonn taifid Angla-Eireannacha a eisíúint tar éis 20 bliain, go háirithe 'taifid Angla-Eireannacha a bhaineann le próiseas na síochána agus Tuaisceart Éireann, lena n-áirítear taifid Roinne a bhaineann le Comhaontú Aoine an Chéasta'.<sup>1</sup> Leis an gcomhoibriú leanúnach ó na Ranna abhartha, is é sin Roinn an Taoisigh, an Roinn Gnóthaí Eachtracha, an Roinn Dlí agus Cirt agus Oifig an Ard-Aighne, aistriodh taifid ó 1999 go 2003 in 2023 agus cuireadh na taifid seo os comhair an phobail i mí Eanáir 2024. Tá achóir ar liosta iomlán na dtáifead a aistriodh amhail an 31 Nollaig 2024 ar fáil in Agusín A.

1. Ullmháid ceithre Ionstraim Reachtlá nua chun aistriú na dtáifead 2024 le heisíúint i mí Eanáir 2025 a chheadú: I.R. Uimh. 702/2024 – an tOrdú faoin Acht um Chartlann Náisiúnta, 1986 (Ait 8(1A)) (Taifid Roinne a Aistriú), 2024; I.R. Uimh. 703/2024 – an tOrdú faoin Acht um Chartlann Náisiúnta, 1986 (Ait 8(1A)) (Taifid Roinne a Aistriú), 2024; Roinne a Aistriú), 2024; I.R. Uimh 704/2024 – an tOrdú faoin Acht um Chartlann Náisiúnta, 1986 (Ait 8(1A)) (Taifid agus I.R. Uimh 709/2024 – an tOrdú faoin Acht um Chartlann Náisiúnta, 1986 (Ait 8(1A)) (Taifid Roinne a Aistriú), 2024

# Cé muid féin agus cad a dhéanaimid



Is institiúid náisiúnta cuimhne na hÉireann muid agus caomhnaimid tairid an Stáit



Ballimíd, bainistimid agus cuirimid rochtain ar fáil ar thairid phoiblí na hÉireann agus cinntimid go bhfuil sé ar fáil mar acmhainn dar saoránaigh go léir anois agus amach anseo

## 60M

Tá breis agus 60 milliún tairfead againn a thairfeadann gnéithe éagsúla de shaol in Éirinn, idir roimh neamhspleáchas agus tar éis neamhspleáchais, agus áirithear tairfid Stát nua na hÉireann óna bhunú



Is institiúid cultúrtha náisiúnta de chuid na Roinne Cultúir, Cumarsáide agus Spóirt muid



Meastúnú a dhéanamh ar an mball ina bhfuil imleabhar de Dhaonáitreabh 1926

61,000 

61,000 cuairteoir chug ár

dtaispeántas 'An tSochaí & an

Stát - Éire Trina Tairfid' i gCaisleán

Bhaile Atha Cliath (Aibreán-Meán

Fómhair 2024)

6,827

6,827 cuairteoir chug ár

dtaispeántas 'An tSochaí & an

Stát - Éire Trina Tairfid' ag na

Craobchomórtais Náisiúnta

Treabhdóireachta (17-19 Meán

Fómhair 2024)

100 

100 doiciméad curtha ar taispeáint

Baineann ár dtaispeántas 'Sochaí agus Stát - Éire Trina

Tairfid' a osclaíodh i mí Aibreán 2024 ag Caisleán Bhaile

Atha Cliath agus a bhog go dtí an Comórtas Náisiúnta

Treabhdóireachta tar éis sin, úsáid as Daonáireamh

1926 mar thusphointe agus rianáigh sé forbairt Éireann

an lae inniu trí na tairfid' oifigiúla a réachtáiltear sa

Chartlann Náisiúnta. Rinne an taispeántas tairfid' ar

thuras an Stáit nua ó na 1920idí go dtí an lá inniu. In

áineoin na ndúshlán eacnamaíoch roimh an tréar

éis di neamhspleáchas a bhaint amach, cuireadh tús le

clár nuachóirithe, ó thithíocht shóisialta a sholáthar go

scéimeanna uisce agus séarachais a thabhairt isteach.

Ó leictiríú tuaithe Éireann go leathnú líonra iompair

phoiblí, tháinig feabhas ar bhonneagar fisiciúil na tíre

thar na blianta. Tugadh beartais isteach chun an Ghaeilge

a chur chun cinn, táirgeadh comharthaí Éireann amhail

cruit Ghaelach agus an 'punt' agus bhí tionchar ollmhór

ar ról Iarnach na hEaglaise Chaitlicí in ábhair an Stáit ar

mhoráitacht phoiblí.

Tá bród an domhain orainn faoin obair agus faoi na

tionascadail a chuireamar i gcrích in 2024. Arís eile,

léiríonn siad an tábhacht a bhaineann le Chartlann

Náisiúnta mar institiúid a chaomhnaíonn 60 milliún

tairfid' Stáit agus a chruithaíonn bealaí dinimiciúla agus

nuálaí ionas go mbeidh daoine in ann dul i ngleic leis na

tairfid' seo anois agus amach anseo.



Orlaith McBride

Stiúrthóir

Iúil 2025



Doiciméid ar taispeáint ag ár dtaispeántas 'Sochaí & Stát - Éire Trína Tairfid' i Gaisleán Bhaile Átha Cliath

# 'Is tionscadal suntasach é seo agus cinniteoidh sé go bhfuil an Chartlann Náisiúnta in ann freastal ar a riachtanais athraitheacha ar bhealach inbhuanaithe agus a sheasfaidh an aimsir'

An tAire Turasoireachta, Cultúir, Ealaíon, Gaeltachta, Spóirt agus Meán ag an tráth sin, Catherine Martin.

Tá ár dtaiscailán lán ó bhí 2013 ann. Tá an farasbarr i stórál trachtála lasmúigh den láthair. Chun an costas seo a laghdú, glacaimid le níos lu ná leath den aistriú bliantúil de thairfid 30 bliain d'aois agus go príomha tairfid a bhfuil spéis pobail ar leith acu, amhail doiciméid a bhaineann le cinnt rialtais agus nithé Angla-Eireannacha 20 bliain d'aois. Is ionann an iontógáil seo agus tuairim is 5,000 bosca as 12,000 bosca gach bliain, rud a fhágann riaráiste i ranna a mhéadaiónn bliain i ndiaidh bliana freisin. Beimid in ann riaráist a aithníonn comhlachtaí agus Ranna Rialtais faoi láthair a aistriú go dtí an Chartlann Náisiúnta a bhfuil leis an taiscailán cartlainne nua sin.

Anuraidh, bhí dul chun cinn maidir leis an bpróiseas chun taiscailán dhigitheach a fhorbairt ionas go mbeimid in ann na milliúin tairfead digiteghinte ó chomhlachtaí liostaithe agus Ranna Rialtais a aistriú. Tionscadal casta ar scála ollmhór a bheidh ann agus ní mór comhoibriú leis an Roinn Cateachais Phoiblí agus Athchóirithe agus Oifig an Phríomhoifigeigh Faisnéise chun é seo a sholáthar. Sula bhforbairtear bonneagar teicniúil chun aistriú tairfead digiteach a chumasú, tá géarghá le riachtanais láraithe um bainistocht tairfead lena chinntiú nach gcoinnítear ach tairfid dhigitheacha ar fíú a chaomhnú go buan ag ranna le haistriú go dtí an Chartlann Náisiúnta.

Gan seo, tá rósheilbh de na milliúin tairfead digiteach ar fud an rialtais. Tugann Alt 19 (3) den Acht um Chartlann Náisiúnta, 1986 achóimre ar phróiseas rialachán maidir le bainistocht straitéiseach tairfead a chumasú ar fud an rialtais. Is í an Roinn Cateachais Phoiblí agus Athchóirithe atá freagrach as seo, seachas an Chartlann Náisiúnta, áfach. Mholfaimis ceannaireacht i dtaca leis seo agus táimid réidh tacú leis an bpróiseas seo trí threoir a fhorbairt ar bhainistocht tairfead do Ranna Rialtais agus tá suil againn go dtacódh an Roinn Cateachais Phoiblí agus Athchóirithe leis seo.





**INSTRUMENT OF AGREEMENT**  
Between the  
INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE REPUBLIC  
and the  
INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE REPUBLIC

1. This Instrument of Agreement is made between the Insurance Company of the Republic and the Insurance Company of the Republic on the one hand and the Insurance Company of the Republic on the other hand.

2. The Insurance Company of the Republic hereby agrees to provide the Insurance Company of the Republic with the services set out in Schedule 1 to this Instrument of Agreement.

3. The Insurance Company of the Republic hereby agrees to provide the Insurance Company of the Republic with the services set out in Schedule 2 to this Instrument of Agreement.

4. This Instrument of Agreement shall be deemed to have been made on the day and at the place set out in Schedule 3 to this Instrument of Agreement.

5. This Instrument of Agreement shall be deemed to have been made on the day and at the place set out in Schedule 4 to this Instrument of Agreement.

'Cinntíonn sé go gcaomhnaitéar tairfid a thacaíonn le tuiscint ar fhéiniúlachtaí daoine agus ar na córais institiúide a raibh tionchar acu ar a saol féin ionas go mbeidh daoine in ann teacht orthu amach anseo'

An tAire Leanaí, Michumais, Comhionannais, Lánpháirtíochta agus Oige ag an tráth sin, Roderic O'Gorman.

I mí Dheireadh Fómhair 2024, thug an tAire Leanaí, Michumais, Comhionannais, Lánpháirtíochta agus Oige ag an tráth sin, Roderic O'Gorman, reachtataocht nua isteach, an Acht um Chosaint Mháithreachais, Comhionannais Fostaitochta agus Caomhnú Tairfid Airithe. Tá sé mar aidhm ag an reachtataocht seo tairfid riaracháin atá á gcoinnéil go príobháideach agus tairfid stairiúla eile a bhaineann le hinstitiúidí eagsúla a chaomhnú. Airítear sa reachtataocht seo tairfid a bhaineann le Neachtanna Maigdiéanacha, Arais Máithreacha agus Nafonán agus institiúidí amhail títhe contae, scoileanna saothair, dílleachtanna, gníomhaireachtaí uchtaithe agus sócrúithe cónaithe, chomh maith leis na comhlachtaí a bhí i mbun na n-institiúidí agus na sócrúithe sócrúcháin seo nó a rinne maóirseacht orthu. Is coir í do shealbhoírí tairfid ábhartha iad a scríosadh, a mhílleadh, a fháil, gan iad a choinneáil nó iad a easpórtáil ón Stát.

Ceadatáil Cuid 3 den Acht don Stúirtóir dul i

dteagmháil le sealbhoírí príobháideacha féideartha agus iarradh ar ráiteas na dtairfid ábhartha atá acu. 'Cinntíonn sé go gcaomhnaitéar tairfid a thacaíonn le tuiscint ar fhéiniúlachtaí daoine agus ar na córais institiúide a raibh tionchar acu ar a saol féin ionas go mbeidh daoine in ann teacht orthu amach anseo, a dúirt an tAire. Ní bhaineann na bearta sin le marthanóirí nó leo siúd a ndeachthas i gcion orthu nó ar a dtairfid acu maidir leo féin agus lena n-éispéiris institiúide féin.

Rinneamar neart oibre maidir leis na tairfid atá againn atá ábhartha don Ionad a rangú arís chun rochtain níos éifeachtúla a chur ar fáil. Leanamar ar aghaidh ag obair le Ranna Rialtais ag a raibh tairfid ábhartha don Ionad. Tá drogall tairfid a aisriú go dtí an Chartlann Náisiúnta go fóill, mar gheall ar inné faoi chosaint sonraí. Chuireamar tús lenár n-obair for-rochtana freisin le sraith seisiún faisnéise ar fud na tíre le marthanóirí agus leo siúd a ndeachthas i gcion orthu, mar aon le comhghleacaithe Oifig um Thacú le Marthanóirí, an Músaem Náisiúnta, Oifig na nOibreacha Poiblí agus an Roimn Leanaí, Michumais, Comhionannais, Lánpháirtíochta agus Oige (RLCMLQ). Ba rithábhachtach bualadh le marthanóirí agus leo siúd a ndeachthas i gcion orthu agus éisteacht lena sceálta pearsanta agus lena n-éispéiris phearsanta. Leanfaimid leis an obair seo in 2025.

Agus ar deireadh, cuirfeadh tús le hathfhorbairt caipitil ar dtuaisclaíne cartlainne in 2024. Cuirfeadh tús leis an tionscadal sin ar fiú na milliúin euro ar an láthair i mí Bealtaine 2024. Athróidh an tionscadal uailmhianach seo an Chartlann Náisiúnta go taisclaí nua-aimseartha, úrscóthach, sábháilte agus faoi rialú timpeallachta a chomhlíonann caighdeáin stórála cartlainne a ghlahtar go hidirnáisiúnta, a chuirfidh lenár gcumas stórála iomlán faoi dhá thrian. 'Is tionscadal suntasach é seo agus cinnteoidh sé go bhfuil an Chartlann Náisiúnta in ann freastal ar a riachtanais athraitheacha ar bhealach inbhuanaithe agus a sheastaidh an aimsir, a dúirt an tAire Turasoireachta, Cultúir, Ealaíon, Gaeltachta, Spóirt agus Meán ag an tráth sin, Catherine Martin.

Stúirthóir na Cartlainne Náisiúnta, Orlaith McBride, agus an t-Iar-Aire Turasóireachta, Cultúir, Ealaíon, na Gaeltachta, Spóirt agus na Meán, Catherine Martin, ag feachaint ar rogha tairlead atá ar taispeáint inár dtaispeántas 'An tSochaí & an Stát - Éire Trína Thairfid' i gCaisleán Bhaile Atha Cliath



Suíomh coinsiasa agus leacht cuimhneacháin a bheidh san Ionad chun ómós a thabhairt dóibh síúd a bhí ina gcónaí sna hArais Míthreacha agus Natonán, scoileanna saothair, scoileanna ceartúcháin, Neachtanna Maighdilíneacha agus institiúidí gaolmhara. Beidh an tIonad suite ar shuíomh iar-Neachtann Mhaighdilíana ar Shráid Sheáin Mhíic Dhíarmada i lár Chathair Bhaile Atha Cliath agus a chuimseoidh:

- Ionad taighde agus taisclann tairlead a bhaineann le tráma institiúide sa 20ú haois a bheidh mar chuid den Chartlann Náisiúnta
- Spás músaem agus taispeántais, beidh Ard-Mhúsaem na hÉireann i gceannas ar an bhforbairt seo.
- Ait machnaimh agus cuimhneacháin

tairfid faoi raon feidhme le hinstitiúidí cónaithe lena n-áirítear títhe contae, Araís Míthreacha agus Natonán, scoileanna saothair, dilleachtlanna agus Neachtanna Mhaighdilíana, chomh maith le húdaráis áitúla, cumainn uchtaithe agus tairfid ó fhiosrúcháin offigiúla agus ó Choimisiún Imscrúdúcháin.

Aireofar le cartlann an Ionad tairfid stairiúla ó Ranna Rialtais agus tairfid atá á gcoinneáil ag comhlachtaí amháil Udarás Uchtála na hÉireann, an Ghníomhairacht um Leanai agus an Teaghlach (Tusla) agus Feidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte (FSS) faoi láthair toisc go mbaineann siad le tráma institiúide.

Tá maoirseacht á deanamh ar Fhorbairt an Ionaid ag Grúpa Stúirthe ag a bhfuil roinnt foghrúpaí, lena n-áirítear Foghrúpa Cartlainne na Cartlainne Náisiúnta agus Foghrúpa Dlí agus Reachtálochta, a phléann saincheisteanna beartais agus dlí maidir le haistriú agus rochtain ar na tairfid sin.

Cuirtear tús leis an Acht um Chartlann Náisiúnta, 1986 a athbhreithniú i gcomhthéacs forbairt a bhfuiltear ag súil leo san Ionad, mar chuid d'obair an Fhoghrúpa Dlí agus Reachtálochta. Tá gá leis an Acht a athbhreithniú agus Reachtálochta. Tá gá leis an Acht a athbhreithniú le blianta annas agus tá súil agam go gcuirfidh obair an Fhoghrúpa Dlí agus Reachtálochta leis na leasuithe seanbhunaithe atá ag teastáil ionas go mbeidh an Chartlann Náisiúnta in ann a hobléagáidí a chomhlíonadh maidir le cartlann nua a reáchtáil mar chuid den Ionad Náisiúnta agus a feidhmeanna reachtúla a bhaint amach freisin.

# Brollíach an Stiúrthóra



Bhí muintir Saorstát nua na hÉireann ina sui sa bhaile ar fud na 26 chontae réidh lena bhfoirmeacha daonáirimh a líonadh isteach oíche an 18 Aibreán 1926. Cor cinniúnach a bhí ann don rialtas nua agus do mhuintir na hÉireann. Ba é seo an chéad daonáireamh do Shaorstát na hÉireann agus thug sé léargas don rialtas ar Éirinn agus a muintir. Bhí an rialtas in ann tús a chur le pleanáil dá shaoránaigh sna blianta a bhí amach rompu a bhí leis an eolas seo ar an daonra.

Meastar gurb íad na hinstitiúidí difriúla a bhíodh ann in 1926 ar cheann de na gnéithe is suntasaí de Dhaonáireamh 1926 a d'fhoghlaimiomar agus na tuairiscéin a bpróiseáil againn. Ó phríosúin go scoilleana saothair, ó Arais Maitheoireachta agus Naíonán go neachtlanma, táimid in ann leanal agus daoine fása a bhí ina gcónaí sna hinstitiúidí seo in 1926 a rianú de bharr an daonáirimh seo. Murab ionann is daonáirimh roimhe seo, áirítear ainmneacha agus sonraí na n-áititheoirí sna tuairiscéin seo. Tacóidh sé seo go mór lenár gcuid oibre maidir leis na tairfid seo a ullmhú don Ionad Náisiúnta Taighde agus Cuimhniúcháin (NCR).

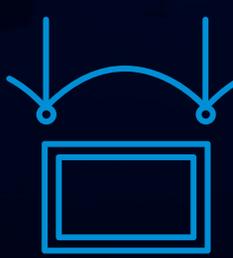
100 bliain ina dhiaidh sin, tá an Chartlann Náisiúnta tar éis tús a chur leis an bpróiseas a bhaineann leis na tuairiscéin daonáirimh seo a eisúint i mí Aibreán 2026. Bhí an tionscadal seo ag dul ó neart go neart in 2024 go háirithe. Den chéad uair, is í an Chartlann Náisiúnta a bhainisteoidh gach gné den tionscadal seo go himmhéanach, murab ionann is daonáirimh eile. I mí Aibreán 2026, beidh rochtain ar Dhaonáireamh 1926 trí shuíomh gréasáin Chartlann Náisiúnta na hÉireann trí ardán ar líne so-úsáidte a fhorbrófar ionas go mbeidh an daonáireamh seo leis na tuairiscéin daonáirimh 1901 agus 1911. Ba é scála ollmhór an tionscadail seo an chloch is mó ar ár bpaidrín in 2024 agus leanfar cúrsaí de bheith amhlaidh go dtí dáta an tseolta.

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# 2024 i bhfigiúirí

61,000



Cuairteoir chug ár dtaispeántas 'An tSochaí & an Stát - Éire Trína Tairfid' i gCaisleán Bhaile Átha Cliath

12,000



Comhad arna n-aistriú ó Ranna Rialtais

5,613



Bhain 5,613 taighdeoir úsáid as an Seomra Léitheoireachta agus chuaigh siad i gcomhairle le 21,964 tairfead cartlainne

26,191



Cuiradh 26,191 cur síos ar thairfid aonair leis an gcatalóg ar líne, rud a chuir ar chumas daoine níos mó dár mballiúcháin shábhre a iniúchadh ón mbaille.

Na 5 thír thionscnaimh is fearr do chuairteoirí ar ár suíomh Gréasáin: an Astráil agus Ceanada



3.8M



Lion iomlán na gcuairteoirí ar [www.nationalarchives.ie](http://www.nationalarchives.ie) lena n-áirítear 356.81 cuairteoir nua



# Tarascaíl an Stiúrthóra 2024

An Chartann Náisiúnta  
National Archives

